

GAS CO. WON'T SELL GAS
TO OUTSIDE CONCERNLetter Giving the Reasons Why—
Will Sell Direct to City—Other
Matters Acted Upon

In a letter written to the municipal council this morning the officials of the Lowell Gas Light Co. emphatically state that they will not under any consideration sell gas to the Public Service Lighting Co., but on the other hand they offer to sell direct to the city gas at 72 cents per thousand cubic feet. The letter was read at the meeting and after a little discussion was placed on file.

The council took action on the recommendation of the waterways commission in reference to the fencing of waterways in the city. Three jurors were drawn for the superior court to be held at Cambridge on the first Monday in June. It was voted to rent to Thomas Varnum the land seized by the city for a contagious hospital site for this year, the rental fee being \$100. Other routine business was transacted.

Mayor O'Donnell opened the meeting at 10 o'clock. Commissioners Morse and Duncan being absent. A few minutes later, however, the two absentees made their appearance.

Hearings Given

Hearings were given on the petitions of George Gaudette for a garage at 31 South Loring street, and James B. Casey for a garage at 603 Chelmsford street, and inasmuch as there were no remonstrants the petitions were referred.

The following three names were drawn to act as jurors at the superior court: Continued to page three

SUPERIOR COURT SESSION

Harry Howe Case vs. Detective
Agency on Trial—Judge Hamilton Grants Divorces

The case of Harry W. J. Howe against the William J. Burns International Detective Agency, Inc., was begun in the jury session of the superior court, Judge Bell presiding, shortly before the noon hour today, and the following jury was empaneled: Edgar W. Metcalf, Winchester, clerk; foreman; Thomas S. Bateson, Billerica, clerk; Theodore H. Clark, Ayer, clerk; John R. Fair, Natick, shoe worker; Herbert B. Hosmer, Billerica, farmer; Benjamin E. Lawrence, Tyngsboro, farmer; Herbert E. Moore, Natick, motorman; Frank Moulton, Reading, laborer; Arnold C. Peckham, Chelmsford, meat inspector; Holcombe E. Runkle, Reading, clerk; Joseph R. Smith, Townsend, painter; Appleton H. Torrey, Groton, merchant.

Patrick H. Brosnan, a liquor dealer of this city, was called and challenged by the defense.

James Stewart Murphy was counsel for the plaintiff and John P. Turner of Boston for the defense. The plaintiff claims that the Burns detective agency owes him the sum of \$5750 for 575 days' services at \$10 per day. He says that his work began on April 13, 1914, said work to be any kind or variety of detective work, in any place and at all times, and he claims to have continued his service from said date until the present time. The defendant in answer says that plaintiff was in its employ for nine days for which he was paid in full at the rate of \$10 per day.

Any State Case

The case of Anna G. Shipley vs. the Bay State Street Railway company, was resumed in the jury session of the superior court this forenoon and Judge Bell made the charge to the jury before the noon adjournment.

Harold A. Varnum and Richard Brook Walsh for the plaintiff and Trull & Wier for the defendant. Mrs. Shipley seeks to recover for personal injuries sustained Sept. 12, 1913, while she was boarding a car in Central Square in Lynn. Mrs. Shipley is a resident of Tyngsboro.

Divorces Granted

In the jury waived session of superior court this morning before Judge Hamilton a number of divorces were granted local libellants. The session opened promptly at 10 o'clock. All the cases were non-contested.

The first case called was that of Hattie A. Hurd vs. Delmare G. Hurd. Mrs. Hurd brought suit for divorce on the ground of desertion. The case resulted in favor of Mrs. Hurd who was allowed the custody of her two children.

Hattie O'Brien was granted a divorce and given the right to resume her maiden name in her suit against

PINDER HEARING PUT OFF

COUNSEL ON BOTH SIDES ABSENT—
NO DATE FIXED FOR RESUMPTION

The hearing in review of Mayor O'Donnell's finding in the John J. Pinder case which was scheduled to be held this afternoon in the lower police court before Judge Enright was postponed. No date has been set for the resumption of the hearing. Today's postponement was caused by the absence of counsel on both sides.

EXTERMINATE BANDITS

CARRANZA ORDERS 30,000 TROOPS INTO REGION SOUTH OF BORDER

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Carranza government has ordered 30,000 troops into the region south of the border to exterminate bandits, according to information received today at the state department. General Obregon's original orders, issued after his conference at El Paso with Generals Scott and Funston, assigned 10,000 men to Gen. Trevino to thoroughly police the territory south of the American expedition. The new troops movements are already in progress through Chihuahua, the department's advices state.

The columns are routed north via Saltillo, for the most part as the railway strike has interfered with the movement of troop trains over other lines.

"COMMUNITY CONFERENCE"

DURHAM, N. H., May 23.—A three days' "community conference" arranged for the purpose of discussing the welfare of rural communities was opened at New Hampshire college today. Among the topics to be treated in addresses by prominent men and women are the share of the school and the church in community betterment, farming efficiency, means of assuring pure milk and pure water supplies, moral problems and the need of unifying the forces of the community.

Speakers on the program for today's session included Prof. G. C. Smith of New Hampshire college, Miss Castine Swanson of Boston and Fred B. Freeman, secretary of the county world department of the International committee of the Young Men's Christian association.

FARRELL & CONATON
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND
WATER FITTERS
243 Dutton Street Tel. 1513

Automatic Screw Machine Operators

Davis and Furber Machine Co., North Andover, Mass., has a permanent position for two experienced operators on National Acme four spindle screw machines. Apply by letter or in person.

Completeness of Stocks Is a Cardinal Point in Our Store Policy.

We MUST have what you want when you want it. How often have you heard this—elsewhere?

"I'm very sorry, madame, but we are all out of it at present."

It is mighty seldom that we are out of anything, for we have long realized that a single disappointment off sets fifty occasions when a customer's needs are satisfied.

Wherefore we ask you as a favor to acquaint the floor superintendent with the fact, if we are ever "out of" anything you need.

GREAT REJOICING IN
PARIS OVER VICTORIES

Further Successes for French—Recapture Greater Part of Fort Douaumont—Teutons Driven From Positions Along Entire Front—Gas and Flame Attacks by Germans Fail—Berlin Denies Paris Reports

The drastic surprise sprung by the French yesterday in attacking the Germans northwest of Verdun and penetrating Fort Douaumont has been successfully followed up by Gen. Nivelle's forces. The Germans have now been driven from all but a small angle in the northeastern corner of the fort, this afternoon's bulletin from Paris claims.

Gas and Flame Attacks

On the other side of the Meuse the battle has been characterized by the past day or two but no ground has changed hands as a result, the French official statement asserts.

Gas and flame attacks were made by the Germans near Hill 304, one of the dominating heights in this region, but they were driven at once from the only French trench which they succeeded in penetrating.

Austrians Gain Ground

The latest official bulletins on the fighting along the Austro-Italian front indicate that the Austrians are continuing to gain ground in their drive in the southern Tyrol.

The current Austrian report claims important successes on the Lavarone plateau, to the east of the Astico valley. The official statement from Rome, while recording the repulse of Austrian attacks in other sectors, is silent as to the result of the fighting in the Lavarone region.

Berlin Denies French Claims

The French claim to the possession of the greater part of Fort Douaumont is disputed by Berlin, which declares that the fort is still in German hands. The German war office, however, admits that Gen. Nivelle's

recapture of a position to the north of the Thiamaunt farm.

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Continued to page three

WAITE MURDER TRIAL

Slayer Sat With Bowed Head as
Doctors Tell of Finding Arsenic
in Peck's Body

NEW YORK, May 23.—The state continued to offer medical testimony today as the foundation of its case against Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, charged with murdering his father-in-law, John E. Peck of Grand Rapids, Mich. Mr. Peck was reputed to be a millionaire and the theory of the prosecution is that the defendant committed murder so that he might fall heir to the Peck fortune.

Dr. Albertus A. Moore, the physician who attended Mr. Peck before his death at the Waite apartments in New York had not finished his testimony under cross examination when the first session of the trial adjourned yesterday.

Upon direct examination he had declared that Dr. Waite admitted that he had purchased arsenic for his aged father-in-law for the reason that the old gentleman did not want to live.

Other medical witnesses, summoned by the prosecution today were Dr. Perry Schurtz of Grand Rapids, the Peck family physician; Dr. Otto H. Schultz county medical examiner who was sent to Grand Rapids to investigate the case and Dr. Victor Vaughn, pathologist of the University of Michigan.

The defense has announced that it will call one or more alienists and indications are that Waite's attorneys will try to prove that when he committed the crime he had several times confessed, he was insane.

Dr. Vaughn First Witness

Dr. Victor C. Vaughn, dean of the medical department of the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, who made an analysis of the organs of Mr. Peck, was the first witness today. He described in minute detail the effects of the arsenic poisoning on Peck.

Mrs. Dorothy Van Palmenberg, former intimate friend of Mrs. Margaret Horton, with whom Waite shared a "studio" apartment, arrived shortly before court convened. It was expected she would be a witness for the state. Mrs. Horton also may go on the stand today.

Mrs. Clara Louise Peck Waite, wife of the prisoner, was not in court but it was said she would probably be called to the stand tomorrow to testify against her husband.

Percy Peck, son of John E. Peck, his wife, and Miss Catherine Peck, the aged aunt from whom Waite is alleged to have obtained more than \$10,000 for purpose of "investment" were in court today as were Warren Waite and Frank Waite, respectively father and brother of the prisoner.

Dr. Waite sat with bowed head and his gaze directed at the floor while Dr. Vaughn was testifying. His palor betrayed his nervous tension when glass jars containing the organs of John E. Peck's body were placed on the table in the court room.

Dr. Vaughn swore he found two and a half grains of arsenic in Mr. Peck's stomach and amounts of it too small to weigh in other organs. He described the effect of the poisons upon the body.

Dr. Stanley R. Benedict, professor of chemistry at the Cornell medical school corroborated the testimony of Dr. Vaughn as to the presence of arsenic in Mr. Peck's body.

Dr. Benedict added that in examining a part of the brain of the dead man he found an unmistakable trace of chloroform. Later he examined the embalming fluid used on Mr. Peck's body but found no trace of chloroform or of arsenic, Waite, according to the district attorney, paid \$9000 to the Peck undertaker to swear that the embalming fluid contained arsenic.

THE PORTO RICAN BILL

HOUSE STRIKES OUT AMENDMENT TO GRANT WOMAN SUFFRAGE—BILL TIEN PASSED

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The house struck from the Porto Rican bill today by a vote of 30 to 39 an amendment designed to grant woman suffrage to the island. The bill then passed without a roll call, virtually as introduced.

GAMES POSTPONED

Eastern at Bridgeport: New London-Bridgeport game postponed, rain.

American at Philadelphia: Cleveland-Philadelphia game postponed, wet grounds.

Eastern at Hartford: New Haven-Hartford game postponed, wet grounds.

American at New York: St. Louis-New York game postponed, rain.

Eastern at Worcester: Springfield-Worcester game postponed, rain.

American at Boston: Detroit-Boston game postponed, wet grounds.

Eastern at Lawrence: Portland-Lawrence game postponed, rain.

GERMAN CASUALTIES

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, May 23, via London.—Confirmation of reports that the German casualty lists are so far in arrears that their total as issued from time to time is in no wise representative, is declared now to have been supplied. It is now known that the names of German taken prisoner and left dead in the trenches at the battle of Loos in September last have only just been published as among the German missing.

PREVENT SCHOOL FIRES

Gov. McCall Urges Enactment of Law—Also Recommends Commission to Help Boston L

POSITION, May 23.—In a special message to the legislature today, Gov. McCall said the session should not adjourn without the enactment of a law to prevent a recurrence of school house fires such as that in which a score of children lost their lives at Peabody on Oct. 25, last. His message, he stated, was prompted by the action of the house in referring to the next legislature a bill to this effect.

In another special message to the legislature Gov. McCall recommended the appointment of a commission to consider whether the state should take any action toward enabling the Boston Elevated Railway company, "to obtain a net revenue adequate for its corporate and public purposes."

The governor said he had received a letter from the company stating that at present it was unable to ob-

tain capital to complete and equip tunnel and rapid transit lines now under construction. The commission, recommended by the executive, would consist of the public service commission, the Boston transit commission and five other persons. It would report to the next legislature.

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RIVER HEARING HELD
TODAY AT WASHINGTONCong. Rogers Led Hearing on an
Appeal From Craighill's Report
—Mr. Marden's Address

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23.—A hearing was given this morning to men from Lowell, Lawrence, Haverhill, Newburyport and Amesbury on an appeal from the adverse report of Lieut.-Col. W. E. Craighill concerning the project for a ship channel in the Merrimack river from Lowell to the sea.

The hearing was held before the board of appeal of the engineers corps of the United States army. The representatives of each city presented separate appeals and arguments were made also by Hon. William S. McNary, chairman of the harbors and lands commission of Massachusetts and Engineer William Williams of that same commission as well as by Congressmen Rogers, Phelan and Gardner.

While the Massachusetts men objected strenuously to Col. Craighill's adverse report as not justified, the request was made that the additional report of Col. W. E. Abbot, district engineer, through whom Col. Craighill reported, be considered. Col. Abbot suggested that the federal government might have a proportionate interest in the Merrimack river project without agreeing to undertake the entire cost.

If his suggestion is acted upon favorably Col. Craighill's report will be returned to him for further consideration as to the actual percentage of the entire cost which could properly be spent by the federal government.

Congressman Rogers conducted the

hearing and made the principal plea. He said the project warranted federal aid and he believed the estimated cost too high and that by eliminating the item for connecting the channel with the pool above Lowell, one half the cost could be saved. He said the Merrimack valley had annual commerce of five million tons of which 1,500,000 is coal. If the channel were deepened and coal reached the valley cities by water the cost would be 50 cents a ton less and if only one half the coal came by water the government would save \$100,000 annually. He referred to the good faith shown by the state in appropriating one million dollars and predicted more appropriations when needed. He expressed the belief that the federal government should pay a fair proportion of the cost and believed lumber, cotton, wool, cement and other commodities would be brought cheaper by water to Lowell and that the channel should be such that Lowell's finished products could start down the Merrimack to the markets of the world. He quoted Col. Craighill, saying the proposed improvements were worth ten million to the valley cities, and cited Craighill's statement to show the value of the proposed work as worthy of federal assistance.

Robert F. Marden

Mr. Robert F. Marden, president of the board of trade, spoke in part as follows:

For a number of years the residents

Continued to page four

COST OF THE WAR SHOT TO DEATH

\$11,910,000,000 is the
Grand Total Raised
by Great Britain

LONDON, May 23.—In moving the vote of credit for £200,000,000 as had been forecast in the house of commons today Premier Asquith commented that this was the 11th vote since the beginning of the war and the second for the current financial year. The total granted this year, he added, was therefore £600,000,000, making a grand total of £2,382,000,000.

FOUR VESSELS SUNK

GREEK, BRITISH, ITALIAN AND
NORWEGIAN SHIP LATEST VICTIMS

LONDON, May 23.—Lloyds Shipping Agency today reported the sinking of three ships, a Greek and a British steamer and an Italian sailing vessel.

The Greek steamship Adamantos Korais, of 2477 tons gross, was sunk by the Austrians in the Mediterranean. The crew was saved.

The Italian sailing vessel Fabrice-F., was sunk in the Mediterranean.

The British steamship Rhensae, of 255 tons gross was sunk by a mine. Seven of her crew were killed.

NORWEGIAN STEAMER SUNK

PARIS, May 23.—The Norwegian steamer Tjome has been sunk near Iceland by a German submarine, according to a Havas despatch today from Palma on that island. The crew of 17 men was saved.

CONSIDER SUBMARINE WARFARE

LONDON, May 23.—The central board of the German national liberal party held a meeting in Berlin on Sunday to consider the question of submarine warfare. A Central New despatch from Amsterdam says the board adopted a resolution referring to "the great value of submarine warfare against England's supremacy on the sea" and called upon the national liberal party in the reichstag to urge unlimited use of the submarine weapon in the event that the United States does not "yield the conditions set forth in the latest German note." The party was pledged as one man, the despatch says, to stand firmly behind the government which strives for the fulfillment of these conditions.

SIDE CAR STRUCK AUTO

While coming out of Thayer court in Nashua Sunday a motorcycle with a side-car driven by Stanislas Fortin of Manchester collided with an automobile, which is said to belong to a Lowell man. The driver of the motorcycle and two men who were riding in the side-car were killed, but fortunately uninjured. The left rear tire of the automobile went flat.

MIDDLESEX

CO-OPERATIVE BANK

Rate of Interest Paid Past 4 3/4 Per Cent Year

Sale of shares in new series closes Friday, May 26. Money to loan at 3 per cent. on bottom mortgages Real Estate.

For further information apply at Office of the Bank 88-89 Central Bk.

SHIELD YOURSELF AGAINST THE HOT SUMMER DAYS

Much protection lies in the electric flatiron.

It needs no outside factor for its heat.

It can be used in any cool room.

Lowell Electric Light Corp.,
29-31 Market Street
Tel. 521.

Insure Good Health-Drink
Poland Water
FOR SALE BY LOCAL DEALERS

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM

QUESTION AS TO WHETHER BILL DEPRIVES POLICEMEN AND FIREMEN OF PROTECTION

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, May 23.—Does the civil service reform bill, now pending in the legislature, take away from the civil service protection from policemen and firemen, and if the bill passes, may appointments to the fire and police departments be made without regard to the civil service rules and regulations?

These two questions just now are vexing the legal minds of the legislature, and some of the best lawyers who have looked into the matter, including some of those who drafted the bill, declare that both questions must be answered in the affirmative.

In its original form the bill clearly had no such effect, but the whole trouble has arisen because a small array of policemen and firemen descended upon the legislature last Thursday, when the house was considering the bill, and by sheer force of numbers compelled the insertion of an amendment, which reads as follows:

"Nothing in this act shall apply to policemen and firemen."

What they desired, of course, was to be exempted from the provision of the bill which authorizes the civil service commission to make "follow-up" tests, to determine whether an employee continues efficient after obtaining his position, and as a result of which the commission may recommend to the appointing power that an employee be discharged.

But in the opinion of the lawyers referred to, they have gone much further than they intended, and may have cut away the very protection which they desire to retain unimpaired.

For example, the bill directs the civil service commission forthwith to prepare and submit to the governor and council a revision of the civil service rules. As the bill provides that no rule, regulation or order shall apply to policemen and firemen, manifestly they must be eliminated from such revision.

While some contend that the existing rules would continue in effect, so far as policemen and firemen are concerned, they apparently overlook a further provision of the bill, in section four, "the rules as revised, shall supersede all then existing rules."

Inasmuch as the present rules are to become null and void as soon as the new ones are approved, and as there can be nothing in the new rules concerning policemen and firemen, those who have studied the situation insist that the bill must be changed in the senate in order to prevent a complete removal of the civil service protection from the public servants referred to.

ROYALIST HIT BY AUTO

Leonard Greenhalge of 105 Fulton street was seriously injured last evening while riding his bicycle in Bridge street. He was struck by an automobile owned and operated by Charles E. Seede, a teacher at the high school, living at 88 Washington street. Greenhalge was riding down Sixth street and was passing the intersection of Sixth and Bridge streets when the automobile was passing in the direction of Dracut Centre. Greenhalge attempted to pass in front of the machine and was struck, being thrown forcibly and was thrown to the pavement. The young man was taken to his home in Mr. Seede's automobile. The bicycle was demolished.

DEAD MAN AT AUTO WRECK

PORTLAND, Me., May 23.—J. W. Hickey, aged 58, a taxi estate agent, died last evening after a long illness. He was struck by an automobile while riding his bicycle in Bridge street. He was taken to his home in Mr. Seede's automobile. The bicycle was demolished.

What to Do to Get Fat and Increase Weight

The Real Cause of Thinness

Most people eat from four to six pounds of good food fat-making food every day and still do not increase in weight one ounce, while on the other hand many of the plump, chunky fellows eat very lightly and keep gaining all the time. It's all a matter of the nature of the food. If you eat the right kind of food, you will get fat and increase weight. The food that you eat should be of the right kind, and it should be of the right quantity. If you eat the right kind of food, you will get fat and increase weight. The food that you eat should be of the right kind, and it should be of the right quantity.

TALBOT'S CHEMICAL STORE

- Sponges, ea. 20c to \$1.25
- Rat Corn.....15c
- Bed Bug Killer, pt.....20c
- Fumigators.....25c
- Sulphur Candles.....10c
- Cedar Lavender.....25c
- Furniture Polish, 1/2 pt.....25c
- Sani Flush.....25c
- Baking Powder, 2 lbs.....68c
- Pure Alcohol, pt.....45c
- Pure Borax, lb.....12c
- Toilet Water, 8 oz.....35c

40 MIDDLE STREET

Curtain Accessories
Brass rods, poles, sockets, vestibule brackets, rings, etc. Complete line at moderate prices.

The Bon Marche
DRY GOODS CO.

20,000 Rolls of Paper
Appropriate for kitchens, back halls and bed rooms; sold only with border.
7c Roll

Special Showing and Sale in Our
DRAPERY DEPT.
Second Floor
We are showing a most complete line of curtains of every description: Portieres, table covers, silkoline, cretonnes in domestic and foreign makes, bed sets, curtain muslin, serims, marquisettes, voiles, window shades, etc. A visit to this department will interest you. See window display.

Dutch Curtains—We carry the largest line of Dutch curtains in Lowell, white, cream and ecru...59c to \$5.00 Pr.

New Portieres—Entire new line of latest designs—bought at the old prices—red, green and brown.
\$1.49 to \$18.00 Pr.

Rag Rugs—Made in Lowell, guaranteed fast colors, the ideal rug for bath-room, chamber or bungalow, in pink, blue, green, brown and gray, also mixed colors, with border and fringe. All sizes.
75c to \$1.98

Couch Covers—In beautiful Oriental stripes, full width and lengths, with or without fringe. Special \$1.75 rugs at\$1.39
Others up to \$5.25

Domestic Madras—In white and ecru—36 and 40 inches wide.....25c Yd.

Scotch Madras—New line of imported madras in white and ecru, the ideal curtain material, plain or scalloped edge, extra wide.
39c to 75c Yd.

Curtain Scrim—Complete line in white cream and ecru, plain and bordered, also ecru rice cloth.
Price 12 1/2c to 35c Yd.

Silkoline—An endless variety to select from, in floral and Oriental designs—also plain colors. Best quality at
12 1/2c Yd.

Folding Card Tables—Covered with felt or imitation leather, round, brass corners. Prices \$1.75 to \$2.35

New Cretonnes—Large assortment, including the very latest novelties, in light and dark colors, large and small figures—both domestic and foreign makes.
12 1/2c to 75c Yd.

Folding Taborets—Nicely finished in plain oak and weathered oak, 25 and 28 inches high.....59c and 98c

Special Sale of New Spring
WALL PAPERS
A Few Words About Our New Wall Paper Department
Located on second floor, rear, with excellent daylight for display purposes—patterns are shown in a unique method—on a display fixture showing just as they would appear on the wall in your own home.
About Hanging Your Paper
We furnish you with expert paper hangers—and guarantee first-class work of all kinds. See our window display.

30 Inch Imitation Grass Cloth—Large assortment to select from, in light and dark colors at
49c, 69c, 98c, \$1.39

30 in. Foliage—And reproductions of silk damask, in all colors at
49c, 69c, 98c, \$1.39

Floral Stripes—And all-over effects, suitable for chambers, sold with cut-out borders12 1/2c

30 in. Oatmeal—Plain and printed values up to 60c. Special at.....18c to 39c

Imitation Grass Cloth—Jasper stripes and fabric effects, suitable for living room and dining room...24c, 39c, 59c

Varnished Gold Papers—with 18 inch border to match, large variety of colors, in large and small figures, sold only with border.
12 1/2c to 19c

Chambrays of All Kinds—Imitations of plain effects with beautiful cut-out borders to match.
12 1/2c to 35c Roll

WE CARRY A COMPLETE Line of Room Mouldings. REMEMBER WE FURNISH You With Paper Hangers. SPECIAL DISCOUNTS ON All New Houses.

HIS HAT IN RING

Roosevelt Formally Accepts Offer From G. O. P. Committee

OYSTER BAY, May 23.—Twenty-four republicans of prominence in various walks of life, some of them delegates to the republican national convention, and many who were vigorous supporters of Mr. Taft and against Roosevelt in the election of 1912, came to Oyster Bay yesterday afternoon in automobiles from New York and called upon Theodore Roosevelt to inform him, officially and formally, that a Roosevelt republican league had been organized to get him nominated and elected president of the United States.

Mr. Roosevelt listened to the formal statement of the purposes of the league and replied that he was deeply touched and pleased by the action of its members, and accepted it absolutely, because they regarded him as representing and embodying the aggressive movement for thorough-going Americanism and thorough-going preparedness.

Mr. Roosevelt in his speech of acceptance used words which were construed to be a direct attack upon Mr. Hughes and his reticence regarding the great issues of the campaign. He said:

"Any man at this time of crisis, who is not aggressively, openly and specifically for these principles, is against them, and every patriotic man should treat our public servants on this basis."

He also referred to President Wilson undoubtedly when he spoke of half measures of Americanism and preparedness and of a man of words and not of deeds.

He left no doubt in the minds of the notification committee of his readiness to accept the republican nomination, enter the campaign and work with all his energy for election. He was far more explicit in stating his position than he has ever been in a public utterance since the presidential campaign began. He unreservedly accepted the nomination of the Roosevelt republican league to be their standard bearer and go for the republican nomination in Chicago.

There was no question of supporting some other candidate if such candidate should be for the principles of Americanism and preparedness, and should get the nomination at Chicago. It was Roosevelt and Roosevelt only yesterday. The address of the committee and Mr. Roosevelt's reply follow:

George von L. Meyer's Address
Mr. Meyer said:
"A committee of republicans has been formed to crystallize the demands among republican voters for the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt by the republican party for the presidency."

"We believe the sentiment for your nomination is widespread among the people in every state of the Union. The purpose of our committee is to organize this sentiment and make it effective, and at the same time to aid

Preparedness

To combat disease, to meet any emergency—that's the meaning of the word to the individual. Why wait?

If you allow health to fail and the vitality to become low, it is a long tedious job to rebuild the constitution up to its normal standard after disease or overwork has sapped your strength and wasted the tissues. Be prepared! Be sure the family medicine chest contains

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

Then you'll have for sudden illness or indispositions, day or night an absolutely pure tonic. A tablespoonful in water or milk, before meals and after retiring promotes health. For by the tonic and stimulating effects of Duffy's on the little digestive glands along the mucous surfaces of the stomach, it assists that organ to obtain from the food all its nourishing properties, and to properly digest and assimilate the same. Thus the system is furnished with necessary strength and vigor to resist and offset disease and to re-establish a sound condition. Since the foundation of all "Preparedness" rests on individual health, it behooves you to

"Get Duffy's and Keep Well."

Sold in Sealed Bottles Only. Beware of Imitations.

NOTE: Get Duffy's from your local druggist, grocer or dealer. \$1.00 per bottle. If he cannot supply you, write us. Send for useful household booklet free.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

THE DUFFY MALT WHISKY CO. ROCHESTER, N. Y.

NEW KIND OF GRUB

DR. HOWARD OF WASHINGTON CALLS ATTENTION TO A NEW ARTICLE OF DIET

Special to The Sun
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21.—If you get hungry and the larder is empty, just go out into the garden and dig up some nice plump grubs and make a salad, soup or insect broth of some sort, and you will find it appetizing and nutritious. Is what Dr. Howard of the agricultural department told the Cosmos club audience a few nights ago.

Dr. Howard is chief of the department of entomology and was delivering a lecture before the Biological society when he advocated insects for a diet.

Dr. Howard suggested the use of these abundant but heretofore unappreciated article of diet as a new food supply in these times of high cost of living. It is only fair to say, however, that most of the audience didn't find themselves possessed of an appetite that demanded instant attention when the doctor advised them to dine with the fishes in eating bait. He said that not only had he tried the new food but that a half dozen of his co-workers—whom he named—had eaten grubs and found them good. Dr. Howard said that while grub salad with French dressing was "good" that soup was even better—but the audience seemed quite content to let the matter rest entirely on the doctor's word when he said "the prejudice against insects as a food is entirely unreasonable. I have found the food not only unobjectionable but very appetizing."

RICHARDS.

GET EIGHT HOUR DAY

SHOVELERS OF SPRINGFIELD ALSO AWARDED WAGE RATE OF 30 CENTS AN HOUR

SPRINGFIELD, May 23.—An eight-hour working day has been awarded the shovelers of this city by the state board of conciliation and arbitration in settlement of the controversy with contractors. It was announced today.

The employees also were granted a flat rate of 30 cents an hour. The award, according to union leaders was virtually in line with the demands of the shovelers which caused a four week strike recently. Provision for overtime payment was below the rate asked by the men.

SOUTH COLLEGE APPOINTMENTS
NORTHAMPTON, May 23.—The appointments of Richard Austin Rice, Jr., as professor of English and Dr. Joel E. Goldthwaite, as professor of hygiene and physical education, were announced by Smith college today. Dr. Rice takes the chair vacated by President McGracken of Yassar college.

ANOTHER CHILD DROWNED

FELL INTO MERRIMACK RIVER WHILE PLAYING ALONG THE BANK—BODY RECOVERED

Another drowning fatality occurred yesterday afternoon shortly before 5 o'clock when little Bolelaw Pagak of 57 West Third street lost his life in the Merrimack river while playing near the river bank off Front street, Centralville.

Undertaker Joseph Albert and the police were notified immediately and a half hour later the body was recovered by Octave Roy at a point near the scene of the accident. Sgt. Bart Ryan, Patrolmen Bagley, Cawley and Dan Lynch searched for the body in the police boat until it was recovered.

The little Pagak youngster, who was only six years old, was sailing miniature boats along the water's edge with other playmates; it is said, when he lost his balance and fell in. A man who was fishing in the immediate vicinity was attracted by the child's outcries and went to his assistance. The fishing pole was handed to the youngster, but he was too weak to grasp it and sank.

After recovery the body was removed to the rooms of Undertaker Joseph Albert and later to the home of the parents, Louis and Helen Pagak, in West Third street.

MURDERED MAN FOUND

BODY NEAR TRACKS A SHORT DISTANCE FROM BREWSTERS, NEW YORK

DANBURY, Conn., May 23.—The body of a man, believed to have been murdered, was found today beside the tracks of the Central New England railway a short distance from Brewsters, N. Y., about eight miles west of this city. A heavy strap, which the police say was apparently torn from the top of an automobile, was buckled around the dead man's throat and evidences were found that the body had been dragged to the edge of a bridge spanning the railroad and thrown to the track. Marks of automobile wheels were found near the bridge.

men and mules are somewhat alike!

"The dinner bell is a great antidote for stubbornness and laziness. It keeps the footsteps of all humanity"—says the Old Philosopher.

It's a pleasure to mow the lawn if you have a good lawn mower.

WE HAVE "MONEYBACK" MOWERS

\$2.75 to \$7.00

ERVIN E. SMITH CO., 43-49 Market St.

STARTED TEARING DOWN THE BUILDINGS ON MIDDLESEX AND KING STREETS TODAY

FOR SALE—THE LUMBER, WINDOWS, DOORS, FRAMES, BLINDS, PLUMBING, PLATE GLASS, STORE FRONTS, ETC.

Everything to Be Sold. Inquire for Foreman on Premises or E. Greenberg, 110 Hale St.

GREAT DOG SHOW

New England Event
at Vesper Club—Local
Entries

It is now certain that the great dog show to be held at the Vesper Country club on Thursday, June 8, under the auspices of the Ladies' Dog Club, will be the greatest event of the kind ever held in New England, and not only dog fanciers and dog lovers but those who follow all social events will be present in unprecedented numbers. Entries have come from Boston, Lynn, Lawrence, New Bedford, Fall River and all over the state, and some of the most famous breeds from the kennels of New York, Newport, Chicago and cities throughout the country will be represented.

The following members of the board of governors of the Ladies' Dog Club have written to Miss Rita Talbot, secretary, at the Vesper Club, Fall River, being present at the show: Mrs. Thos. H. Whittemore, Newton, Mass.; Mrs. Frank Falant, New York City; Mrs. E. H. Lincoln, Riverside, Conn.; Mrs. M. G. Thompson, Wakefield, Mass.; Miss Amy Lowell, Chestnut Hill; Mrs. E. H. Seagrave, Wakefield, Mass.; Mrs. Allen Preston, Auburndale, Mass.; Mrs. J. C. Proctor, New York; Mrs. J. C. Mallory, "Old Acres," Newport, R. I.; Miss Fanny Brooks, Readville, Mass.; Mrs. M. D. Little, Newton Highlands, Mass.; Mrs. Von Pfizenmayer, E. Hampton, N. Y., and many others.

Only a few days remain in which to make entries. Charles B. O'Connor, 35 Broomfield street, Boston, Mass., is acting manager of the show, and he will not consider any entries made later than May 25, though entries mailed on that day will be honored.

Lowell will be well represented among the dogs entered from this city. Many prize winners. Local exhibitors are especially strong in their entries of Boston terriers, French bulls and Scotch terriers, there being many fine specimens of these breeds here. Mr. John Davis has entered his Boston terrier, which is just over a year old, a handsome dark seal brindling in several classes. Mr. John Cooper enters a very promising puppy, eight months old. Mr. Will Bell has entered "Well Spoken," one of the old fashioned type, descended from the famous "Dazzler." Mr. St. Jacques and Mr. Sharkey have entered Boston dogs that have already figured in lists of prize winners.

Prominent among French bull dog owners are Miss Mary Russell of Westford street, Miss Made Adams of Middlesex street, Miss Louise Talbot, who is showing her well known prize winners Fanchon, T. and C. quiette. These dogs have been shown all over the country and have never been out of "the ribbons."

Mr. Leon Mullin, who has not been long in the dog game, has made quite a reputation with his Airedales. Though there is keen competition in the breed, he expects to hold his own with the many specimens from his kennels. Many beautiful white toy poodles will be entered, among them that of Mrs. Charles Little. Mr. Fred Humphries will enter his black Pomeranians, and Miss Bell Shattuck will enter her handsome "Teddy," whose coloring is very unusual.

The Misses Nesmith are showing a German police dog from the Palladium kennels, New York. This breed is at present very fashionable and is used by the German army. The dog is called "Toby," who is showing her very favorably with the famous Dreamworld dogs of Thomas W. Lawson which are entered for the Vesper show. Mr. Robert Thompson has entered "Monty," and there are many other entries of interest to this city. Entirely apart from the interest in the technical side of the show, all Lowell is talking about the great outdoor event which will attract the attention of the entire country to the Vesper club on June 8.

REJOICING IN PARIS

Continued

forces were successful in attacks along the central portions of the ground covered by their drive in this sector, but after that they were repulsed on the flanks by counter attacks.

Sharp Fighting

There has been sharp fighting in other sectors of the Verdun front, notably on the heights of the Meuse southeast of the fortress, where French attacks are declared by Berlin to have broken down for the most part after the German fire.

Four Vessels Sunk

Vessels sunk on the continuance of submarine operations or by mines include the Greek steamer Adamantia, the Italian steamer Rhenas, the Norwegian steamer Tjomo and the Italian sailing vessel Fabbricotti.

Second Vote of Credit of Year

Premier Asquith in the British house of commons moved the second vote of credit of the financial year asking £300,000,000 for the prosecution of the war. This sum will bring the total for the war up to £2,352,000,000.

RECAPTURE OF FORT DOUAUMONT CAUSES GREAT REJOICING IN PARIS

PARIS, May 23.—Recapture by the French, after three months of the greater part of Fort Douaumont which was taken by the Germans at the outset of their Verdun drive, is received with great elation by the press and the public, the more so on account of the effect it is expected to have on neutral opinion. General Nivelle, the French commander at Verdun, took advantage of the fact that the Germans recently have been concentrating all their attention on Dead Man hill, on the other side of the Meuse, and assembled a large amount of artillery for the attack on the Douaumont sector.

On Sunday Gen. Nivelle began a heavy artillery attack on Fort Douaumont and adjacent positions. The hour fixed for the infantry assault was 4.30 yesterday. When the moment came French infantry which had been carefully selected and trained began the advance, singing the "Marseillaise."

The German resistance at some points was stubborn. On the Froida Terre road and at Douaumont, the



We are crowded for room for our Summer Garments, and WEDNESDAY MORNING our first mark down sale will start with great reductions throughout the entire store.

200 SUITS at
\$13.75

In all colors, in clever new models, styles to fit any figure, in many belted effects, smart box effect for the miss and junior and many on the plain tailored effects for the more conservative dresser. Many suits in this lot sold formerly up to \$24.50. Beginning Wednesday a. m., for three days, choice. \$13.75

300 SUITS at \$18.00

Our reason for the sacrifice! We are unable to obtain more suits of these models. Sizes are broken, so we have decided to close the odd lots. They are unusually attractive in both model and material, each one designed for its particular use, in them you will find every new style feature, every new material, every new color and the workmanship is such as is seldom seen in garments so lowly priced. Many in this lot that sold formerly up to 30. \$18.00 Beginning Wednesday a. m., for three days, choice.

3000 WASH SKIRTS in stock for a selection, in all the wanted materials, Gabardine, P. K., Repp, Corded Poplin, Palm Beach, in plain and stripe, awning stripe, in all shades. 98c, \$1.50, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$5.00 GRADUATION DRESSES for the girl, junior and miss, the largest and most beautiful assortment we have ever been able to offer. In children's \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98 to \$10. In junior and misses', \$2.98, \$3.98, \$5.98 to \$20

OUR FASHION BASEMENT OFFERS MANY BARGAINS

SUITS, values up to \$15.00. Basement price.....\$10.98
COATS, values up to \$9.00. Basement price.....\$5.98
SERGE DRESSES, values up to \$8.50. Basement price \$5.00
SILK DRESSES, values up to \$9.00. Basement price \$5.98
LADIES' SWEATERS, values up to \$2. Basement price \$1.00
CHILD'S SWEATERS, values up to \$1.50. Basement price 50c
WASH SKIRTS, values up to \$1.50. Basement price 98c
RAINCOATS, values up to \$5.00. Basement price....\$2.98

CHERRY & WEBB
NEW YORK
CLOAK STORE
12-18 JOHN
STREET

350 Coats at
\$15.00

This sale affords a most excellent opportunity to select a coat for the cool mornings and evenings. While there is only one style of a kind in most models, yet the styles are so desirable that one is sure to be pleased. There is a good range of materials to select from and most of these coats are lined throughout, some are half lined with good quality peau de cygne and fancy silks. Many coats in this lot sold formerly up to \$30. For three days, choice. \$15.00

200 Silk Dresses at \$18.75

Dresses in this lot for street, afternoon and evening wear, quality, styles, material the very best, only the most desirable models, tulle, mostly and crepe de chine, handsomely trimmed, for all occasions. It's unquestionably the greatest silk dress sale that Lowell has known for many a day. Those who know what beautiful silk dresses we have shown this season will best appreciate what this sale means to them.

SECOND FLOOR

WAIST DEPT. 2nd Floor

Many Great Specials In Our Waist Dept.

At \$1.98—Jap Silk Waists, fine quality, ruffles, frills, pleated collars, sailor collars.
At \$2.98—Cape de chine, Georgettes, voiles, etc., in a wide assortment of tailored and ruffle effect, all colors, about 150 in the lot.
At \$3.98—200 in this lot, and every one a beauty, crepe de chine and Georgette crepe, also many styles in the new awning stripes.



French had to force back the German infantry inch by inch at the point of the bayonet. The leading French contingents reached Fort Douaumont at 6 o'clock. They killed the Germans who resisted and sent to the rear a large number of prisoners.

As soon as they recovered from their surprise the Germans launched a number of fierce counter attacks but all failed, and by 10 p. m. preparations had been completed to deal with the serious efforts the Germans are expected to make to recapture the lost positions.

The French success is considered by military critics here to have shaken the whole German line at Verdun. Douaumont fort was the most important point captured by the Germans and the French gain there is regarded as having nullified the most significant achievement of the Germans. In the great battle of three months.

To the west of the Meuse Hill No. 255, the western summit of Dead Man hill, has become a no-man's land, like Hartmanns-Werk, once before the French abandoned it temporarily to avoid useless loss, re-occupying it when the opportunity came.

STEAMER MISSING SINCE MAY 1 BELIEVED TO BE VICTIM OF SUBMARINE

MADRID, via Paris, May 23.—The owners of the steamer Marques de Mudeja which left Newport, Wales, for Bilbao, on May 1, believe that the ship has fallen victim to a submarine, as nothing has been heard from her since she sailed from the Welsh port.

According to the liberal deputies from Bilbao, the frequent attacks against Spanish ships by German submarines are greatly agitating ship owners on the Cantabrian coast. It is reported that these deputies have asked the government to take action similar to that of the United States and demand that Germany respect neutral flags. It is said that the ship owners have decided that unless suitable guarantees are obtained they will keep their vessels in port.

AUSTRIANS TRANSFER MILLIMETRE GUNS TO ITALIAN FRONT

ROME, May 23, via Paris, May 23.—The Austrians have transferred to the Italian front a number of 381 and 420 millimetre guns. The latter cannot have been taken from the battalions which have been bottled up in the harbor of Pola since the beginning of the war.

The detonations of these enormous cannon seem to actually split the Alpine peaks, causing frequent avalanches. But in spite of the terrific bombardment which is going on day and night and the reckless expenditure of ammunition by the Austrians, the further advance seems impossible in view of the positions which the Italians hold tenaciously.

Coni Luga, a peak 6000 feet high, which dominates Rovereto and the Lagarina and Arza valleys is strongly held by the Italians. On the high plateau of Asiago the Austrians occupy only the peak of Spitz Tonnezza, 5000 feet high. All the other surrounding high mountains are in the hands of the Italians.

The greatest effort of the Austrians is apparently directed now against the Asiago plateau to the east of Asiago where desperate fighting is going on.

FIGHTING CONTINUES ON BOTH BANKS OF THE MEUSE

PARIS, May 23, 12.15 p. m.—Fighting continued with extreme violence on both banks of the Meuse along the Verdun front during the whole night. Two German counter attacks on French positions on Hill 304 failed

completely. The war office announced this afternoon.

The French made further gains within Fort Douaumont. The Germans now hold only a small angle in the northeastern corner of the fort.

The battle around Hill 304 was especially severe. In attacking French positions on the west side of the hill the Germans used liquid gas; the official statement says, and penetrated one of the French trenches, but were dislodged at once. On the east side of the hill the Germans attacked after intense artillery preparation but were not permitted to reach the French line.

The principal fighting east of the Meuse was in the sector between Thiaumont and Douaumont. The Germans attacked in mass formation and are said to have suffered enormous losses. They succeeded in re-occupying one of the trenches north of Thiaumont farm which had been captured by the French.

BERLIN CLAIMS GERMANS STILL HOLD FORT DOUAUMONT

BERLIN, May 23. (By wireless to Sayville).—Announcement was made by the war office today that in the fighting north of Verdun the French have taken some of the first line positions of the Germans but that Fort Douaumont remains firmly in German hands.

The statement given out by army headquarters today follows: "Western front: Preparations by the British to make a counter-attack southwest of Giverny-en-Gohelle were observed. Small advances by the British in the Reincourt district were reported."

"In the Meuse district (Verdun front) the fighting was especially violent on account of the enemy's counter-attacks. To the west of the river the Germans captured a French blockhouse south of Camard forest. Hostile attacks east of Hill 304 and on the southern slope of Dead Man hill resulted in failure."

"East of the Meuse there were violent artillery engagements on the front of Thiaumont farm, as far as the Callette wood. The French, after a strong artillery preparation, entered the foremost German position, but were repulsed on the flanks of the sector by German counter-attacks. South of the village and south of the former fort of Douaumont the engagement is not yet finished. Fort Douaumont remained firmly in German hands."

"Northwest of Fort Vaux, we recaptured a sap which had been occupied temporarily by the enemy."

"The first and second lines of the French on Combres height were destroyed by our mines over a considerable distance."

"On the heights of the Meuse southeast of Verdun near Vaux-lez-Palameux and Seucy, the enemy's attacks for the most part broke down before our curtain of fire. Small detachments which entered our trenches were annihilated."

"An enemy aeroplane was shot down southwest of Vailly."

"Eastern and Balkan fronts: The situation is unchanged."

GERMANS DRIVEN FROM THEIR POSITIONS ALONG ENTIRE VERDUN FRONT

LONDON, May 23.—The French turned on the Germans on the Verdun front yesterday and in a smashing series of attacks dealt them the most staggering blow in the whole Verdun campaign.

East of the Meuse, west of the Meuse and on the French heights east of Verdun the French fought with such fury that the German lines crumbled, and gains for which they fought for weeks, were wiped away before the day ended.

The French successes came with startling suddenness, just as the friends of the allies were beginning to fear

that Dead Man's hill and Hill 304, the key defenses on the northwest front of Verdun, were being menaced by the onslaughts of the Germans.

At Fort Douaumont

The most important advance was made in the region of Fort Douaumont, on the northeast front of Verdun, the very region in which the Germans made their entering wedge when the campaign opened just three months ago.

Some of the war experts believe that Fort Douaumont had been recaptured by the French, though the Paris statement does not definitely say so. It does say, however, that the French drove back the Germans both east and west of Fort Douaumont and carried their advance so far that they penetrated the village of Baumont. It is figured that if the fort has been actually recaptured it has been surrounded and isolated in the advance of the French troops.

The sweeping character of the French success here is shown by the statement in the French report that an "enormous number of prisoners were taken."

Further south on the Verdun are the Meuse, and in a furious attack drove the Germans out of their positions in the Bauchot wood. The German trenches were cleared over a front of about 350 yards and a number of prisoners were captured.

While all this fighting was going on east of the Meuse, the French forces on the left bank carried out a sweeping offensive, directed chiefly against the German positions in the Bauchot wood. The German trenches were cleared over a front of about 350 yards and a number of prisoners were captured.

British Make Progress

The news of the French victory added to the great delight felt in London at the night of the announcement that the famous Kut-el-Amara in the River Tigris was virtually in the hands of the British forces. It was in Kut-el-Amara that Gen. Townshend and his army were obliged to surrender a few days ago, when nothing was left them but starvation or capitulation.

With heavy floods in the Tigris making any progress against the Turks impossible the relieving army was left helpless, but now with the improved conditions the British have been able to advance, and on one side of the river the way is clear of Turks as far as Kut-el-Amara.

Austrian Offensive Continues

The great offensive of the Austrians against the Italians in southern Tyrol continues unabated, and at several points the Austrians seem to be gradually throwing back the Italians toward their own territory. Southeast of Trent, on the Lavarone plateau, Vienna says the Italians have been dislodged from all their positions and adds that the Austrians have captured Flum, Mandorfo and the heights immediately west of the frontier from the summit as far as the Asiatic (Astico) valley.

The Austrians, for their offensive, according to Rome advances have been heavily reinforced in men and guns. Since the beginning of the offensive, Vienna asserts, over 24,000 men have been made prisoner and 172 cannons have been captured by the Austrians.

Mrs. A. L. Holcomb, of Bowling Green, Mo., who has made a success of most everything from hauling trunks to staging plays, has just purchased a newspaper of which she will become the editor.

WON'T SELL GAS

Continued

court in Cambridge on the first Monday in June.

John A. Simpson, 67 Methuen street, mason contractor.

Jeremie A. M. Choquette, 89 Butterfield street, clerk.

Michael J. Lynch, 29 Second avenue, janitor.

Peter O'Neill petitioned for the laying of a sewer in Corbett street and the petition was referred.

The petitions of John Burke for a garage at 94 Lilley avenue and Jacques Dolivert for a garage in Carolyn street were referred.

A claim for personal injuries was filed by John P. Walsh and the matter was referred to the municipal council.

The petition of James H. Cronin for a garage in Montreal street was granted, as were also those of the Lowell Corporation hospital, Mary and Agnes Sprague, Archibald J. Keefe. A gasoline license was granted to Arthur Barrell, of the Merrimack Mfg. Co.

An ordinance amending the ordinance to regulate the construction, repairs and removal of buildings was presented by Commissioner Donnelly and action was deferred until the ordinance is passed upon by Architect Rourke.

Gas Company's Letter

A communication was received from the Gas Light Co. in reference to a hearing given by the municipal council on street lighting. The communication is as follows:

To the Municipal Council of the City of Lowell.

Gentlemen: I have observed newspaper reports of a hearing before your honorable body on Tuesday last granted the representatives of the Public Lighting Service company of America. It may be of value to you to know that certain misstatements and misapprehensions in evidence at that hearing.

It was stated that the Lowell Gas Light Co. has rendered that service since 1905, under two successive contracts, the Lowell Gas Light Co. has rendered that service.

In compliance with your recent call for gas street lighting in the city of Lowell, the Lowell Gas Light Co. submitted April 25, 1916, its proposal for gas street lighting for another period of five years, and that proposal is now before you. We are advised that the only other bid received by the city was from the Public Lighting Service Co. of America.

At a public hearing held before your honorable body on Tuesday last, the Lowell Gas Light Co. stated that during the past ten years, it had employed the Lowell Gas Light Co. of America to supply its equipment and render service in caring for street lamps, but responsibility to the city was at all times responsibility of this company, and the Lowell Gas Co. was merely employed by us as our servant.

This service we have found satisfactory, and it is the service performed in the principal cities of the United States, and we learn for a percentage of the cost of the service in this country. At that hearing we further stated that should the city at this time conclude to engage another company to supply its gas street lighting, it should be the Lowell Gas Light Co. or the Lowell Gas Light Co. of America, we should, for what we deemed compelling reasons, decline to sell that company gas for the lamps, but that the city might be wholly free to employ such service as it chose, the Lowell Gas Light Co. agreed to sell gas directly to the city for its street lighting at the same net price per thousand cubic feet which it had netted under its two latest contracts to the city of Lowell for street lighting.

This remains the fixed attitude of the Lowell Gas Light Co. as the Public Lighting Service Co. of New York was again advised by us by letter May 1, 1916 in reply to its letter of April 25, 1916, which last named letter, you will observe, bears date subsequent to the written proposal to the city of the Public Service

Lighting Co. to furnish gas as well as posts, lamps and service for Lowell's gas street lighting.

At the very low price of 73 cents per thousand cubic feet for which we have so offered to sell gas directly to the city, it is obvious that we should be obliged to receive that sum for gas so consumed, as our knowledge of the burners and other equipment of the Lowell Gas Light Co. has in the past, we believe enabled us to do.

Should we be called upon to deal with the proposed different type of burner and equipment of the Public Service Lighting Co., we could not estimate in advance the quantity of gas each lamp would consume, but should be compelled to adopt for our protection such reliable devices or methods as would reveal the amount of such consumption, and collect therefrom from the city.

The proffer by the Public Service Lighting Co. of a bond of indemnity to guarantee its performance of any contract it might have with us would prove no temptation, for we cannot overlook the fact that a contract of such elements and inevitable detail, covering so wide an area and so extended a period of five years, might involve us incessant vexation, litigation and expense to secure our simplest right under such bond.

The system of pressure street lighting, so-called, which the Public Service Lighting Co. proposes to operate in Lowell with a money saving to the city, is not, as we are advised, in operation elsewhere in the United States. On the other hand, its other impracticability has been repeatedly demonstrated. Any attempt to resort to it now in Lowell would do no less than imperil the lives and property of our citizens, and such attempt the Lowell Gas Light company respectfully announces it would not tolerate.

For years we have furnished gas street lighting in Lowell at minimum cost. We believe that comparative figures in New England disclose no rate lower. As a quasi-public corporation we have no right to accept this business at a less which in the end would necessarily be borne by our other customers. We value the business, have been and are anxious to secure it if only at a living rate. Our proposal, now in your hands represents the lowest figures at which we can now again undertake this service. We respectfully submit that no one can successfully contract for it at a lower figure, with general commodity prices alike to all, without either first impairing the service or second reducing the wages of the lamp lighters. Neither alternative shall we assume.

But if your honorable body should believe that we are in error we will gladly sell gas directly to the city, but not otherwise upon the conditions stated.

Yours respectfully,
George S. Motley, Pres.
Mr. Morse said the city is getting good light and cheap but until this outside company stepped into Lowell we were paying much more for gas. He referred to the low price reached for gas during Mayor Casey's administration. The Lowell Gas Light Co. wants the present contract and I want cheaper gas," continued Mr. Morse. "I have no grievance against the gas company but if I can save from \$1,000 to \$22,000 to the city I will do it. All I want is to be fair."

"Do you understand, Mr. Morse," asked Mr. Duncan, "that the Lowell Gas Light Co. will not sell any gas to the other company?"

Mr. Morse: "The gas company will sell to the city."

Mr. Duncan: "The Public Service Lighting company has no business outside of supplying posts in Newark, N. J. The N. G. L. are the whole thing."

Mr. Duncan: "Do you think the Lowell people will bid on this new proposition?"

Mr. Morse: "I don't know."

Mr. Duncan said he believes the Pub-

lic Service corporation will pay its help cheaper if it is awarded the contract.

Mr. Morse suggested the impulse system be installed, and Mr. Duncan said there is no city in the country using it. The communication was placed on file.

Hospital Land Rented

Thomas Varnum appeared before the council to hire the land in East Market street, which was purchased for a contagious hospital site. Mr. Varnum offered \$100 for the use of the land and he would take his chances if the hospital is erected. It was voted to accept the offer.

Waterways Fences

Jackson Palmer, chairman of the waterways' commission has filed with the mayor a list of places along the river and canals in the city which need fencing. The mayor said the city ought to notify the owners of the properties of the danger, and the solicitor would have to be instructed to prepare legal steps, and a motion to that effect was passed.

The list of places to be fenced and the owners of the land are as follows:

Along the northern bank of the Merrimack river between Aiken street and Centralville bridge. Fencing in rear of Parker estate. Adequate fencing along Front street by Locks & Canals Co. and wire fencing along the bank of the river past playground on Lakeview avenue.

B. & M. to fence along Merrimack canal near Dutton street between the M.C. and the Lowell Packing Co. also unclimbable fence between Omaha Packing Co. and B. & M. storehouse on W. Jackson street. Locks & Canals Co. to fence along Hamilton canal along Jackson street to counting room of mill.

East bank of Concord river, Middlesex mill pond. Patrick Fay to fence short strip on Wall street; also outer stair rail in rear. Middlesex Co. has agreed to carry out recommendations of commission. Following owners to fence rear of premises: David H. and William F. Sullivan, 251 to 253 Fayette street; Margaret Merrill, rear of 211 to 251 Fayette street; Margaret J. Mellen, 231 to 235 Fayette street; Dennis A. McHugh, 255-57 Fayette street; James J. Dolan, Concord river bridge on Andover street next to Lowell Electric Light Co. Boston & Maine to put substantial gate across tracks opposite Warren street. B. & M. to put substantial gate and fence across tracks on both sides of Rogers street; also fence between tannery and Lowell cemetery; Gate and fence across tracks near Lawrence street.

Merrimack Mfg. Co. along Merrimack canal from York club to mill. Mr. Wadleigh has agreed to carry out the recommendations of the commission.

Massachusetts cotton mill to place adequate fencing along Eastern canal along Concord street crossing Merrimack street beside the Prescott storehouse.

Martina A. Gage along the Merrimack river from ice houses to railroad bridge. Fence along Pawtucket bridge. Ritten Machine shop on Dutton street about 20 feet of fence over Suffolk canal.

Action by inspector of buildings to condemn unsafe property along Suffolk canal. State inspectors have done their work at suggestion of commission.

Commissioner Morse was authorized to erect a fence at the end of the two courts in Lawrence street abutting the Concord river, and also one at the foot of Chestnut street. The meeting that adjourned to Wednesday morning, May 31, at 10 o'clock.

Nina L. Duryea, who is in this country after doing strenuous work for the Red Cross and soldiers in France and Belgium, has come home for the purpose of revising the proof of the new book which she has just written.

STOP AND GO SIGNAL

ONE OPERATED LIKE A SEMAPHORE PLACED IN MERRIMACK SQUARE TODAY

A semaphore to assist in directing traffic at Merrimack square was placed there this morning. It has been tried out in many cities and if successful here several may be purchased, but from what could be seen today the apparatus is more confusing than beneficial to drivers of vehicles.

A box like arrangement is located on the top of a metal pole about seven feet high. On two opposite sides is the word "Go," while on the other two is the word "Stop." At night the rays from a lantern inside displays the words.

The signals are operated by the traffic officer in attendance and when the word "Go" is flashed in front of a driver he has the right of way and has to stop when the word "Stop" faces him.

From the short time that it has been in position almost everyone is of the opinion that the work of Traffic Officer Edward Connors' hands is much better than the new contrivance.

WHERE DOES HOGAN LIVE?

Some time ago William M. Hogan, president of Division 1, A.O.H., of some Massachusetts city addressed a communication to The Sun asking that a certain notice be published at the request of State President John F. Donnelly. The letter had no enclosure, the writer having evidently forgotten to put it in or else put it into a different letter by mistake. The address given on the letter head was "521 Massachusetts Ave., but no city was named. We assumed the street mentioned was in Boston and immediately wrote Mr. Hogan to that address, asking that he forward the article which he wanted published. Yesterday the letter was returned with the statement that the person addressed could not be found. Hence we are convinced the Massachusetts Ave. mentioned on the letter head is in some other city than Boston. Doubtless Mr. Hogan of "521 Massachusetts Ave. Residence Fifth Street" (no city) is wondering why The Sun did not publish the report he thought he sent in, but didn't.

FUNERALS

McDOUGALL—The funeral of Florence McDougall was held yesterday afternoon from the home of her late mother, Mrs. James McDougall, 55 Whipple street. Among the floral offerings was a spray from the family. Burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers O'Connell & Mack.

MORNING—The funeral of the late George Morning took place yesterday afternoon from his home, 39 Warner street and was largely attended. Services were held at the home at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Singleton of the Lawrence Street Methodist church officiated. There was a profusion of beautiful floral tributes, including a pillow inscribed "My Son" from the mother; wreath, inscribed "Brother" from the family; and pieces from Mr. and Mrs. McElroy and family, Mr. and Mrs. Donnelly, Mr. and Mrs. Morton, Mr. and Mrs. A. Rule, Mr. Robert and John Christie, Mr. James Scott, Thomas.

Applying This Paste Actually Removes Hairs

(Beauty Notes)

Merely applying an inexpensive paste to a hairy surface, say beauty specialists, will remove the hairs. This paste is made by mixing a little water with some powdered dandelion; after about 3 minutes it is rubbed off and the skin washed. This simple method not only removes every trace of hair, but leaves the skin free from blemish. To insure success with this treatment, be careful to get real dandelion.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Elizabeth and Anna Morton, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Shaw, Mrs. Welch and daughter, from Little Islands, Mrs. Moore and daughter, Delta Alpha class of the Lawrence Street Primitive Methodist church, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. G. McElroy, Mr. and Mrs. W. Buchanan, Mr. and Mrs. William Russell, Miss Hazel Webb, James Blackstock and William Hodgson. The bearers were Jas. Blackstock, William Hodgson, Andrew Morton, Bert Nobles, Claude McElroy and George McElroy. At the grave Rev. Mr. Singleton read the committal prayer and the burial was in the Edson cemetery in charge of Undertakers Jas. P. O'Donnell & Sons.

DEATH—The remains of John J. Duff, a well known and highly esteemed member of St. Peter's parish were this morning tenderly consigned to their last resting place in the Catholic cemetery after impressive services at St. Peter's church. The funeral took place from the home, 19 Burns street at 9:15 o'clock and at 9:45 o'clock a solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Peter's church by Rev. D. J. Heffernan, assisted by Rev. William H. O'Connell of St. Margaret's church as deacon and Rev. P. L. Crayton as sub-deacon. Among the floral offerings were a large pillow inscribed "Papa" from the children and tributes from Miss Margaret Minnaugh, father of deceased, brothers and sisters, John J. Regan, Mr. and Mrs. Michael J. Markham, Lowell lodge of Elks, Fraternal Order of Eagles, Evergreen Campers, Mrs. Katherine T. Campbell and family, Mr. and Mrs. Conners and family, Clifford Clarke, G. Thum, Warren M. Power, employees of the Waverly hotel, Mrs. McDermott and family, Mrs. Eugene Brown, Joseph Fitzgerald, Mrs. McGreevey and family, children of St. Peter's church, Peter Mulligan and family, P. McNulty, Charles Ridge, William Hill, John French, Mr. and Mrs. Fawcett, T. Sullivan and family, E. T. Donohue, Lillian Flynn, Helena Quinn, Natalie McQuade, James Barrett, Gen. J. O'Donnell, D. J. Conroy, James H. Donohue and William H. Quinn. The funeral was held at the home of the deceased, 19 Burns street, at 9:15 o'clock. The funeral was held at the home of the deceased, 19 Burns street, at 9:15 o'clock. The funeral was held at the home of the deceased, 19 Burns street, at 9:15 o'clock.

BARRETT—The funeral of the late Mrs. Catherine Barrett took place this morning at 9:15 o'clock from her late home, 8 Tyler street, and was largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased. The funeral cortege proceeded to St. Peter's church in Graham street where a high mass of requiem was celebrated at 9 o'clock by Rev. D. J. Heffernan, assisted by Rev. Patrick J. Crayton as deacon and Rev. Daniel J. Heffernan as sub-deacon. The choir under the direction of James E. Donnelly sang the Gregorian chant, the solos being sustained by Miss Gertrude Keleher and Mr. Donnelly. Miss Lulu Ginty presided at the organ. The floral tributes included a pillow inscribed "Wife and Mother" from the family, and offerings from the following: Helen Barrett, James A. Jones, John J. Carty, Angeline Bordelon, Mr. and Mrs. William Shore, Mrs. Bloomer, Mr. and Mrs. William Prescott, employees of the Lowell Electric Light and Power company, Mr. M. J. Regan, Joseph McCrossan, Lawrence Coughlin, James Jones, Frank J. O'Dea, William Gill, James Brennan, John Brennan, Charles Maguire, John Gallagher, John Avila, George Williams, William Black, Manuel Baker, Robert Baker, Peter Navaski, Robert Blakely, Manuel Cotte, William Clark, James Wattaker, Mr. and Mrs. Ginty, Mr. and Mrs. James Blakely and family, Dr. McLean, Mrs. Mabel Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Porter, John C. Keleher, J. G. Phillips, Roth Healey, Mr. and Mrs. James Blakely, Mr. and Mrs. Michael J. Burns, Mrs. Bridget O'Brien, Maria J. Markham, Michael O'Connell, Joseph Devine, Miss Kate M. Phillips, Mary E. Crowley, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Flannigan, John E. Conway, Mrs. Rousseau, Mrs. Smith, Michael Clancy, Miss Mary Burke, Mrs. Kate McAliff, Hannah Quinn, Mrs. Joseph McDonald, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. J. Lawrence Considine, Mrs. A. J.

Neaves, Mr. and Mrs. P. Riley, Sadie Mullin, Bailey family, Mr. and Mrs. Harris and others.

DESCHENES—The funeral of Blanche A. Deschenes took place this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock from the home of the parents, 36 West Meadow road. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son.

DEATHS

SPENCER—Joseph Spencer, aged 47 years, died Saturday in Whitinsville. Mr. Spencer leaves a wife, a son and two daughters. One of the latter is Mrs. Joseph Levesque of this city.

THORGERSON—Hans P. Thorgerston died yesterday at Manchester, N. H. He leaves a wife and three daughters. One of the latter is Mrs. Carl Lindahl of this city.

ALLISON—Mrs. Frances Allison died yesterday at her home, 135 Hampshire street, aged 56 years. She leaves 10 children, John T. William, George, Harry, Walter and James Allison, Mrs. William E. Heald, Mrs. Albert Burrows, Mrs. Joseph Alexander and Mrs. George Atherton.

YOUNG—Simon E. Young died last evening at the home of Albert Fox, Fox avenue, aged 81 years. He leaves a sister, Mrs. George Palmer of Draught; two granddaughters and five great-grandchildren. Deceased was a member of Hope lodge, I.O.O.F. of Methuen and Pilgrim Fathers of Pelham, N. H.

HOOD—George B. Hood died last evening at his home, 56 Wilder street, aged 65 years. He is survived by a wife, Hazel C. two sons, Ernest W. and Edward H., two daughters, May B. and Mrs. Lulu C. Coral of Portsmouth, N. H., and one sister, Mrs. R. H. Burgess of West Groton. He was a member of the Odd Fellows lodge, Evening Star, Rebekah lodge, and the American Bandol society.

LAROCQUE—Mrs. Felix Larocque nee Lucie Dureau, aged 38 years, died today at her home, 274 Adams street. She leaves her husband, four sons, Raymond, Oliver, Joseph and Eugene; four daughters, Yvonne, Rosalba, Jeanette and Alida; two brothers, Jean Baptiste and Damase Dureau and a sister, Mrs. Melvina Larocque.

MEADE—Mrs. Catherine Meade, wife of Michael Meade died this morning at the Chelsea street hospital, aged 26 years. Besides her husband, she leaves one daughter, Miss Blanche Meade; a son, Thomas; mother, Catherine McCallister and a sister, Mrs. Mary E. Turner. The body was taken to the chapel of James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

FUNERAL NOTICES

ALLISON—Died, May 22nd, in this city, Mrs. Francis Allison, aged 65 years, at her home, 135 Hampshire street. Funeral services will be held at 1:35 Hampshire street, Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial will take place at Dover, N. H. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

MORAN—The funeral of Patrick Moran will take place Wednesday morning, May 24, from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles F. Donohue, 23 Butler avenue, at 9 o'clock and at 9 o'clock a mass will be sung at St. Peter's church. Burial will be in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker George B. McKenna in charge.

TWOMEY—The funeral of Mrs. Margaret V. Twomey will take place on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock from her home, Call street, North Billerica. At 9 o'clock a high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Andrew's church, North Billerica. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery, Lowell, in charge of James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

Women Who Disregard Health

If a woman disregards her health she is sure to pay the penalty in later years. Incessant work and worry unfit a woman as a helpmate and mother and bring on ailments which drag her to despair. The real help for all such ailments is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, nature's ideal assistant to build up and strengthen the female organism and throw off disease, as proved by the letters from women continually being published in these columns.

RIVER HEARING HELD

Continued

of the Merrimack valley have been urging that suitable plans be adopted for making the river navigable. With that in view your engineers have made a critical study of the situation and have reported their findings. In the meantime the valley residents have endeavored to furnish statistics to prove that the project is a good business venture. These statistics we still adhere to, except that in the progress of the past two years we are able to make considerable additions to their impressiveness. In Lowell, for instance, the total freight tonnage handled by the railroads has increased tremendously, the Boston & Maine system alone receiving a monthly gain in its freight receipts of about \$10,000. We believe, therefore, that all the figures presented to your engineer as representing the tonnage of the valley are capable of decided expansion, and that the growth of this past two years may safely be taken as indicative of the future of the cities of the Merrimack valley.

In the search for information the Lowell board of trade has collected the following facts which principally govern our own attitude toward the project.

On March 21, 1915, the manufacturers of Lowell were invited to meet and discuss the river project. Practically all the mill agents in Lowell responded and with them came Mr. William F. Mills, engineer for the Locks and Canals. Mr. Mills acted as spokesman for those present, and read a paper in which he subsequently filed with Col. Craighill. He frankly opposed the project and presented his reasons. At the conclusion of his presentation of the case he was asked if, in his opinion, the river channel would affect the present water power at Lowell. He stated that it would not. He further stated that the river channel and a suitable connection of its terminus with the manufacturing centers in Lowell could be easily accomplished. Basing our opinions on these two principal factors, we have no desire to impair the water power of Lowell. Our existing industries were operating, we have presented to your engineer an accumulation of data bearing on the commercial value of the Merrimack river channel. In his report on these Col. Craighill takes the position that the river channel would not be valuable in a business way, yet when he met a committee of Lowell men on August 5, 1915, he assured us that he had no hesitation in saying to us that the channel would be worth \$10,000,000 to the valley cities and towns. The whole question seems to hinge on just what the valid interest of the federal government in this project. Our answer to that is the immense total of commerce in the Merrimack valley, the existence of several large cities and many thriving towns and the very evidence of our section to export commercially. Furthermore we argue that the federal government policy has led us to expect a favorable view of the Merrimack valley possibilities inasmuch as millions of dollars have been expended on what seems to us to be projects of far less merit and importance. If the federal government is interested in many of its present river projects, it surely should be in the Merrimack.

We wish to point out to your board the fact that the only person in the entire Merrimack valley to offer opposition in public to the project is Mr. William F. Mills, the water power engineer for the Locks and Canals and Essex company. It is not the fact that he is open in his opposition that we wish to emphasize, for we have welcomed his tangible evidence of interest in the plans. But he stated to Col. Craighill at the public hearing that he voiced the sentiments of every mill agent and mill treasurer in Lowell in declaring that the channel is not wanted. We wish, in rebuttal, to remind you that at the very hearing at which Mr. Mills made this assertion, testimony of half of the river project was given by Mr. E. A. Flather, treasurer of the Boot mills, Mr. A. D. Milliken, agent of the Hamilton Manufacturing Co., Mr. F. A. Bowen, agent of the Appleton Co., as well as by Hon. Butler Ames, head of the Heine

YOU CANNOT BUY A BETTER MACHINE THAN THE

"Keystone" LAWN MOWER

We also carry the Townsend Ball Bearing and several other medium and low priced mowers that will do satisfactory work.

GRASS HOOKS AND SHEARS

BARTLETT & DOW
216 Central Street.

Electric Co. and Wamesil Power Co., George S. Motley, president of the Lowell Gas Light Co., and others. Mr. Mills has also assured us that it is his opinion that the river development is sure to come some time in the future and we set that against the assertion of Col. Craighill that the mill property of the Lowell mills have been unable to meet the requirements for water frontage facilities without extreme expense. Mr. Mills knows these situations perfectly, and yet he sees a river channel as certain at a future time. We might further declare that the Lowell mills have considered definite plans for providing water front facilities to serve their needs. However, it is certainly true that in any public hearing on the river project, whether given by United States, state or commission authorities, Mr. Mills is the only person to offer an argument in opposition and the only mill agents or treasurers to say anything have spoken in favor of the project.

Since our last presentation of arguments for the river channel, events have conspired to prove the necessity of additional transportation facilities in the Merrimack valley. Embargoes have prevented freight movements and delays that have seriously hampered Lowell industries have been constant because of the inability of the railroads to furnish needed facilities. The possession of the alternative of a river channel would have been tremendous help. It would have eliminated much of the congestion and delays.

We have noted with interest the recommendations made by Col. Abbott in transmitting Col. Craighill's report to the war department. We would earnestly urge that the war department follow unless this board is willing to reverse completely the findings of Col. Craighill. Col. Abbott points out the fact that there is, at least, a proportional interest on the part of the United States government. We would like to see that proportionate interest worked out and the without relinquishing our original position that the Merrimack river is important enough for decisive federal action.

The Merrimack river is a big stream. It is wide, and many miles of it are deep enough now to transport sizable vessels. It winds through cities of commercial importance, taken as a whole, cannot be matched in any 10 mile strip of river in this country, and these cities are growing beyond the possibilities of being served by the present railroad facilities or any facility to be provided. We do not believe, therefore, that we are asking anything unreasonable and we thoroughly believe that we are entirely consistent in urging that further examination be made of this project. Having confidence in the honesty of our figures and knowing that our purpose is solely to assist in solving the problem properly, we are asking that your board will grant our request and co-operate with us to the fullest extent.

RICHARDS.

POLICEMAN SET FOUR FIRES

WOONSOCKET, R. I., May 23—George J. Wheelock, a policeman, who admitted setting four fires for which he rang in alarms, in order to impress upon the police commission his fidelity to duty, with the hope of being promoted, was arraigned in the district court yesterday on four charges. He pleaded not guilty and was held for the grand jury. He was unable to procure bail and was committed to jail. Yesterday afternoon the police commission expelled Wheelock from the force.

MILITARY INSTRUCTION

COURSE WILL BE ADDED TO DARTMOUTH SUMMER SCHOOL CURRICULUM
HANOVER, N. H., May 23—A course in military instruction will be added to the courses of the Dartmouth summer school, it was announced today. The instruction has been planned to help those teachers who wish to establish some for mot drill in their schools next year.

NEW CHIEF ON THE JOB

BROCKTON FIRE HEAD ASSISTED IN RESCUE OF FAMILY TODAY
BROCKTON, May 23—William F. Daley, appointed chief of the Brockton fire department Monday night, early today assisted in the rescue of Mr. and Mrs. Louis E. Moreau and their five daughters during a smoldering fire that started in a closet in their home. Damage will not exceed \$50.

G.A.R. MEMORIAL SERVICE

On next Sunday at the First Congregational church, 42, 140 and 155, G.A.R. will hold a memorial service in loving remembrance of their departed comrades. Earl A. Thissell has been chosen as chairman and Rev. A. C. Archibald has been selected as orator of the day. Mayor James E. O'Donnell will deliver an address and Supt. of Schools Hugh J. Molloy will read Lincoln's Gettysburg address. At the conclusion of the services benediction will be offered by Rev. J. M. Craig.

PRESIDENT WILSON TO ATTEND

WASHINGTON, May 23—President Wilson promised today to attend, if possible, a parade and public exercises here July 4 in connection with the dedication of new headquarters building of the American Federation of Labor.



BEN HUR BREAD FLOUR 24 1/2 LB. BAG **78c**

38 LB. COTTON SACK.....\$3.00
BARREL IN WOOD.....\$6.25

Regular and Reliable **JITNEY SERVICE**

Commencing Friday next, May 26th, a First-class jitney Service will be put into operation running from Sixth and Bridge streets via Merrimack Square to Saunders' Market—FARE 5c.

10c Can SUGAR CORN, Each.....7c 10c Can PEACHES (in Syrup, Sliced) Each 7c

13c Can Solid Pack TOMATOES, Ea. 10c

SARDINES DOMESTIC 1c In Oil 3c Cans

HOME REND. **PURE LARD 2 lbs. 27c**

DELICIOUS BUTTER lb. 33c SWEET TABLE

VAN CAMP'S EVAPORATED MILK, 3 Cans.....25c
CHALLENGE BRAND CONDENSED MILK, Can.....11c

STRAWBERRIES, box 10c

FRESH HEAVY CREAM, Bottle.....15c

BANANAS, Dozen.....12c LEMONS, Dozen.....10c

90 Lb. SACK ROLLED OATS, fresh milled.....\$3.00

SWEET Oranges 25c Size, Doz. 21c JUICY 19c Size, Doz. 15c

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR Washburn-Crosby's Best Barrel in Bags \$6.75

RELIABLE BAKING POWDER, in 5 Lb. Cans.....40c

NEW GREEN Cabbage lb. 4c

Green Beans, qt.....8c	Scallions.....3 for 5c
Butter Beans, qt.....8c	Apples, pk.....35c
Native Spinach, pk.....25c	White Onions, lb.....6c
Dandelions, pk.....5c	Yellow Turnips, lb.....3c
Heavy Lettuce, hd.....10c	New Potatoes, qt.....10c
Green Peas, qt.....8c	New Parsnips.....3 lbs. 10c
Kale Greens, pk.....12c	New Carrots.....3 lbs. 10c
Rhubarb.....3 lbs. 12c	Peppers, lb.....15c
Asparagus, bu.....12c	Cucumbers, each.....7c

Fresh Crisp New **CORN FLAKES** Large Pkg. 5c

VERY BEST MAINE POTATOES, Bag.....\$2.70

GRAPE JUICE 10c size, 4 oz. bot.....5c 15c size, 8 oz. bot.....10c 25c size, 16 oz. bot.....15c

FRESH WALNUT MEATS, Halves, lb.....39c
QUEEN OLIVES, qt.....25c
POUND CAKE, all kinds, lb.....15c

5 Lbs. SUGAR.....35c WHEN SOLD WITH 1 Lb. COFFEE.....25c

5 Lbs. SUGAR.....35c WHEN SOLD WITH 1/2 Lb. Can WAN-ETA COCOA.....20c

Both For.....60c Both For.....55c

HATCHET BRAND CORN STARCH, Pkg.....5c
ARMOUR'S HAMMER SOAP, 5c Bars.....9 for 25c

ALASKA SALMON STEAK, Can.....12c
ALASKA PINK SALMON, Tall Can.....8c

ARBuckle's BEST YUBAN COFFEE, Can.....33c
FRESH CAUGHT LARGE MACKEREL, Each.....32c

LARGE LIVE LOBSTERS, Lb.....23c

Pickled Tripe, lb.....8c Beef Loaf, lb.....20c

Blood Pudding, lb.....12 1/2c Pressed Corn Beef, lb. 24c

Frankfurts, lb.....12 1/2c Cooked Roast Pork, lb. 35c

Bologna, lb.....12 1/2c Ox Tongue, lb.....38c

Tomato Sausage, lb.....15c Pickled Pigs' Feet, lb.....8c

Jelly Corn Beef, lb.....20c Liver Sausage, lb.....14c

Cooked Roast Beef, lb. 35c Polish Sausage, lb. 12 1/2c

Lamb Tongue, lb.....35c Pressed Ham, lb.....15c

Pigs' Souse, lb.....10c Veal Loaf, lb.....22c

Head Cheese, lb.....10c Squires' Sausage, lb.....20c

Beef Sausage, lb.....12 1/2c Roast Chicken, lb.....35c

Mince Ham, lb.....15c Liverwurst, lb.....15c

END OF MAY SALE

Greater Reductions Than Ever Before

SUITS, COATS, DRESSES, SKIRTS AND WAISTS

Sale is now on. Never before and never again will such high grade merchandise be offered at such low prices. Can you afford to miss these opportunities?

\$15 Suits, \$10 \$20 Suits, \$15 \$25 Suits, \$15 \$30 Suits, \$15

Including Silk Taffetas

COATS, \$3.98, \$5.00, \$7.50, \$10

Not a Coat Amongst the Lot Worth Less Than \$7.00 up to \$25.00

DRESSES, SKIRTS, WAISTS

At a positive saving of one-half. You will surely appreciate these values by seeing them.

COME TODAY

COME TOMORROW

BUT DON'T MISS THESE OFFERINGS

BOSTON LADIES' OUTFITTERS

94 MERRIMACK STREET.



THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

ONE COUNTRY FOR ALL

One of the boasts made for prominent Americans for years, relative to the unity of this nation, has been that America is the melting pot from which comes a new people, drawn from the best impulses and qualities of all the races and blended together by a new and noble ideal of democracy. The great war of the races in the old world has aroused some discouragement and mutual distrust in this country, and it is not strange that we should now bear so much about the need for all to remember that their first allegiance and duty is to the United States of America.

While the sympathies of our people are divided on the war question, some may doubt the loyalty of groups of Americans whose foreign extraction may be recent, but at heart all Americans are sound. Even those who have been loudest in their support of some foreign group or loudest in protest against another foreign group have asserted over and over that should the supreme test come, there will be but one America in which all the races and nationalities will see a single duty and be swayed by a single principle. This has been the ruling principle in so-called German meetings, English meetings, Irish meetings, and all other meetings held in this country relative to some phase of the world war. President Wilson has expressed his belief that should this country go to war, treason to America would be negligible, and without doubt patriotism would so well up that any troublemaker would find it impossible to thwart the work of the great majority.

Yet, while the discussion is on, it might be well for Americans to call attention to the danger of sectionalism, along racial lines. It is but natural that races coming here should group themselves together and retain their native language, habits and traditions, but when this interferes with their becoming Americans in the fullest sense it is a hindrance to them and to the country. One of the vital aims in the work of Americanizing immigrants is to show them the necessity of broadening out and getting in touch with the institutions and national aspirations of the United States. There is also a reciprocal duty, viz.: that all Americans should go half way in bringing immigrants from all races to see the value of becoming real Americans in all that the name implies. This lesson was outlined last Sunday by Rev. S. A. Jackson of this city, who pleaded for racial unity in America and declared that there must be no racial feuds here if America is to live as a great nation.

Jacob P. Schiff, the famous Jewish banker of New York, did a patriotic service last Sunday when, in speaking to the Jewish institute of New York, he warned its members against becoming a race apart. He urged them to be loyal to their race and to their religion, but deprecated the suggestion that Yiddish be spoken by Jews in all public places. He declared that the sufferings of the race were in part due to their sectionalism in other countries and declared that there would be a greater opportunity for the future of the race in this country if all put loyalty to America first and adopted the language, customs and ideals of America—so far as is consistent with their racial and religious views.

What he said will apply to all races, and it may be applied in Lowell as well as in New York. Sometimes, for political advantage or business advantage, or some other advantage, a foreign-born group will hold itself apart from the general trend of affairs, but in such instances the members pay a great deal for a temporary advantage. No foreigner should forget the good things of his native country or be false to his racial traditions, but in the new birth of America, the great essential is that all races should first of all be American in heart as well as name—so American, in fact, that nobody can doubt their loyalty.

Americans may differ on many points, but there is no room for a difference of opinion in all relating to America. It is each man's privilege to favor whichever side in the war he chooses, and it would be as strange for a man of German parentage to side with England as it would be for a man from England to side with Germany. Yet, when each lives in America, works in America, and intends to live and die in America, they cannot differ in their loyalty to the Stars and Stripes. In our army, in our navy, in our schools and throughout the nation are men from all races. Should we be declared tomorrow—which God avert—the German, the Englishman, the Frenchman, the Irishman, the Jew, and men of all the nations of the earth would have to turn their backs on Europe and see a common duty in supporting and fighting for the United States of America, and they would do it gladly, promptly, and generously.

SUMMER DANGERS

The stories of death and accident revealed in the Monday morning papers intimately concern every reader, for summer dangers loom more or less directly over every family. This week commenced with a heavy toll of serious accidents and there are hundreds of minor accidents that do not get in-

to the papers. Four were killed outright and 19 were injured by automobiles last Sunday—one of the saddest cases being the death of a charming and respected young woman in North Billerica throwing gloom over the entire community.

Two deaths were reported by drowning from canoes, and there were four accidents in the Charles river alone, any of which might have had fatal results were it not for prompt rescue. Other boat accidents there were also, and in a few weeks we will undoubtedly have reports of other drownings, when young persons commence to use the ponds and rivers to a greater extent.

It is sad to reflect that most of these deaths and accidents might have been prevented, but there is a lesson in the reflection that ought to be applied to the future. Of auto dangers there is no need to speak; they are all too obvious. There is danger to those who ride, and there is danger to those who walk over roads and streets where autos pass and re-pass. "Safety First" should be the slogan of all, and the fullest co-operation should be practiced in order that the number of accidents may be reduced.

Those who cannot swim have absolutely no right to risk their lives in canoes, and it is well to remember that it is not amateurs who are drowned. Neither have they any right to risk the lives of others. The fellow who rocks the boat, or who goes out in a boat while intoxicated, and the fellow who, unable to swim, goes into deep water will be heard from later, but it is for all sensible persons, when they read of summer accidents, to pause and consider if it is worth while throwing one's life away when a little caution might prevent serious consequences.

LOWELL'S GREAT BENEFACTOR

Through the noble generosity of Frederick Fanning Ayer, the Day Nursery will not suffer for lack of suitable quarters in which to carry on its great and good work. Its needs were called to the attention of Lowell's public-spirited son by Dr. Moses G. Parker, and as a result the property at 19 Paige street has been purchased by the Day Nursery association, with sufficient funds to undertake some, if not all, of the necessary changes.

This latest gift of Frederick Fanning Ayer adds another link to the chain of gratitude which will always bind his name to the city of his birth. In spirit and in fact his many benefactions have endeared him to our entire citizenship and have given him a claim on public remembrance that wealth or success could never of itself bestow. His early enterprise and genius for organization carried the name of Lowell throughout the world, but he will be remembered by his many gifts to public and private institutions when his fame as a man of wealth and temporal success shall have faded. The Day Nursery, the Lowell General hospital, the Lowell Textile school, the Ayer Home and the O'Leary Home have shared in his generous benefactions whereby over a million dollars have been freely given to Christian and civic enterprises in this city where the Ayer name shall ever be spoken with praise and gratitude.

The example of Frederick Fanning Ayer and of Freeman Ballard Shedd—whose gift of a spacious public park to the future Lowell will appreciate—is an inspiration to all our citizens, and we hope others will be led to emulation by such noble generosity. The glory of wealth is transitory and the greatest personal success is soon lost in the gloom of the grave, but a good deed still shines and throws its beams afar in this world of heedlessness and selfish striving. It will be a worthy ambition for Lowell citizens of the future to place their name on the scroll where that of Frederick Fanning Ayer heads the list.

OPEN AIR PAGEANTS

The possibilities of the open air pageant must have appealed to those who, a few days ago, witnessed "Spring's Awakening" on the banks of the Merrimack river, in a setting of rare natural beauty. Such displays are now becoming quite common throughout New England. For days of patriotic observance or special anniversaries, in connection with educational campaigns, and for the love of beauty in itself, communities are planning open air fetes of every description. Quite frequently the observance takes the form of a historical panorama, and again there is a symbolic pageant like those held in connection with the preservation of bird life. The Shakespearean tercentenary has called forth many gorgeous spectacles, and it looks as though the open air pageant is to become a permanent institution of New England, just as it has been for many years an institution in old England.

AVOID SPRING COLDS

Sudden changes, high winds, shifting seasons cause colds and grippe, and these spring colds are annoying and dangerous and are likely to turn into a chronic summer cough. Many take a treatment of Dr. King's New Discovery, a pleasant laxative, for the cold and helps break up an attack of grippe. It's already prepared, no mixing or fussing. Just ask your druggist for a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery. Tested and tried for over 40 years.

of the summer playground annuals, Lowell has not done a great deal in this line, but once started, we have the brains, the natural scenery and the historic past necessary for the production of great pageants. At some future time—possibly in connection with the opening of our proposed park and "stadium" on the banks of the Merrimack, the history of Lowell might be made the subject of a great open air show that would attract visitors from all over New England. Think of the tableaux that might be incorporated in this "History of Lowell" pageant—the days of Wampanoag and Passaconaway with episodes of Tyng's Island and the Varnums; life in early Chelmsford; the response of early settlers to the call of Washington; the visit of Lowell, Booth and Jackson to the unharmed Merrimack; mill life at the time of Lucy Larcom and the visit of Dickens; the Civil war, and the fall of Ladd and Whitney at Baltimore, etc., etc. Surely Lowell need not go outside the pages of real history to present an open air pageant that would be noted and responded to not only throughout New England, but throughout the entire country.

BATTLE OF VERDUN

History has nothing like the so-called battle of Verdun, which is not really a battle and yet is not a siege. For over three months the Germans have been hammering at this strong French fortress, with its outstanding forts and batteries covering an area of fifteen square miles, roughly speaking. During this time the Germans have made gains, approaching approximately five miles nearer the city than they were at the start. The allies have declared repeatedly that the offensive has failed, but this the Germans deny. They claim that their gains have been consistent and deliberate, and they still are attacking in a semi-circle, north, south and east. It is claimed that they can win, if they keep up the tremendous rain of ammunition and can stand the drain in men. The defence has been as gallant as the offensive, and Verdun will not be given up until every inch of the ground has been contested. What the outcome will be cannot now be forecasted, or what the result of Verdun's fall might be. Undoubtedly the Germans have built great hopes on the success of their efforts, though the taking of Verdun does not necessarily mean that the Germans can pierce the lines of the French and English defenders. Owing to the length of the attack and the determination shown by both sides, students of the war feel that the fate of Verdun may be decisive in the last stage of the war just as the battle of the Marne shaped it in the early stages. But the capture of Verdun would be but a moral victory for Germany and another proof such as was furnished at Antwerp that no fortress can withstand the steady hammering of the heaviest siege guns. Should Verdun fall the Germans would

Eczema

and similar skin diseases rarely cure themselves, but grow worse from week to week until the sufferer is nearly driven mad with irritation. Don't waste time experimenting. Get a 25c box of Cadum Ointment and apply it immediately. The itching will usually stop at once and a great improvement will be noticed. People who have itched and scratched for years find sleep and rest soon after Cadum Ointment is applied. It is also good for pimples, blotches, rash, eruptions, scaly skin, chafings, itch, tetters, sores, scabs, ringworm, cuts, burns, etc. At druggists, 25c.

Three Million Boxes Sold in France Every Year



SALN FOOT TABLETS FOR TIRED, ACHING SWEATY FEET

How to keep your feet healthy. There is just one right way to do anything. Now if your feet ache anything, you can't look pleased, you can't look happy, you can't look like a champion. No doubt you have tried everything in the market for foot ailments. We can give you foot comfort and still grant you the right to wear the shoe that is giving you trouble. We can give you even pleasure by enabling you to wear a shoe that you have been in the habit of wearing and still have comfort—Remember we are not theorists, we are experienced in the fitting of feet and providing for the comfort of shoe wearers. This foot preparation, SALN FOOT TABLETS is the result of this experience. DISSOLVE 4 tablets in 2 quarts of warm water, bathe the feet from ten to fifteen minutes—do this three times a day, and you will have the end of tired, aching, sweaty or calloused feet. You can get these tablets at any drug store.

15c a Box

O'Sullivan Specialties Co., Lowell

find behind it the underground trenches well filled with the bravest of fighting men and harder to capture than the strongest fortress.

ITALY IN WAR

The Austrians seem to have developed a sudden energy in their defensive against Italy and have done some very effective fighting. This serves to break the deadlock but does not elucidate the exact part being played by Italy in the war. She is fighting Austria, but has never declared war on Austria's greatest ally. Though she is in full accord with the aims of the allies and has taken action against any suggestion of a separate peace, she seems to be watching only her own individual interests throughout the war. By taking one side against her traditional foe, Italy has escaped the uncertainty of Greece, but she has not done any fighting of the kind that gets into the large type on the front pages. She is probably willing to keep Austria busy until the allies name their terms—hoping to get a generous slice in the apportionment of contested territory, but Austria seems to have tired of passive resistance and Italy may have to do more than she bargained for.

BUSINESS NOW NORMAL

Although there is as yet no diminution in the volume of American business, it is getting down to a more secure basis. War orders are falling off, and the manufacturing and trading is akin to that of the days before the war. This will bring a decided sense of relief in business and financial circles, because it was feared that the falling off in war orders would mean a reduction in prosperity. We are now seeing the silver lining of the clouds of our days of depression because America was conservative in the early days of the war and avoided overstocking in all lines. Apparently the close of the war will find American mills still working full time—and there will be new orders from foreign markets to offset any incidental loss.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

B. F. KEITH THEATRE
Five parts of compressed interest drawn up "The Sable Larch," the Triangle Fine Arts picture play which was shown at the B. F. Keith theatre, twice yesterday, and which will be given, afternoon and evening, during

HAVE COLOR IN YOUR CHEEKS

Be Better Looking—Take Olive Tablets

If your skin is yellow—complexion pallid—tongue coated—appetite poor—you have a bad taste in your mouth—a lazy, no-good feeling—you should take Olive Tablets. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—a substitute for calomel—were prepared by Dr. Edwards after 17 years of study with his patients. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color.

If you want a clear, pink skin, bright eyes, no pimples, a feeling of buoyancy like childhood days, you must get at the cause. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act on the liver and bowels like calomel—yet have no dangerous after effects.

They start the bile and overcome constipation. That's why millions of boxes are sold annually at 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

Take one or two nightly and note the pleasing results. The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, O.



HA! HA! HA!
"It Didn't Hurt a Bit"
Positive Painless Extraction
Free When Work Is Done

Dr. H. LAURIN
The New York Surgeon Dentist

Open Sundays from 9 a. m. to 12 m. Week days from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Tel. 4253. Opp. Owl Theatre
253 CENTRAL STREET.

Old Artificial Teeth

Set in gold, silver or rubber. We pay \$2.00 and up for full sets broken, mutilated. We also buy old gold, silver and platinum; mail them to us. We hold all goods for one week subject to your approval. Mendlow Bros. & Co., 25 School st., room 44, Boston, Mass., or branch office, 10 Central ave., room 2, Lynn, Mass.

Devine's Trunk Store

Removed to
156 Merrick St., Opp. Bon Marche
BEST LINE OF LEATHER GOODS IN LOWELL

the first half of the present week. With Tully Marshall and Thomas Jefferson playing leading roles real acting is guaranteed. The suspense in the story and in its manner of telling are of a high order. Not until the fifth part is well under way does the real significance of the chase appear. Up to that time matters have pluggled along at a rapid pace, but the real speed comes with the appearance of the twin brother from China, the mad, had rascal who scuttled a junk with 100 Chinese on board. He resembles in appearance a good brother to remarkably that John Soy, the half-breed Chinese, has dragged the foot-steps of the good ship and has him done up in a wooden box in a cellar in Chinatown.

Tully Marshall has a nation-wide reputation as an impersonator of eccentric types. Once upon a time he was a prize fighter in "The Other Girl," and then he became the dope-fiend in Fitch's "The City," and more recently he was the corrupt contractor in "Fina Feathers." Now he's following his natural bent of portraying various streaks of perversion in the movies. Revenge is the dominant note in his personation of "John Soy," who, with Murphy, a soldier of fortune, had been mixed up in a smuggling game out of some Chinese port. Donald Cameron was in on it, too, and he felt that the surest way to make a rich get away with all of the passage money was to scuttle the Chinese junk, or lorcha, and escape. He scuttled the boat all right, but his partner's in smuggling escaped from it and trailed him from China to America. They lost touch with the trail at one point, and got to hot-footing it after Robert Cameron, a millionaire stock broker, and brother of the bad Cameron. The two men looked much alike, and so Soy and Murphy may be pardoned for making a mistake. We are shown that in Chinatown with real Chinese in them, and there are observed the meetings of a tong or secret society tending its influence to the revenge game of Soy and Murphy. Of course these two men got one of the Camerons on his yacht, kidnapped him and took him to a dark, damp cellar. They were enabled to work their game through the use of a powder which rendered the one who inhaled it unconscious, although when he recovered from it there were no evil effects other than an utter loss of memory.

Nothing could persuade Soy and Murphy that they had the wrong man, nothing until the mad, bad Cameron slouched along, broken in health and ready to die. Then it was that one of the tong's boys was caught by a detective and, after a severe grilling, peached on his brothers. The police went to the cellar and found Robert Cameron with his feet clamped to the floor, and his head just out of the water, for the revenge planned by Soy and Murphy for him was drowning. Donald Cameron died, and Robert was freed, while Soy and Murphy and their tangmen were locked up.

It's a dandy, thrilling story, a regular shocker, exquisitely photographed, and with some great acting in it. The work of Tully Marshall is wonderfully vivid, while the acting of Thomas Jefferson in the dual roles of the Cameron brothers, is of the first quality. One of the greatest scenes in the whole picture is the application of the third degree to the Chinese boy, in which he holds off the detectives for a long time, but is gradually weakened and forced to tell the truth.

This isn't the whole show, however, for the Triangle-Keystone, "Fleekie Fatty's Fall," with Roscoe Arbuckle in the leading character, is shown. It's a howling comedy from start to finish, and it will be very well liked. A Bud Fisher cartoon, showing Mat and Jeff in hospital, and a George Ade farge, about a benevolent woman, a lorgnette and uplift, are also fetching. This combination of pictures will be shown twice today and tomorrow, and beginning Thursday afternoon, Douglas Fairbanks in "The Lamb," and Ford Sterling and Company in "The Hunt," will be the features for the remainder of the week.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

"The Day Lord Waring" with J. Warren Kerrigan in the title role, will again be presented at the continuous performances at the Merrimack Square theatre for the delight of those who are yet to attend this theatre during the time remaining before the change of the program Thursday. "The Pearl Girl" starring the captivating Hazel Dawn proved to be another picture in which the audience yesterday afternoon and evening took immense enjoyment. There is such a diversity in the themes of these two headliners that there is no chance for monotony or listlessness to creep in; the attention and interest of the audience is maintained throughout every picture. The Sis Hopkins comedy proved to be highly amusing and the Pathe News entertaining. These and the other pictures on the program will also be shown today and tomorrow at the Merrimack Square theatre.

OWL THEATRE

Francis Bushman and Beverly Fayne, the famous co-stars will again be seen at the Owl theatre this afternoon and evening in the wonderful five part feature photograph, "A Million Minutes," telling a story of a queer will, this film is one which is bound to please all. Other photographs will also be presented at the Owl today.

LITTLE GIRL MISSING

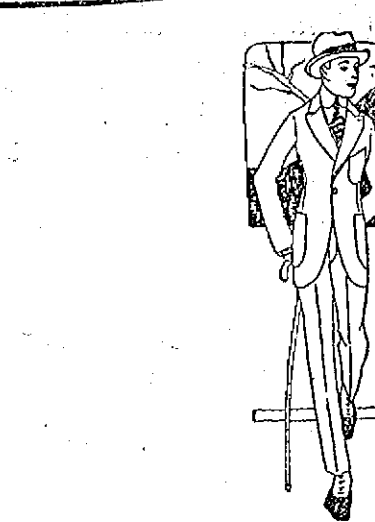
PLACED ON BOARD A TRAIN AT NEW YORK FOR LOWELL BUT HAS NOT ARRIVED

Mrs. Elizabeth Gallis of 124 South street, this city, is very anxious to know the whereabouts of her daughter, Leona, aged 11 years, who is supposed to have left New York for Lowell last Tuesday. The young woman was stopping in New York with relatives and a week ago yesterday the mother in this city received a letter informing her that her daughter would be placed aboard a train for Lowell the following day. The daughter has not as yet arrived.

REDUCING DRINK EVIL

ASTOUNDING SUCCESS OF CONTROL BOARD IN ENGLAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES

(Correspondence Associated Press) LONDON, May 11.—The astonishing success of the central control board in reducing the drink evil in England, Scotland and Wales since the board's inauguration in June, 1915, is strikingly shown in the second report made by the report shows that the efforts of the board have resulted in a reduction



Young Men's Suits \$10.00

Sold for \$13.50, \$15.00 and \$18.00

Spring Suits cut on young men's models, sizes 33 to 40. One or two suits only of a pattern, and in the lot only 34 suits from last season. All from our best manufacturers of young men's clothing. Capitally tailored, and strictly all wool, this small collection of young men's suits that sold up to \$18.00.

Now \$10.00

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET.

of the average weekly number of convictions for drunkenness in England and Wales from 1904 to 1914, to an average of 940 for last March, the latest month for which figures are available. In Scotland the average has been reduced from 1424 in 1914 to 794 for March.

The figures for London where a "no treating" order went into effect on Oct. 11, 1915, are of particular interest. The weekly average of convictions for the Metropolitan district in 1914 was 1501. This was reduced to 1008 for the four weeks prior to Oct. 11, and in the succeeding month dropped to 718. Reductions on a similar scale were shown in the great industrial centers of Liverpool, Birmingham and Manchester.

The board has been especially active in looking after the great army of workers who are employed in the munitions industry. To offset the evil influence of the drinking places usually patronized by the workers, "industrial canteens" where substantial and well cooked meals with light refreshments can be obtained at reasonable prices were established. In addition the law was enforced which requires public houses to supply food as well as liquor. Lord D'Abernon reports that the canteens have proved a great success and have contributed materially to the checking of excessive drinking and the improvement in the health of the workers.

Miss Mary Kingsley was the first British woman to enter the terrible gorilla country in the Cameroons and to explore the land of the Fangs, the most blood-thirsty cannibals on earth.

GENERAL FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS

NEW YORK, May 23.—The busiest of several thousands women here to attend the 13th biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs are the rival candidates for the presidency, Mrs. Samuel B. Sneath of Tiffin, O., and Mrs. Josiah Evans Cowles of Los Angeles, and their campaign workers. The election will take place on May 31.

Both candidates are suffragists, and Mrs. Sneath is vice-president of the Suffrage association of Ohio. Peace and preparedness issues may figure in the campaign for the presidency and come before the convention in resolutions. Mrs. Cowles is chairman of the peace committee of the federation and Mrs. Sneath is said to be inclined toward preparedness.

The credentials committee was surprised today by the discovery that one man is entitled to a seat in the convention. He is Housatonic T. Smith of Fulton, Ky. His wife is a delegate and Mrs. Smith comes as an accredited alternate.

A number of social functions were on the program today. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Edison gave a reception for the delegates this afternoon at their home in West Orange.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Parents Should Know This Splendid Remedy

Simple Laxative Compound Helps to Correct Constipation in Children.

With all children there are times when the bowels fail to act naturally and it becomes necessary for the parents to administer a remedy. Cathartics and purgatives are never used as these agents afford only temporary relief while the violent action shocks the system unduly. Mrs. Eva F. Gaff, 517 10th St., Washington, D. C., says that her little girl, Marie, had been subject to constipation, and that she found Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin the best remedy because of its mildness, and now always keeps a bottle of it in the home.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a compound of simple laxative herbs, free from opiates or narcotic drugs of any kind, and is an ideal remedy for children because of its mild action and positive effect. Its use tends to strengthen the impaired bowel action and restore normal regularity.

It is important that parents should know of a dependable remedy with no unpleasant after effects, griping or strain.



MARIE GAFF

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin costs only fifty cents a bottle and can be procured at any drug store. To obtain a trial bottle, free of charge, write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 451 Washington St., Monticello, Ill.

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Performed Painlessly by Our
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Office Hours—Week days: Continuous from 9 a. m. to 8:30 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 1 p. m.
16 Rutels Bldg. Merrimack Square Lowell, Mass.

A QUARTER CENTURY AGO

I hang my harp by Babylon's wave
And sit me down weeping.
The thoughts and tears I cannot stay
Flow onward with the tide.

I cannot pray thee hear him back,
(Do streams flow from the sea?)
But guide my bark to sunny isles
Where he must surely be.

A man, a priest, the world has lost;
Few such doth heaven lend!
Weep, world! but what's your grief to
mine,
For I have lost a friend?

O sainted spirit, genial soul,
Rest now, thy work is o'er,
In many a heart thou wilt live long—
In one, forevermore.

As the lamented Bishop Delany
when a college student thus mourned
the death of a friend in religion, so do
his many friends today lament, as
fond memory brings him to mind on
this the 26th anniversary of his ordi-
nation to the priesthood. The old
Sun mentioned that grand event of
long ago, as follows:

"The Rev. John B. L. Delany, son
of Thomas Delany, the well known
tailor, of Market street, was ordained
a priest at St. Sulpice seminary, at
Paris, May 23, 1890. The ordination
ceremony was performed in the pres-
ence of 50 bishops and over 200
priests. There were 17 young men or-
dained at the same time. Fr. Delany
being the first Lowell young man ever
ordained at this seminary. Fr. Delany
is travelling through Europe. He was
in London Thursday (June 6) and will
be in Ireland tomorrow. By request of
his father, he will celebrate his first
mass after landing in Ireland, at the
parish chapel of Killakin. Co. Galway,
for the repose of the souls of his an-
cestors. This is the parish in which
his father was born and baptized. The
young priest is expected home in the
latter part of the next month, and
will probably be stationed at the ca-
thedral in Manchester. Fr. Delany is
26 years of age and has been studying
for the past 14 years, having spent
four years at the Lowell high school,
six years at the Jesuit college, in Bos-
ton, and four years in Paris."

Bishop Delany went to Manchester
in 1891 where 12 years afterward on
September 5, 1904, he was elevated to
the bishopric. Less than two years
later, June 11, 1905, he was called to
his reward. Before becoming bishop
of Manchester, Father Delany be-
came widely known as a writer and
the publication, "The Guidon," under
his editorial management, became one
of the leading Catholic publications
of the country. Though a decade has
been told in the story of the fleeting
years, since he passed away, his mem-
ory is still green in the hearts of the

many in Lowell, who knew, loved and
venerated him.

"The golden rays of evening tide
Their brightest rubies lent,
To hill and dale and brook beside
When day its course had spent.
Great Phoebus drew in purple folds
The clouds about his bed;
The rays redeemed the rubies lent
The last bright beams had fled.

And longingly I watched the bark
That bore a friend away,
Nor missed the light that from me
sped.

Till darkness followed day,
A gloom had settled on my soul,
Night dews upon my heart,
With aching eyes in loneliness,
I watched my friend depart."

—Bishop Delany.

Supt. Lawton Retires

It was just quarter of a century
ago that Supt. of Schools George F.
Lawton announced in the May meet-
ing of the school board that with the
close of school he would retire from
his position at the head of the school
department, and that he would not ac-
cept a re-election, though there
wasn't any doubt at the time about
his ability to be re-elected if he so de-
sired. Judge Lawton upon retiring
took up the practice of law with his
brother Frederick W. Lawton, and
subsequently was elevated to the bench
as justice of the probate court, which
position he continues to grace today.
The announcement of his retirement
called forth some pointed remarks
from "Monte Cristo," the old Sun's po-
litical writer, who said among other
things the following:

"The position of superintendent of
schools under the wise legislation of
our school board has become a kind
of political sinecure. There is much
for the superintendent to do but the
committee never allows him to do it.
They divide the work among subordi-
nates who do pretty much as they
please and reap all the glory while
the superintendent takes all the blame.
Mr. Lawton is a very good man for the
position nowadays is not suitable for
any good man. It is impossible for a
sensible man to do good work if he
hopes to retain his position and draw
his salary."

Of course that was quarter of a cen-
tury ago.

Simon B. Was Busy
Says the Sun of quarter of a century
ago:
"Simon B. Harris is determined to
close up that house on the Lawrence
road."
"That house" referred to was one of
the notorious "road-houses," so-called,
that had periods of temporary prospe-
rity in days gone by, and which were
located in the country districts a few
miles out of the city. Raided time and

again, they would always resume opera-
tions after the furors raised concern-
ing them had blown over. As none of
them was within the city limits, the
city authorities could not interfere
with them. But Simon B. was a free
lance, and he did effective work in
clearing the neighborhood of such
places.

Water Conditions in the Past

While we are discussing the recent
discovery of the leak in the city's new
filtration plant, the contrast of water
conditions of today with those of quar-
ter of a century ago, before the city
established its present driven well sys-
tem, is interesting. In the old days the
city drew its water from the Merrimack
river and filtered it before deliver-
ing it to the consumers. The prevale-
ncy of typhoid fever, due undoubtedly
to the water, led to the construction
of the driven well plant, from
which we get water today. The fol-
lowing editorial on the subject of the
water conditions appeared in The Sun
quarter of a century ago:

"The board of trade has undertaken
the study of the city water with a view
to helping the water board to arrive at
a correct solution of the present diffi-
culty. To provide pure water from a
contaminated source is the problem to
be solved. The board is confident that
some of the systems of filtration now
on the market will accomplish the de-
sired object, but as the microbes are
capable of passing through fine cloth,
it is not likely that any filter will ex-
tract them from the water supply. It
is difficult to say whether the filtering
process will have the desired effect,
although it will be quite expensive."

"There is one way, however, in which
the water board can do something
toward purifying the water, and that
is by keeping out of the river the
bodies of dead animals. When a hu-
man being is drowned in the river
above the filter plant, the water board
should use all its efforts to have the
body recovered as soon as possible.
Down at Haggett's pond, the Andover
authorities will arrest anybody they
find bathing in the lake, yet the au-
thorities here, not only allow bathing
in the river but they do not show much
concern even when it is known that
dead bodies are decomposing in the
river for over a week. In such cases,
of course, the water board is directly
responsible for the consequent contam-
ination. Now that the purification of
the water occupies the attention of two
boards instead of one it is to be hoped
that something will be accomplished."

But, as it has since been shown, even
with a vigilant waterways commission
eternally on the job, it is impossible to
prevent drowning where there is deep
water, and while perhaps the old water
board might have been less negligent
that it might have seen floating around
in the river, it could not fish for those
that were under the surface, and finally
the problem was solved by the installa-
tion of the driven well plant, that did
away with the use of river water. Al-
most immediately the health depart-
ment noted a substantial decrease in
the number of typhoid cases, and they
are comparatively few today to what
they were when Lowell drank and
washed in river water. But now we
are spending a large amount of money
on a plant to filter the river water, even
as we used to filter the river water
long ago, and what was said in The Sun
quarter of a century ago you'll hear
repeated today, to wit: "It is difficult to
say whether the filtering process will
have the desired effect although it will
be quite expensive."

Ring for Quarter of a Century

Says the old Sun:
"Mr. John Cosgrove, who has been
playing the chimes of St. Patrick's
church, has resigned his position, and
Joseph Johnson, brother of Michael
Johnson, the organist, has been ap-
pointed to fill the position. Mr. John-
son has been practicing for the past
few days and the people in that vicin-
ity have been treated to a series of
airs."

Mr. Johnson is now in the quarter
century class for he still plays them,
though within the past few years their
impressive tones have been heard only
occasionally, as for the past several
months they have been played only at
funerals.

THE OLD TILER.

THE STOCKHOLM MARKET

AMERICAN DOLLAR DECLINING IN
VALUES ON SCANDINAVIAN
BOURSES

(Correspondence of Associated Press)
STOCKHOLM, May 11.—The Ameri-
can dollar has been steadily declining
in values on the Scandinavian
bourses until on May 10 the drop rep-
resented a loss of 12 per cent. more
than half of which has occurred in
the last two months. The normal
value of the dollar in Stockholm and
other Scandinavian capitals is three
kroner and 73 ore. It was quoted to-
day on "change at 2.28 whereas only
2.20 was paid at banks on American
dollar drafts.

This condition is partly accounted
for by the fact that the Germans have
recently dumped a great quantity of
American money and bills receivable
on the Stockholm market. It is be-
lieved, however, that it is principally
due to the falling off in American
trade during the past few months on
account of the difficulty and danger in
transferring money caused by the
tightening of the British blockade.
The seizure and holding up of mails
also is a factor.

Letters reaching Stockholm today
were mailed in New York seven weeks
ago. As mails to America are stopped
also by the British naval blockade, the
letters censored in England, mer-
chants must figure on three and a
half months for an exchange of let-
ters. This makes it practically impos-
sible to transact business in this way.
The English pound sterling has been
leading the dollar downward. From
the normal 18 kroner and 20 ore it

Use Coconut Oil
For Washing Hair

If you want to keep your hair in
good condition, be careful what you
wash it with.

Most soaps and prepared sham-
poos contain too much alkali. This
dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle,
and is very harmful. Just plain
mulsified coconut oil (which is pure
and entirely greaseless), is much
better than the most expensive soap
or anything else you can use for
shampooing, as this can't possibly
injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with
water and rub it in. One or two
teaspoonfuls will make an abund-
ance of rich creamy lather, and
cleanses the hair and scalp thor-
oughly. The lather rises out easily,
and removes every particle of dust,
dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The
hair dries quickly and evenly, and it
leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy
and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified coconut oil
at most drug stores. It is very
cheap, and a few ounces is enough
to last everyone in the family for
months.

DARKEN YOUR
GRAY HAIR

Look Young—Apply Q-Ban
—Harmless—No Dye.

Not a trace of gray shows in your
hair after a few applications of Q-
Ban Hair Color Restorer to hair and
scalp. Q-Ban is no dye but a harm-
less ready-to-use liquid. If your hair
is gray, streaked with gray, prema-
turely gray, faded, thin or falling,
simply shampoo hair and scalp with
Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer. All your
gray hair and entire head of hair
then quickly turns to an even, beau-
tiful dark shade, leaving all your
hair healthy, fluffy, soft, radiant, full
of life, fascinating; so evenly dark
and handsome no one will suspect
you used Q-Ban. Also stops dandruff
and falling hair. Sold on a money-
back guarantee. Only 50c for a big
bottle at Riker-Jaynes Drug Store,
121 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.
Out-of-town people supplied by par-
cel post.—Advertisement.

was quoted today at 15.42, while still
less was paid on exchange, a loss of
more than 15 per cent. German marks
showed a loss of more than 30 per
cent. The Russian ruble and the Aus-
trian crown are worth about half
their normal value and the French
franc is 25 per cent. under par.

HE REFUSES TO RESIGN

M. J. WEST, SCHOOL SUPERINTEND-
ENT, SAYS HE WILL FIGHT OUT
CHARGES—TWO SUITS FILED

MILLIS, May 23.—M. J. West, super-
intendent of schools in Millis, West-
wood, Norfolk and Medford, yesterday
refused to resign his position.

His resignation was requested in a
letter received by him Saturday from
John C. Mulvihill of Westwood, chair-
man of the joint school committee of
the four towns over which West has
supervision.

Mulvihill's letter sought the resig-
nation of Superintendent West "for the
good of the service." The request
followed various meetings and confer-
ences of the joint committee after cer-
tain teachers in the town and Medford
had preferred charges of attempted
hugging and other alleged improper
conduct against West before the local
school committee.

West's refusal to resign gave the
first public intimation that the joint
committee had demanded his resigna-
tion. It was announced following the
last meeting of the joint committee,
April 26, that there would be another
meeting this week, at which both the
teachers who made the charges and
West himself would be given a chance
to air their views of the matter.

West was emphatic yesterday in his
declaration that under no circum-
stances would he voluntarily resign.
He intimated that his discharge by
the committee would be pleasing to
him, in that it would enable him to
appeal for a public hearing before the
state board of education, at which the
teachers who made the charges would
have to appear.

None of the charges had been put in
writing at the time of the last joint
committee meeting.

Mulvihill said last night that the
next procedure would be another meet-
ing of the joint committee at which
the matter of West's refusal to resign
would be taken up. "We have prac-
tically decided upon our plan of ac-
tion," he said. "I have not as yet
received, formally, West's refusal.
Understand that the joint committee
has made no charge. It has simply
heard those charged by the Millis
school committee, and the school
teachers in that town."

Two suits, charging slander and
libel, amounting to \$10,000 each have
been filed at Dedham court by West,
against J. Clarence Thorne, chairman
of the local school committee, and
Committeeman J. Allen Cole. The
suits are returnable on June 5.

WATERWAYS COMMISSION

IT APPEALS TO THE STATE POLICE
TO ASSIST IN CONDEMNING FRAG-
ILE STRUCTURES OVER CANAL

That the committee on waterways is
a real live wire is being evidenced
every day, not because of the numerous
epistles addressed to the mayor and
members of the municipal council, but
because of the recognition that has
been taken of its recommendations and
the committee's evident desire to cor-
rect existing evils here and to make its
appeals for the betterment of condi-
tions to the proper authorities.

The committee has recently taken a
very important matter up with the
state police, with the result that cer-
tain and very necessary improvements
are to be made in buildings along the
Suffolk canal. The committee addressed
a letter to State Inspector Neal, ad-
vising him of certain tenements along
the Suffolk canal, the rear piazzas of
which overhang the deep water. The
committee reported that these build-
ings are in a dangerous condition, and
that any person venturing on them is
in imminent danger of being precipi-
tated into the canal. The committee
informed the state inspector that they
had taken the matter up with the local
inspector, but that he had taken no
action.

The committee's letter was answered
by John H. Plunkett, chief of the dis-
trict police, to the effect that he had
taken the matter up with State Build-
ing Inspector Daniel J. Fitzgerald, who
has charge of this district and who has
an office in this city. Chief Plunkett
said that Inspector Fitzgerald had
made an inspection and had found that
two of such buildings as were men-
tioned in the committee's letter came
within the jurisdiction of the state de-
partment, and that Mr. Fitzgerald had
issued the necessary orders to place
such buildings in safe condition.

Chief Plunkett said Mr. Fitzgerald
reported that the remaining buildings
came under the jurisdiction of the city
of Lowell, and that the state has no power in
the matter. The committee gave out
today that it today met after the local
inspector and have him investigated and
report as to the condition of the build-
ings in question.

If you want help at home or in your
business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THRILLING TRIP

Bark Blown Five Months
in Hurricane—Crew
Faced Starvation

BOSTON, May 23.—For the greater
part of five months the big Italian
bark Luigia, which was towed into
port yesterday, was the plaything of
the elements, and although she was
within 150 miles of this port on Feb.
25, since that time she has been
blown north to Newfoundland and
then south to the West Indies.

The bark was badly damaged, and
for a time those on board feared that
if the fierce gales did not cause the

vessel to sink, they would meet a
more tragic death from starvation.
It was on Dec. 6 that the bark sailed
from Frey Brenos, a port on the Riv-
er Plate in Uruguay, with a cargo of
fertilizer for Boston. The early part
of the passage was marked by fair
weather, which soon changed to head
winds and high seas. Despite the un-
favorable conditions the old square-
rigger fought her way through the
Atlantic toward Boston. On Feb. 25
the bark was 150 miles outside of
Boston Light. Then a fierce hurri-
cane swept the vessel off its course
and blew it in a northerly direction
until almost off the coast of New-
foundland.

Once more Captain Marchese headed
for Boston, only to meet with a sec-
ond fierce storm. This time his ves-
sel was blown south and held firm
in the grasp of the tempest until off
the West Indies. Then the ship lay a
week in a fearful tropical calm.
The food supply was nearly ex-
hausted and the commander and crew

of 16 feared for several days that
they would die for the want of food
and fresh water.

A third terrific storm drove the
helpless vessel before it. This time
luck favored the Luigia's crew, for
they were left near the Barbadoes,
and Captain Marchese put into port
there on April 21, for much needed
food.

"We could not have held out much
longer," the captain told a reporter
yesterday, in describing the terrors
of his trip.

The pounding of the seas against
the vessel stove in her main and for-
ward deck fittings. Much of her rigging
was damaged, too. The captain
feared that some of the cargo may
have been damaged by water. Her
cargo consisted of 18,320 bags of
guano and 4700 kilos of bones for a
local fertilizer manufacturing concern.
The Luigia is 39 years old, and hails
from Naples.

Lowell, Tuesday, May 23, 1916.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

\$1.25 Crepe de Chine

Only **59c** a Yard

Some 1500 yards now on sale in our silk department in remnants, matched into dress pat-
terns, skirt and waist lengths. Also convenient lengths for lingerie, camisoles and boudoir caps,
for linings, etc. 24 inches wide in white, black and a large range of colors. Regular price \$1.25,
only 59c Yard

PALMER STREET

RIGHT AISLE

The Following Prices for
Turkish and Huck Towels

ARE FULLY ONE-THIRD CHEAPER THAN REGULAR

900 dozen on sale today; odd lots, discontinued numbers and a few seconds closed out from
the manufacturers. Prudent shoppers who have followed the rise of all cotton goods will ap-
preciate the following bargains:

HUCK TOWELS

HUCK TOWELS—	AT
White huck towels with fast color borders, size 33x17, 100 value	7 1/2c EACH

HUCK TOWELS—	AT
Heavy huck towels, plain white and colored borders, size 34x17, 12 1/2c value.....	9c EACH 3 for 25c

HEMSTITCHED HUCK TOWELS—	AT
Fine hemstitched huck towels, size 36x17 inches, seconds of the 12 1/2c quality.....	10c EACH

HUCK TOWELS—	AT
Extra heavy huck towels, plain white, size 36x17 inches, seconds of the 12 1/2c value...	10c EACH

PALMER STREET

BASEMENT

TURKISH TOWELS

TURKISH TOWELS—	AT
Bleached Turkish towels, good quality, 34x16 inches, first quality	9c EACH 3 for 25c

TURKISH TOWELS—	AT
Good and heavy bleached Turkish towels, size 36x19 inches, 15c value	11c EACH

TURKISH TOWELS—	AT
Large and heavy Turkish towels, bleached, size 48x22 inches, 25c value.....	19c EACH 3 for 50c

FANCY TURKISH TOWELS—	AT
Heavy fancy Turkish towels, blue, pink and yellow borders, size 40x18, 39c value.....	25c EACH

FANCY TURKISH TOWELS—	AT
Large and heavy Turkish towels, fancy blue, pink and yellow borders, 50c value, slightly stained	39c EACH 2 for 75c

Fly Netting, Etc.

FLY NETTING AT 50c A PIECE OF 8 YARDS,
OR 8c A YARD—We have on sale 2000
pieces of Andrew McLean best fly netting,
full widths, black, white and colors, at
59c a Piece of 8 Yards, or 8c Yard

EXTRA HEAVY FLY NETTING, black and
white, at
12 1/2c Yard, or 85c a Piece of 8 Yards

SCREENING—Extra heavy cotton screening,
black and green, 36 in. wide, at....15c Yard

Short Lengths of Fine Summer-Weight
Worsted at Half Price and Less

ON SALE WEDNESDAY MORNING

1200 Yards in Plain and Novelty Fabrics, Serges, Gabardines, Poplins, etc., in blues and other good
colors, 54 inches wide. Regular \$1.25 and \$1.50 grades, only.....69c Yard

500 Yards of Cream White Suitings, remnants, matched into skirt and suit lengths. The most de-
sirable lot of worsteds we've been able to offer at the price. Regular \$1.50 to \$2.50,
only 79c Yard

PALMER STREET

RIGHT AISLE

One Week Only

Only one more week in which to get a Vulcan
Gas Water Heater at \$17. This great spe-
cial ends May 31 and then the price must be
raised. Don't wait until the last couple of
days. Telephone or bring in your order at
once—TODAY.

Nothing to pay for
30 days—Then only
\$1 per month.

Gas Appliance Store
198 Merrimack St.

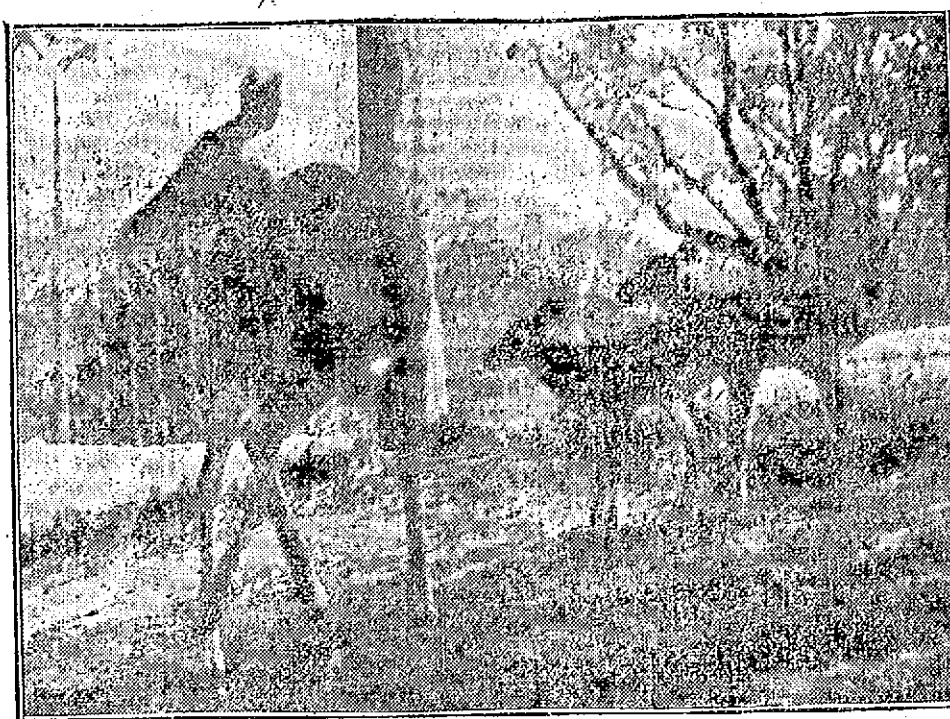
Telephone 349.

INQUIRY INTO REVOLT

DEER FAMILY AT FORT HILL PARK INCREASED BY TWO YESTERDAY NOON

DOHERTY BROS. VICTORY

Supreme Court Sustains Verdict for \$28,671—Another Decision in Important Lowell Case



THE MOTHER DOE AND HER YOUNG

Photo by Barr.

Sunday about noon two pretty "little baby deer," as they were called by the children, were born at the paddock on Fort Hill park and two hours after they were walking around under the enclosure and even putting their heads through the wire fence to the children that attracted their attention. Although somewhat unsteady on their feet, they managed to get around fairly well. One, however, seemed weak and it fell and rolled down hill.

The whole deer family seemed interested in the movements of the new arrivals until two dogs came around and caused excitement. The mother at once confronted the dogs and ran around the fence following them in order to prevent the possibility of their entrance. This was but a precautionary measure for the protection of her young and in the pursuit of the dogs and had both got through the fence at the dog it is certain from their maneuvers they would have disposed of him in short order.

Supt. Kernan was on the scene and was much interested in the addition to the deer family. The twin deer are very beautiful, their fur or hair being of a buff color with round white spots giving them a speckled appearance. Today Supt. Kernan has men at work building a shelter for the deer and tonight the little ones will have a warm bed to lie upon, as it is understood that last night they slept considerably from lying on the damp ground. It was feared that one of the fawns might have died last night as yesterday afternoon it was weak and shivering very noticeably. Today, however, both seemed quite healthy and when The Sun photographer called to take a picture of them he found it quite difficult to get them together.

Supt. Kernan is making a study of taking care of the deer and will consult the best authorities on the subject so that the new arrivals at the paddock will be well taken care of. They will prove a great attraction for the children.

The supreme court has just handed down a decision overruling the exceptions taken by counsel for the 13 defendants in the case of William P. Doherty vs. Phoenix Insurance Co., and 12 other defendants, which was tried at the Gorham street court house last December.

It will be remembered that at that time the jury brought in a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for the sum of \$28,671. Counsel for the defendants immediately filed exceptions to the verdict and the case went to the supreme court for a ruling, which has been decided again in favor of the plaintiff. Mr. Doherty sued the insurance company and the other defendants to recover for losses sustained by a fire in a foundry owned by him in Ayer.

Another Decision

Litigation which has extended over a period of nearly five years between Mrs. Rolf and the estate of her late husband, Mr. Rolf, has been brought to a close by a decision of the full bench of the supreme judicial court recently handed down in favor of Mrs. Rolf.

Mrs. Rolf brought suit against the estate of her late husband, Mr. Rolf, who died in 1911 and obtained a verdict for services rendered Mrs. Rolf in the sum of \$1677 before Judge Sanderson and a jury in the supreme court. Mrs. Rolf, who died shortly before her death conveyed her real estate at the corner of Seventh and Bridge streets in Lowell, to her sister, Mrs. Clarke, in consideration of the promise of Mrs. Clarke to support Mrs. Rolf during the remainder of her life.

This conveyance left Mrs. Rolf with an estate of so small an amount as not to be sufficient to pay Mrs. Rolf's claim. Mrs. Clarke was removed as administrator of Mrs. Rolf's estate and Mrs. Rolf appointed a bill in equity in the supreme court to set aside the conveyance made by Mrs. Rolf to Mrs. Clarke.

That it was fraudulent as against creditors of Mrs. Rolf, the full bench of the supreme court has now decided that Mrs. Clarke's promise to support Mrs. Rolf was not such consideration for the conveyance as to render it valid against a creditor of Mrs. Rolf.

That a decree be entered directing Mrs. Clarke to pay over to Mrs. Rolf the amount of her claim, together with costs of suit within 60 days from the date of the decree. If Mrs. Clarke does not do this the court orders that she do this at the corner of Seventh and Bridge streets, which was formerly belonged to Mrs. Rolf, be sold at public auction, and that Mrs. Rolf be paid out of the proceeds of the sale, and the surplus, if any, turned over to Mrs. Clarke. During the various phases of this litigation, hearings have been held before ten judges, Judges McNeill and Lawton of the probate court, Judges Sanderson and King of the supreme judicial court, except Judge Carroll, E. J. Flynn and W. W. Clarke. Boston represented Mrs. Rolf, and Quin, Howard & Rogers appeared for Mrs. Rolf.

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Birrell Recalled as Witness—Kitchen Denies Being Asked for Troops to Quell Irish Rebels

LONDON, May 22.—At the opening of today's session of the royal commission's inquiry into the Irish revolt, Augustine Birrell, former chief secretary for Ireland, was recalled as a witness, a difference of opinion having arisen between himself and the War office as to what had happened during the conferences mentioned by the former chief secretary for Ireland in his evidence last week.

Baron Charles Hardinge, a member of the commission, read a letter written by Maj. Gen. MacReady, of the adjutant general's staff of the war department, at the request of Field Marshal Lord Kitchener, the secretary of war, in which Gen. MacReady said that the conference of March 20, at which Mr. Birrell, according to his testimony, had asked for more troops to be sent to Ireland, had reference to the state of recruiting in Ireland and that the proposal was that troops should be sent to various parts of Ireland to encourage men to join the colors.

"So far as we are aware," said Gen. MacReady's letter, "there was no question of sending troops for the purpose of over-awing the Sinn Féin."

General Friend, the commander of the forces in Ireland, the letter continued, had reported the possibility of trouble in South Ireland and suggested that he would need more troops. As a result, arrangements were made for a reserve battalion to be sent if it were required. Of course, the letter pointed out, had troops been sent to stimulate recruiting they would have been available in an emergency.

Mr. Birrell in reply said he was surprised to hear that he had omitted to mention at the conference the necessity of sending troops to Dublin. He certainly had done so, he declared, in interviews with Generals French and Friend.

Viscount Middleton stated that before the outbreak he had conferred with Mr. Birrell, and had strongly urged that the National Volunteers be disarmed.

Mr. Birrell had said in effect, declared the witness, that the movement was one to be laughed at, not one to be taken seriously.

On Feb. 25 Mr. Birrell, continued the witness, had written him a letter in which the following occurred: "The proposal is that the Irish Volunteers be disarmed and put them down by force, would, in my opinion, be a reckless, foolish act and promote disloyalty to a prodigious extent. I am more alarmed at the possibility of bombs and isolated acts of violence than of concerted action."

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HISTORY OF PLOT WHICH RESULTED IN IRISH REVOLT

LONDON, May 22.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press)—This is the history as told by the authorities here, of the widespread plot which resulted in the ill-fated uprising in Ireland which plunged the Emerald Isle for a space into a reign of bloodshed and destruction. It is a story to the effect that the Sinn Féin organization was used as a pawn in the game played by Berlin and certain German revolutionaries in America and how the failure of the revolt was made doubly sure by the inability or disinclination on the part of Germany to carry out important features of the plan at almost the last moment. The facts given here have been gathered from authentic British sources.

The plot had its inception shortly after the beginning of the war, when certain Irishmen and German authorities conceived the idea of utilizing the Sinn Féin organization for a revolt—the Germans being actuated, of course, by the admittedly legitimate purpose of weakening Great Britain and the others having national aspirations, or, in at least one case, a desire to obtain revenge for alleged political wrongs suffered at the hands of England. At that time the Sinn Féin organization had been organized because of jealousy of the Nationalist Volunteers, probably had no definite idea of starting a revolt. They accepted the plan, however, and eventually fell victims to a scheme that was not of their own making.

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THE VOCATIONAL SCHOOL NEW FIRE AUTO

GRADUATION EXERCISES TO BE HELD JUNE 27—AN EXHIBITION PLANNED

The graduation exercises of the girls' department of the Vocational school will be held on the morning of June 27 and the speaker for the occasion will be Mrs. Margaret J. Stannard, director of the Garland school of Boston, who will speak on "Education for Home Making."

The exercises will be presided over by Supt. Hugh J. Molloy of the school department, while Mayor James E. O'Donnell will present the diplomas.

The school will close on June 23 and the Sun this morning that 24 young women will receive their diplomas in connection with the graduation exercises which will be held at the Morrill school in Common street, an exhibition of the work done by the pupils in the course of the year will be held for the parents and close relatives of the pupils. Later in the afternoon will be held for the general public.

There will be no graduation exercises in the boys' department, for the male pupils are not given diplomas until they have secured outside employment and made good. The boys' classes will also close on June 23.

Mr. Fisher said the boys are doing very well and many are securing employment before leaving school and through the school. About eight of the boys who have completed their studies at the vocational school and who have made good will be awarded diplomas within a short time. The date to be announced later will complete his studies this week and next week he will be employed by a local electrician. Mr. Fisher says although the school is under no obligation to find work for the boys, demands for help will be cheerfully received by the officials of the school and well recommended boys will be supplied.

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LATE GOVERNOR PRAISED

LEGISLATURE PAYS TRIBUTE TO LATE JOHN D. LONG—HEARING ON MILK BILL

BOSTON, May 23.—The Massachusetts house of representatives devoted part of its session yesterday afternoon to a tribute to the memory of ex-Gov. John D. Long.

The ex-governor's death occurred last summer after the general election of 1915 had been pronounced, and it remained for the present legislature to make fitting acknowledgment of the services of the former chief executive of the commonwealth.

Resolutions were adopted and Gov. McCall was invited to address the house while it was in regular session—something that has not taken place on Beacon Hill in years.

At 2:35 the house laid on the table the orders of the day and a committee made up of Kennard of Somerville, E. M. H. of Taunton, Warner of Taunton, Sullivan of Boston, Southern of Taunton, Waterman of Williamstown, Bradley of Boston, Mildrum of Boston, Abbott of Haverhill, Cross of Royalston and Sawyer of Ware was appointed to escort the governor to the house chamber.

Floor and Galleries Filled.
The public galleries and the speaker's gallery were filled and practically every member was in his seat when the governor entered. There was prolonged applause as he walked down the aisle and took his seat at the speaker's table on the dais. On the other side of the speaker sat Alfred Hemenway, Gov. Long's former partner.

The resolutions were read and then Mr. Allen of Newbury, who originally introduced them, addressed the house. He spoke of the affection and respect for Gov. Long by the people of Hingham and told how he had endeavored himself to all with whom he had come in contact.

Mr. Burr of Boston, who entered the office of Long & Hemenway 22 years ago, gave a review of Gov. Long, saying he "tried to drive right and justice in a team together."

The governor was then accorded the privilege of the floor.

Income Tax Bill.
The state senate, after a prolonged debate yesterday afternoon, passed to the house the income tax bill in the form in which it was reported by the committee. The discussion was given over to proposed amendments, three of which were offered by Senator Clifford of the Cape and one by Senator Gordon of Springfield. All were rejected.

The senate ordered to a third reading the bill to abolish the board of port directors and to transfer their powers to the harbor and land commission.

This action was not taken until Senator Hays had sought to have substituted for the report of the ways and means committee the bill of the special committee on commissions, which provided for the abolition of the port directors and the harbor and land commission and the establishment of the Massachusetts harbor commission.

This measure has been passed by the house. A rollcall on the question of substitution resulted in 17 yeas to 15 nays.

Senator Gordon was refused unanimous consent to move reconsideration of the previous rejection of a bill to permit the sale of gasoline and auto repair parts on Sunday.

By a rollcall vote, 15 to 21, rejection, as recommended by the ways and means committee of the bill to increase to \$4000 the salary of the secretary of the industrial accident board.

The bill to require notaries and justices of the peace to affix to instruments bearing their seals a statement of the date of expiration of their commissions, was referred to the next general court.

Resolution. Appropriating \$15,000 for improvements and buildings at the Belchertown site for a school for feeble-minded was passed to be engrossed under a suspension of the rules.

The ways and means committee reported the bill to reorganize the state board of insanity. The committee of the house on amendments to the present employees of the state board of insanity shall be retained by the new commission unless removed under civil service rules.

Hearing on Milk Bill.
A hearing was held yesterday by the ways and means committee of the Massachusetts house of representatives on the McLaughlin milk bill, so-called. The bill provides for the creation of a board of milk regulation to consist of three members of the health department, four selected by the governor from agricultural boards and societies and two from local boards of health.

Dr. Allan J. McLaughlin, commissioner of health; Dr. Charles F. Withington, president of the Massachusetts Medical Association; Senator George H. Ellis; Dr. Herman C. Lytle; Senator Ezra Clark; Myron E. Pierce, George Albree, Representative John P. Nickerson, Edward H. Williams and others appeared in favor, and Wilfred Wheeler, for the state board of agriculture; D. M. Harwood, general agent of the dairy bureau; Representative George E. O'Connell; W. H. Tuck spoke briefly in opposition.

SPANISH WAR VETERANS

GEN. AMES CAMP ISSUES GENERAL ORDER FOR MEMORIAL DAY OBSERVANCE

The members of Gen. Adelbert Ames camp, No. 10, United Spanish War Veterans met last night in the council chamber at city hall and considerable business of importance was transacted. It was voted to attend the preparedness parade in Boston Saturday.

General Order No. 1 for the Memorial day exercises was read, the order being as follows:

Decorations of graves: No. 1.—The graves of all comrades in the various cemeteries will be decorated in the afternoon of Saturday, May 27 by the Memorial day committee.

No. 2.—All comrades who wish to volunteer their assistance will report to Comrade Bert W. Chandler, adjutant at the Edison cemetery at 1:30 p. m. on Saturday, May 27.

The comrades will assemble at city hall on Sunday, May 28, at 10 a. m. sharp, and march in a body to the First Universalist church to attend memorial services. The ladies' auxiliary will be met at the church on Hurd street.

No. 3.—In the afternoon the comrades will re-assemble at city hall at 2 p. m. to participate with the G. A. R. in the memorial services at the First Congregational church.

Memorial day, Tuesday, May 30th. The following are detailed for duty: Comrade F. Ritz as chief musician to report to Officer of the Crowl at 12:15 p. m. sharp. Comrades as aids of chief marshal staff at 12:15. Comrades F. T. Nichols and George E.

Worthen, Jr., to report to Color Sergeant J. H. Ward at 12:15. All at the high school annex. L. W. Lapan and J. Noonan in regulation police uniform, to report at armory, Westford street at 12:15 p. m. sharp to act as band escort to report to chief musician of Sixth Regt. band.

Services at graves.—All Spanish war veterans intending to take part in the march to the cemetery will assemble at 12:15 p. m. Formation will be taken at 12:50 and the column will immediately take up the march to the cemetery. The march will be renewed by His Honor the mayor and the municipal council at city hall. Proceeding to St. Patrick's cemetery, services will be held at the completion of the ceremonies at that place. The Edison cemetery will be visited and services held at soldiers' lot.

No. 4.—The escort made up of members of Companies C, G, K, Sixth regiment, M.V.M., and Company M, Ninth regiment, M.V.M., will be commanded by Captain Thomas W. Doyle, and also act as a firing squad which will salute the dead.

Grand Army parade.—Ceremonies commencing at the cemetery. The column will proceed direct to the South common to participate in the parade of the posts of the Grand Army of the United States, Southern of Taunton, at the request of the chief marshal.

2.—After passing in review, and the main body disbanded, the command will march to the Edison cemetery, at 12:15 p. m. sharp, for refreshments.

Refreshments. 1.—The refreshments will be furnished by the Memorial day committee, acting in accordance with the order of the entertainment of all guests.

2.—Following the refreshments there will be addresses by prominent speakers, musical selections and readings.

3.—All provisions of this order of whatever nature, will be strictly adhered to, subject, however, to unforeseen circumstances causing change.

4.—The carriages with disabled comrades and clergy will report to Honorary member Comrade Arthur Salmon at the high school annex on Palace st. at 12:40 p. m.

5.—The Sixth regiment band will report at the state armory at 12:15 to accompany the military escort to the place of assembly.

6.—All comrades should make a special effort to turn out and ask a S. V. W. to turn out, as this is our duty to our departed comrades.

All Spanish War Veterans, whether members of the camp or not, are invited to turn out in the parade and to attend the refreshments. No veteran who does not turn out in the parade will be admitted to the refreshments. All special orders of the camp commander.

Alex. D. Mitchell, Commander.
Bert W. Chandler, Adjutant.

BIG PARADE IN BOSTON

GEN. WOOD PLANS TO VIEW DEFENSE PARADE NEXT SATURDAY—CITY COUNCIL IN LINE

BOSTON, May 23.—Virtual acceptance by Mayor General Leonard Wood of the invitation to review Boston's defense parade next Saturday, first announcement of plans for the divisions of women from the Special Aid Society for American Prisoners, a proclamation to the public issued by Mayor Henry L. Higginson and the decision of Postmaster William F. Murray to direct the organization of former Boston schoolboys were the principal developments announced yesterday at headquarters of the citizens' parade committee, 2 Broad street.

Throughout the day there was much bustle and excitement. Stenographers pounded out directions to a hundred and one different division officers, Maj. Keville and Secretary John A. Knowles answered hundreds of telephone queries and hundreds of persons called at the office for information.

From making out nightfall Colonel Beaumont S. Buck, with several assistants, worked on the assignment of organizations, and the chief marshal found time also to compile a long list of aids. During the afternoon he had the assistance of Capt. Julian I. Chamberlain, assistant chief of staff, as well as that of Mr. Keville.

The map of Boston now being hung on the wall, and upon it Col. Buck will assign the place of formation for every body enrolled by Wednesday night.

The members of the Boston city council will march in a body.

ALL MAY GO ON RATIONS

BRITAIN'S PRODUCTION FALLS TO DANGER POINT—WOMEN CAN PREVENT RESORT TO IMPORTS

LONDON, May 23.—In debate in the house of commons yesterday on the agricultural situation, Rowland Edmund Baring, minister of agriculture, said that the city expressed the opinion that sooner or later the government would be compelled to put the country on rations in order to economize the food supplies. He urged the government to grasp the serious situation forthwith.

Francis Dyke Acland, financial secretary of the treasury, made a somewhat disturbing statement. It was imperative, Mr. Acland said, that farmers should drop their prejudice against the employment of female labor. A breakdown in home supplies is avoidable only if the labor situation does not grow worse, he said.

The danger point of greatly decreased production already has been reached, and even as things are going it is now feared that England cannot hope to maintain her production on last year's level. If more men are swept into the army from the farm, she can escape famine only by diverting to importation of foodstuffs ships that are so urgently needed for the transport of munitions.

"And," Mr. Acland concluded, "we are unable to say whether there will be ships to divert that way."

Mr. Acland said 570 British fishing vessels have been destroyed since the beginning of the war, with the loss of 500 lives. Fishing has gone on, with necessary restrictions.

Lord Robert Cecil said representatives of the United States government have been refused permission to visit some industrial camps where British prisoners are employed.

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FEARED AN EXPLOSION

EXCITEMENT ON MARKET STREET CAUSED BY FLARE NEAR A BIG GASOLINE TANK

Shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon an alarm was sounded from box 25 at the police station in Market street, and considerable excitement was caused when it was discovered that the fire was within 10 feet of a

500-gallon gasoline supply tank owned by the C. B. Coburn Co.
An automobile owned by Agent A. D. Milburn of the Hamilton Manufacturing company, had just taken on a supply of gasoline from the tank. As the driver started away, which had backfired, and gasoline, which had overflowed, ignited, starting a brisk blaze. This occurred within 10 feet of the big supply tank. The driver rushed into the Coburn store and returned with an extinguisher which readily smothered the fire. In the meantime, bystanders, fearing that the blaze might spread to the tank, rang in an alarm.

Y.P.S.C.E. HELD MEETING

TWENTY-SIX SOCIETIES REPRESENTED AT THE PALACE STREET CHURCH

The annual meeting of the Lowell Christian Endeavor union was held last night at the Palace street church. Twenty-six societies were represented and there was a total attendance of 340. Supper was served by the women of the church. The principal speaker of the evening was Charles A. Robinson, of Lawrence, chairman of the Essex County Christian Endeavor union, who took for his subject, "What the Essex County Millionaires Are Doing." In a brief address, Mr. Robinson spoke of the need of united efforts and prayer in carrying on the work, and extended greetings of the organization which he represented.

The election of officers resulted in the following being chosen for the ensuing year: President, O. E. McGregor, Calvary Baptist; vice presidents, Burdette Sweet, First Baptist, Jefferson Mansfield, Pawtucket Congregational, and Carl Palm, Coburn mission; secretary, Miss Sara M. Dean, Calvary Baptist; treasurer, Leander F. Conley, Pawtucket Congregational; auditor, Ivan O. Small, Palace Street Baptist; chairman of the lookout committee, Edward J. Moffatt, First Congregational; chairman of the social committee, Miss Ella M. Penn, First Baptist; chairman of the temperance committee, Walter A. Chase, Palace Street Baptist; chairman of the prayer meeting committee, Miss Mildred M. McLaughlin, First Baptist; chairman of the missionary committee, Miss Mildred M. McLaughlin, First Baptist; chairman of the church committee, Miss Grace Collins, First Baptist; junior superintendent, Miss Sadie Mingley, First Baptist; superintendent of instruction, Wm. Cloutier, 21 West Third st. Tel. 5181-N. Sykes, First Congregational; press committee, Josephine Dows, First Baptist.

One of the most interesting features of the meeting was the reading of reports by the various committee chairmen.

For the lookout committee, Burnette Sweet, chairman, reported that there had been a gain of 250 new members up to March 1 and 50 additional since then.

Miss Ella Penn of the missionary committee reported on the various meetings held at hospitals and institutions. The work of the quiet hour circle was reported by Miss Grace Collins, the chairman, who stated that 235 new members had been gained during the year. The report of last year's no-license campaign was read by Chairman Walter A. Chase and plans for the forthcoming fall campaign were indicated for which the union has pledged \$100. A poster campaign and other details were discussed. Miss George, chairman of the social committee, read an acceptable report on this branch of the work and announced that a lawn party would be held next month by the union. Miss Grace Whitaker, chairman of the prayer meeting committee, reported of the inter-society visiting plan and its success. The financial report of the union was received with enthusiasm. During the year, nearly \$900 was received and the report showed a balance on hand of \$85.

The Christian Endeavor Institute to be held at Sagamore beach in July was discussed at which Carl Palm and Miss Carrie Stewart will represent the local union. Individual local churches also will send delegates.

MATRIMONIAL
Victor B. Golding of this city and Miss Clara D. Saunders of Beverly were married Saturday at the home of the officiating clergyman, Rev. C. E. Fisher, D.D. The couple will take their home in this city.

Pearlman-Wood
Ernest C. Pearlman and Miss Edna L.

FOR SALE
GARAGE built for motorcycle and sidecar, for sale. Apply 417 Beacon st.
A BANGALOW—One large second-hand seven-passenger touring car for sale at Bay State Storage & Warehouse Co., 1000 Beacon st. Tel. 221-11.
AIRRAIL PLUMBER for sale: registered stock. John McDermott, Billerica, Mass.
GABLER PIANO for sale. See Mr. Strauss at 220 Central st.
KNOX TOWING CAR for sale: 4 cylinder, 7 passenger; in first class running order; just overhauled. Apply at 177 Sladen st., Braintree.
COMPLETE FIXTURES of an up-to-date store, for sale; also wish to sell out entire wood business, all in excellent condition and doing A. business. For information call Geo. Lynch, 5 Marion st.

PUPS—American bull terrier pups for sale. 617 East Merrimack st.
TWO MAXWELL TRUCKS for sale: \$100. 15 Livingston st.

SAFE for sale cheap, nice combination lock safe, 25x28x33 inches high. See it at 285 Central st.

CARRIAGE for sale in perfect condition. Inquire 24 Staples street.

MOTOR BOAT for sale, 15 foot hull, semi-cabin, 25 hp. 610 Gormant street.

HESSLET TRUCK for sale, capacity 2 ton. A1 condition, can be seen in White's Garage, 600 Middlesex street.

For Sale
Two good horses, 4 harnesses, 3 wagons and 3 pungs. Can be seen at Orcutt's Stable, Second St.

BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

SPECIAL NOTICES
BEST OF HELP furnished at the New York Employment Office, 53 Wamsit st.
AS WONDERFUL as the stars, is the bargain which W. F. Trumbull offers in an upright piano. Come at once and see it. 101 Westford st.
CHIMNEY expert; repairing and cleaning at reasonable prices. Wm. Cloutier, 21 West Third st. Tel. 5181-N.
TAKE NOTICE—Furniture upholstered, repaired and refurnished, lowest price, good work; expert on antique furniture. Send postal to R.F. D. Box 22a, or Tel. 24, Billerica.

PASTORAL for horses and colts, Hudson, best of accommodations, S. H. Greeley, P. O. address Hudson, N. H. Tel. 558-12.

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ROOFERS—J. Burns & Son, 50 roofers. Roofs repaired. Tel. 3282-V. 165 Concord st. Tel. 1459-J. 200 Pleasant st.

IN BOSTON—The Sun is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union Station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

W. A. LEW
Steam dyeing and cleaning of ladies' and gents' wearing apparel. 30 years in the business.
49 JOHN STREET

Wood were married Sunday by Rev. E. H. Newcomb, at his home, 140 Methuen street. The couple were attended by Mr. and Mrs. James Greenhalge.

WAGON STRUCK BY AUTO
The police were notified last night of an accident which occurred Sunday afternoon on the Pawtucket boulevard in which a wagon was struck by an automobile. A wheel was knocked off the wagon in the collision and other damage resulted. The license number of the car shows the machine to be registered under the name of Elmer E. Taber, 76 Beachland avenue, Revere.

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SUMMER RESORTS
OLD ORCHARD BEACH Cottages, studio, hotels, lunch room, restaurant, ice cream parlor, barber shop, theatre, dance hall, rooming house and farms for sale or to let, by W. M. Davis, Old Orchard, Me.
TO LET
TRINITY, one, sunny, in Belvidere, to let. Apply Collins & Hogan, Mansur Block, Central st.
TRINITY of 7 rooms to let; steam heat. 208 Pleasant st.
FLAT to let, will be vacated May 25th, 6 rooms, bath, all modern conveniences, good locality, at 15 der-olent condition and doing A. business. For information call Geo. Lynch, 5 Marion st.
ROOMS to let, bright, airy, newly furnished, all modern conveniences, centrally located, near depot. Places moderate. Under new management. St. James House, 533 Middlesex st. Tel. 221-11.
4-ROOM TRINITY to let, 86 Chestnut st. \$2 per week. Apply Flynn's Market, 137 Gormant st.
FURNISHED ROOMS to let, 18 Rockdale ave., near Fletcher st.
TRINITY to let, 5 rooms, 131 Cushing st. Inquire 71 Chapel st.
OFFICES—Whole of third floor in The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank building, to let; formerly occupied by John A. Stevens, Engineer.
OFFICE—Large office, 41 by 14 feet on the second floor of the Harrington building, 2 Central st., good light and ventilation, for rent. Will be partitioned off to suit a desirable tenant and will be rented or leased at a very reasonable rate. Apply to Building Manager, 401 Sun Bldg.
STORAGE FOR FURNITURE Separate room \$1 per month for regular 2 two-horse load. Pianos 50c. The office and restaurant walk from center in Lowell. Tel. connection. O. F. Prentiss, 345 Bridge st.

CLAIRVOYANT

MIE HELENA, Clairvoyant and Palmist, past, present and future, 251 Central street, room 11. Walk in. 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

COTTAGE of 6 rooms for sale on South End at Salisbury beach; gas and gas stove six minutes walk from center. 225 Park st., Lawrence, Mass.

6-ROOM COTTAGE for sale; now up-to-date, with 2 1/2 acres of land, \$2650; 7-room cottage, 6000 ft. land, \$2200; 8-room house, 5000 ft. land, \$2200; bargain in two tenement and cottage, pays 12 per cent on price, \$8200. If you have \$300 to \$500, see Vance, 58 Third st., Centralville. Phone 3555-V.

TRINITY PROPERTY for sale on Railroad street, also tenement and barn to let. Inquire of H. D. Bowler, 107 Central street.

WE WILL PAPER YOUR ROOMS FOR \$200 AND UP
And furnish the wall paper. Dealer in wall paper at very lowest prices. Also paperhanging, whitewashing and painting. Estimates given on large or small jobs. All work guaranteed.

MAX GOLDSTEIN
155 Chelmsford St. Tel. 2897
175 VIOLET, M. J. Feeney, Furniture and Piano Moving, 15 Kinsman street.

Bright, Sears & Co.
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE.
Bankers and Brokers
SECOND FLOOR

MUST VACATE
June 1. Building to be torn down, so I must slaughter all my stock of stoves and ranges. If you want a range for camp or home use, come and see me before I move. Harry Ryan, 396 Broadway, cor. Willie st.

Plants Plants

Memorial Day Baskets and Bouquets beautifully made up. Plants of all kinds at reasonable prices. Marshall Avenue Greenhouses, corner Stevens St. Tel. 2710. Order early and get your selection. Also window boxes filled on short notice.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

HELP WANTED
FREIGHT HANDLERS wanted for Springfield, Northampton, Holyoke, Worcester, etc. day; no labor trouble; transportation furnished. Apply at baggage room, Boston & Maine station before 11 a. m. W. H. Forbes, Freight Agent.
GIRL wanted for light housework and help with two small children. Apply 10 Aberdeen st. A. E. Bagshaw.
CHAMBERMAID wanted at 179 Middlesex st.
PASTRY BAKER wanted at once; must be capable and take full charge; good wages. Apply 15 Aiken ave., Concord.
WANTED at the New York Employment office

EDITOR MUST KEEP OUT CREDIT UNION CROP DISASTER FOOD

THE MEXICAN SITUATION

I. W. W. Leader Not Wanted in Lawrence—Editor Charges False Imprisonment and Kidnapping

LAWRENCE, May 23.—Joseph J. Eitor, accompanied by Attorney Thomas B. Connelly of Boston, arrived at the local police station at 9 o'clock this morning, but was informed that the district court judge would not arrive until 5:30.

After a conference here this noon Judge Mahoney of the district court promised Attorney John P. Feehey and Thomas G. Connelly of Boston that a process would be issued against those whom the complainant would name, as a result of Eitor's claim that he was forcibly driven out of town early yesterday morning by four local police officials. Attorney Feehey said that he would file a formal complaint tomorrow morning charging false imprisonment and kidnapping.

Immediately after the conference Eitor left in an automobile for Boston with his counsel. Their automobile was trailed out of the city by a closed machine loaded with police inspectors. After Eitor had left the city Alderman James W. Cadogan, who is commissioner of public safety, said:

"I was elected by the people of Lawrence to maintain law and order and I intend to use the resources at my command to do so. Eitor is an undesirable person and I do not propose to allow him to remain here."

Judge Mahoney gave out the following statement: "Council for Eitor made certain representations and if there has been any lawlessness in the city the court will see that both sides have a hearing."

A Fine Treatment for Weak Nerves

How would you like to have a set of nerves like steel, able to stand up under any kind of a strain? Wouldn't it be great to be so cheerful of ginger all the time that trouble fell off your mind like water off a duck's back so you could go to sleep at night as soon as your head hit the pillow, and be up again in the morning at the first tap of the bell feeling you were able to get somewhere in your business that day?

Lots of people fuss around all day like a hen on a hot cake but never light any place. They are nervous, flighty, fretful and can't get right down to brass tacks. There is something wrong at one time or another with almost every organ in their bodies and it's all nerves—nerves—nerves; they're keyed up like a fiddle string and like a ship without a compass can't make port.

If you are out of gear, run down, losing confidence, have nervous dyspepsia, blues, can't concentrate your mind or have that "don't care a hang" feeling so common to nervous people, your nerve cells are starving, and here's a test worth trying on them. Eat a little Margo Nerve Tablet, wait ten minutes and see yourself pick up. Margo Nerve Tablets go right to the spot, start the digestive organs working, send the blood coursing through your veins and feed the famished nerve cells. Then you brighten up, put on a smile and feel as happy as a clam at high tide. Margo Nerve Tablets are harmless, easy to take, inexpensive.

Pharmacies or any other good druggist will supply you. Every package carries a printed guarantee of money back if not satisfied.

Established March 1, 1877

PETER DAVEY

UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Office 19 East Merrimack St. Telephone 79-W

Residence 83 Bartlett St. Telephone 79-R

Just 25 Women Can Be Made Happy Today

At the Merrimack Clothing Company

We have left from the season's selling, 25 LADIES' "WOOLTEX" SUITS that were priced \$30.00 and \$35.00. We offer you your choice of any of these beautiful suits today and Wednesday, if the lot lasts that long, at—

\$25

Merrimack Clothing Company

ACROSS FROM CITY HALL

"The Store that Sells Wooltex."

C. F. Keyes Will Hold His Next Furniture Sale Wednesday, May 24th, at 2 O'Clock. See Papers Later for List of Goods.

SPECIAL AT 3 O'CLOCK CONTENTS OF TWO 8-ROOM HOUSES

SPECIAL AT 3.30 O'CLOCK

Maxwell Mascot, 4 cylinder, 5 passenger, in excellent condition, will be sold at Keyes' Commission Rooms, Wednesday, at 3.30 o'clock.

\$20,000 Pledged Last Night—Campaign in State Opens Today

BOSTON, May 23.—The campaign for \$20,000 for the Massachusetts Credit union was launched last evening at the Boston City club amid great enthusiasm and before the close of the meeting \$20,000 of the desired sum was subscribed by a number of guests at the banquet. There were 500 present, among them being many active in the campaign which begins at noon today. The meeting was marked by a number of effective speeches and by the singing of original songs set to popular music, led by Carvel Swan and Charles Stanton. Felix Vorenberg, president of the union, presided.

Gov. McCall spoke of the Massachusetts Credit union as a very worthy movement and said that the principal point in his annual message was against the objectionable taxation of money. He said that the Credit union movement would put an end to the loan sharks and that the union as a practical movement would accomplish more than the common law to this end.

Leary, Thomas Brick, Michael Connolly and Eugene Desbiers.

There will be a meeting of the O.M.I. Cadets on Thursday evening, May 18, in preparation for the parade on Memorial day. All members of Companies A, B, C, D, E and F are to be present. They are to report at 7:30 sharp. A meeting of the Officers' association will take place immediately after the battalion is dismissed. The officers will meet this evening at 7:30.

THE METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE CO.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. has had many demands for certain pamphlets such as were exhibited during the recent health exhibit. The company's supply was exhausted but the manager has informed The Sun that a new supply has been received and is now ready for call at the office in the Sun building and may be had free of charge, either personally at the office or by mail on application in writing. Those most in demand are "War on Consumption," "First Aid in the Home," "The Child," "The Teeth," "Tonsils and Adenoids," and "How to Live Long." These are but a few of the many valuable pamphlets issued by the company for the promotion of health and the saving of life.

MISS HARRIS, L. BOUTELLE, FORMER SECRETARY OF THE LOCAL Y.W.C.A., WHO IS NOW ENGAGED IN ASSOCIATION WITH CANTON, CHINA, HAS WRITTEN A VERY INTERESTING LETTER TO A LOCAL FRIEND CONCERNING POLITICAL TROUBLES IN CHINA IN THE COURSE OF WHICH SEVERAL ARMY OFFICERS WERE KILLED.

Miss Harris, L. Boutelle, former secretary of the local Y.W.C.A., who is now engaged in association with Canton, China, has written a very interesting letter to a local friend concerning political troubles in China in the course of which several army officers were killed. Miss Boutelle says the country appears to be on the verge of another war, but despite the fact that the Chinese plotters keep under cover most of the time she and other foreigners are at liberty to do as they please.

POLICE COURT SESSION

SEVERAL CASES OF LAURENCE IN COURT TODAY—MANY DRUNKEN OFFENDERS

George D. Blythe was arraigned before Judge Wright in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with the larceny of a watch, chain and charm, pair of cuff links, necktie and five handkerchiefs, all of the value of about \$16, the property of Martin McCarthy. Blythe entered a plea of not guilty but after the testimony was given by the court found him guilty but postponed sentence until Saturday.

According to McCarthy, he and Blythe were pretty good friends, and the latter visited him in his room at the Phillips house in Middlesex street almost every Sunday for the 10th of April after Blythe had departed McCarthy missed the articles and although he made a search for Blythe he was unable to locate him. He then reported the matter to the police.

It was later learned that Blythe had gone to Fitchburg and was waiting there for attempting to break and enter a building in that city, and yesterday when brought before the superior court in Worcester he was placed on probation. Blythe then made his way to this city, but had been in Lowell almost a short time when McCarthy got a glimpse of him and brought him to the police station where several articles belonging to McCarthy were found in his possession. He admitted he had pawned the watch in Fitchburg. Disposition of the case was postponed until Saturday.

Cannot Find Complaint

Walker Wilson was arrested last night on a warrant charging him with assault and battery on a woman on Aug. 28, 1915. The government, this morning, asked for a continuance, claiming that they had been unable to locate witnesses. Shortly after the alleged assault Wilson left the city and recently returned from Woodland, Me., where he had been working.

Too Much Beer

Cornick Kiernan and Charles F. Mullen were charged with drunkenness and the larceny of 13 bottles of beer. Kiernan pleaded guilty to both complaints, but Mullen denied both charges. According to the story told the court, Kiernan entered a local hotel last night and making his way into the basement where cases of beer are stored he helped himself to 13 bottles. He and Mullen were arrested in an alley close to the hotel.

Each was ordered to pay a fine of \$20 on the larceny count. The case of drunkenness against Kiernan was placed on file, while Mullen was given a suspended sentence to the Massachusetts reformatory.

Two other men appeared on charges of drunkenness, one getting a suspended sentence and the other a fine of \$10.

A woman in a bad condition as a result of drink was taken from the vicinity of Hale's brook yesterday when railroad men telephoned that they thought she was going to commit suicide. The case was continued.

HE'S COURAGEOUS

Lyle

PAY CARRIED BY HOUR

SPRINGFIELD, May 23.—The Springfield Street Railway company has made a proposition to pay its employees by the hour instead of by the day, as at present. The contract between the company and the men expires June 1.

Russia Hit Hard by Severe Frost—Lack of Coffee Also

BERLIN, May 23.—(By wireless to Sayville).—A crop disaster in Russia is reported in advices received from Stockholm by the Overseas News agency. It is said all the winter crops of the northern and middle governments of Russia have been destroyed by severe frost. In the Volga district and in the governments of Kazan and Samara, in southern Russia where the crops were well advanced owing to the early spring they are said to have been frozen. The Russian government, according to this report, is deliberating whether to have the stored immediately plowed up and replanted.

These advices also state that there is a lack of coffee in Russia, as supplies to the value of six million rubles are being detained in Sweden. It is reported the Finland senate has prohibited the exportation of milk into Russia.

Some of the most important districts of European Russia for the production of bread cereals and oats are in the Volga basin.

CROPS IN HUNGARY DAMAGED

ROME, May 23.—The International Institute of Agriculture reports that the winter crops of Hungary are short in acreage and have been damaged seriously by the severe weather. Earlier reports of the institute indicated that the favorable outlook for the Hungarian crops.

The present report indicates that Italy's wheat acreage is 3.9 per cent under that of last year and British India 17.5 below last year.

G.O.P. SEEKING HARMONY

PLAN TO BRING 1300 BANDS AND 20 GLEE AND MARCHING CLUBS TO CHICAGO FOR CONVENTION

CHICAGO, May 23.—Indications are that the republican national convention of 1916 will be one of the noisiest and most exciting in the history of the party.

With 16 candidates for president in the field, and with the result in doubt until the last ballot has been taken, there is likely to be an unusual amount of enthusiasm.

Fred W. Upham, chairman of the local committee on arrangements, was informed yesterday that plans have been made to bring more than 1300 bands and 50 glee and marching clubs to Chicago during convention week.

Harry Dougherty of Columbus, O., telegraphed that he would bring a glee club of 65 voices to Chicago to boom the candidacy of Theodore E. Burton of Ohio.

Word comes from Indiana that every large city in the state is planning to send either a band or a marching club to the convention for Charles W. Fairbanks.

Similar reports were received from other states which have candidates.

The demand for convention tickets continues to increase. Yesterday, season tickets were quoted at \$250 each.

Sergeant-at-arms William F. Stone yesterday began the appointment of his 1900 assistants, which include 1500 as sergeants, 1000 as doorkeepers, 100 ushers, 100 messengers and 100 pages. He has received 5000 applications for the positions, which will be filled from the recommendations made by members of the republican national committee.

FOR TAPPING OF WIRES

TWO MEN INDICTED BY THE KING'S COUNTY GRAND JURY TODAY

NEW YORK, May 23.—The first indictments resulting from the tapping of telephone wires in this city were returned by the king's county grand jury today. John A. Kingsbury, city commissioner of charities and William H. Hotchkiss, special counsel for the charities department, were the men named in the indictments.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 23.—A compromise agreement recommending that the New York City Presbyterian be reported in connection with the charges of heterodoxy was expected to be reported to the Presbyterian general assembly by the committee on bills and overtures at today's session of the assembly. The committee, of which Dr. Ross Stevenson of Princeton is chairman, reached a definite understanding in the matter last night.

As a result of the New York controversy, it was said the committee would offer a resolution designed to enjoin all Presbyteries from licensing men to preach whose views do not accord with the strict doctrines of the church.

METHODIST CONFERENCE

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., May 23.—A protracted debate over the management of the Methodist book concern was expected at the session today of the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, following the submission of a committee report recommending the continuance of all the periodicals now published under church auspices.

The minority requested the conference to adopt a plan for combining seven of these papers into four, to be published at New York, Chicago, San Francisco and Portland, Ore.

Of nearly \$350,000 was incurred during the last year, according to figures offered to the conference. Opponents to change assert this was due largely to the system of bookkeeping.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—Eighteen members of the University of Pennsylvania track team have been selected by Coach Orton to compete in the first annual intercollegiate games on Friday and Saturday at Cambridge.

New Board in Germany to Handle Entire Food Problem

LONDON, May 23.—Advices from Berlin say that it is officially announced that the federal council has authorized the imperial chancellery to establish a new board which will handle the entire food problem and be directly responsible to him. The president of this board will be empowered to dispose of all foodstuffs, raw materials and other articles necessary to the supplying of food, all fodder and material necessary for the feeding of animals which are stocked within the German empire.

The authority of the president will include regulation of the sale and consumption of all foodstuffs, the regulation of imports and exports empowered to send direct instructions to the authorities of the federal states. Adolf Tordt, von Batocki, president of the province of East Prussia has been appointed president of the new board.

DELBRUECK DECORATED

LONDON, May 23.—Clemens Delbrueck, who resigned as minister of the interior on the plea of ill health has been decorated by the emperor with the Order of the Black Eagle, according to advices from Berlin. The following letter was sent Delbrueck by the emperor:

"My Dear Minister of State Delbrueck: After having graciously agreed to the discharge which you have asked for I feel the necessity to express to you my warmest thanks for your devoted and self-sacrificing loyalty. You have always placed at the disposal of the Fatherland your splendid energy both in times of war and peace."

"As a token of my appreciation and my favor I have conferred on you my high Order of the Black Eagle. I send you herewith the insignia of the order which I wish for your record and your welfare. I am your affectionate emperor and king."

ROOSEVELT TESTIFIES

APPEARED AS CHARACTER WITNESS AT TRIAL OF RIGGS BANK OFFICERS

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Former President Roosevelt appeared on the witness stand today in the perjury trial of the officers of the Riggs National bank. He testified as a character witness for President C. C. Glover of the bank, one of the indicted men.

Col. Roosevelt said he had known Mr. Glover since 1885, that he had known him in a social and business relation with the navy, while civil service commissioner, assistant secretary of the navy, vice president and president. Mr. Glover's general character and standing in the district of Columbia, he added, were of the highest. Col. Roosevelt said he had come to Washington voluntarily to testify in the case.

Col. Roosevelt reached the court room ten minutes before the court convened. A crowd was waiting to see him and cheered loudly as he entered. Several times during his testimony the former president's answers aroused amusement, particularly when he said that he never had any political dealings with Mr. Glover and that he knew the banker had supported either Mr. Taft or Mr. Wilson in 1912.

"I knew Mr. Glover very well, socially, says the colonel, especially in connection with philanthropic work he did in the district. I didn't have much political talk with him. I know in 1912 he did not support me. I knew he was for Mr. Wilson or Mr. Taft, and I knew he was again me. Our acquaintance was not political but of a social and business character."

The colonel started to tell how he kept his account in the bank because of his faith in Glover, but District Attorney Laskey objected that his answer was not pertinent to the charges of perjury.

Col. Roosevelt solved the difficulty himself by getting in about the same answer in another way.

"My general knowledge of Mr. Glover by universal report," he said, "was that his business integrity was such that naturally I and my children kept our accounts in his bank."

Mr. Roosevelt concluded by saying that while he was not well acquainted with the other two defendants, William F. Elmer and Henry H. Flather, vice president and former cashier of the bank, their reputation when he was in Washington was good.

INDUSTRIAL AND STORE NEWS

Carpenters' union, local 43, will meet tonight.

Loomfixers' union held a routine meeting last night in Carpenters' hall.

It is said that girls are now taking the places of boys as messengers in Canada.

San Francisco and vicinity have more than 25,000 union carpenters.

San Francisco may adopt the two-platoon system for its fire department.

From July 3 to 17 at Tiffin, Ohio, American Flint Glass Workers' union will meet in convention.

Sunday labor in the Armstrong-Whitworth munition works at Alexandria, Scotland, is to be stopped.

Pattern makers of Newark, N. J., have signed an agreement with their employers by which they will receive \$5 per day.

The minister of munitions now controls 3493 munition plants throughout the United Kingdom, 155 additional factories having just been placed under government control.

Toronto (Canada) Granite Cutters' union has been in existence just 10 years. When the organization was first formed its members received 25 cents an hour. The scale paid at the present time is 50 cents an hour.

Chester Hartigan, the well known policeman athlete at the U. S. Cart-ridge Co., will probably become a member of the track team now being formed by employees of the Lawrence street plant.

INTERCOLLEGIATE GAMES

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—Eighteen members of the University of Pennsylvania track team have been selected by Coach Orton to compete in the first annual intercollegiate games on Friday and Saturday at Cambridge.

Col. Sibley's Cavalry Troops Back at Border Without Casualties—Report on Economic Conditions

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Outstanding facts in the Mexican situation were entered today by the general government in preparing another note to be despatched to the United States within a few days. Officials here suggested it might contain a renewal of the demand for withdrawal of American troops and deal with the raiding in the Big Bend district.

Officers of the judge advocate general's office were perusing military law to determine whether 116 members of the Texas National Guard are subject to court martial for refusing to take the mustering oath to enter federal service. Secretary Baker was to be advised concerning his possible action in the case.

STRIKE IN BOSTON

5000 Garment Workers

Quit Work in 200 Shops Today

BOSTON, May 23.—Garment workers numbering between 4000 and 5000 quit work in 200 shops in this city today in an effort to obtain an 8-hour working day and a wage advance. The walk-out, which was ordered by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, was accomplished without disorder. The strikers later attended an organization meeting at which speakers asserted that some of the operatives were employed 70 hours a week and that many of the employers had repudiated the wage scale which was the basis of settlement in the strike of 1913.

THE TAG DAY RECEIPTS

LITHUANIAN TAG DAY NETTED \$568.10 FOR RELIEF OF WAR SUFFERERS

The sum of \$568.10 will be sent to the Lithuanian war sufferers as a result of the tag day observed in this city Saturday. The 62 collectors who spent the day in the downtown streets tagging everyone who brought in a tag, netted a total of \$568.10 to contribute to the Lithuanian war sufferers. Special donations received from Peter H. Donohoe, Rev. John J. Shaw and Rev. James H. Croft, brought the total up to \$568.10. With the expenses, which amounted to \$35.40, subtracted, \$532.70 remained to be sent away.

The largest amounts in their boxes were: Jadwiga Kvenkaskinte, \$47.70; Francis Ditzkanski, \$28.16; Ursula Truncite, \$20.90; Bulute Zule, \$19.94; Juozas Baleyevicius, aged five years, \$13.72.

The following assisted in opening the boxes and counting the money: Rev. Anthony Yuvalis, Rev. J. Olechnowicz, Mayor James E. O'Donnell, John H. Kivian and William H. Cawley.

HEAD OF EVERETT MILLS

George Wigglesworth of Boston Elected President to Succeed Late James Longley

BOSTON, May 23.—George Wigglesworth of this city was elected president of the Everett mills of Lawrence, and of the York Manufacturing Co., of Sanford, Me., at meetings of the directors of the two companies here today. In each instance, he succeeds the late James Longley. Mr. Wigglesworth was chosen a member of the board of the Everett mills and Wilmer E. Evans of the York company, to succeed Mr. Longley as director.

CUTS OFF FREE SEEDS

Senate Committee Reduces Agricultural Appropriation Bill by \$750,000 From House Figures

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The agricultural appropriation bill was reported by the senate committee yesterday carrying \$23,000,000, a reduction of nearly \$750,000 from the total as passed by the house.

The committee cut in half \$2,500,000 provided by the house for food and mouth disease eradication, and eliminated entirely \$200,000 allotted for free distribution of seeds. Items for general expenses of the animal industry and soils bureau were increased \$358,000.

If the bill passes as reported there will be a fight in conference, as the house always insists upon its free seeds.

SIMON B. HARRIS

OFFICE, ROOM 4, CENTRAL BLOCK, LOWELL, MASS.

Saturday, May 27, at 2.30 O'Clock

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON THE PREMISES, THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED REAL ESTATE CONSISTING OF A COTTAGE OF FIVE FINISHED ROOMS, HALLWAY, PANTRY, CLOSETS AND SINK—SPLENDID CELLAR UNDER THE WHOLE, WATER AT THE SHED, A PIAZZA EXTENDS ACROSS THE FRONT. THE LOT CONTAINS 5000 SQUARE FEET OF LAND.

The above described real estate is located in Tyngsboro on the line of the Nashua and Lowell electric railroad, and being the second house west of Johnson's corner and only a short distance from the Merrimack river and being about equal distance from Nashua and Lowell, only a short ride from Lakeview and Mountain Rock, and close to the Genoa club house. Being a desirable place to own for anybody doing business in Nashua or Lowell.

Immediately after the sale of the above described Real Estate, we shall proceed to sell the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE which consists of a general line of household furniture and fixtures in the best of condition.

Any person looking for a snug home in thorough repair will do well to attend this sale, or anyone looking for the sale of the above personal property at auction should be on hand.

TERMS: One hundred and fifty dollars (\$150) must be paid to the auctioneer when the real estate is struck off. Other terms at time and place of sale. The personal property.

Per order of MRS. N. D. WHITTLE

WALKS BACKWARDS FROM FRISCO TO N.Y.

NEW YORK, May 23.—A man walking into city hall backwards walked some excitement yesterday. It developed that he was Patrick Harmon and that he had walked in this manner from San Francisco on a wager.

He was accompanied by W. A. Baltazor, who walked the regular way as a watcher to prove that Harmon accomplished the feat.

On Aug. 5, 1915, a bet of \$20,000 was made between two men in San Francisco that Harmon could not accomplish the walk in 60 days. If he did accomplish the feat he was to receive \$5000 of the amount wagered. The walk of 3900 miles was completed in 230 days.

Harmon had a reflecting mirror strapped to his body by which he could see where he was going. He said he had little difficulty, except that it took him two weeks to overcome the dizziness he felt as a result of his unusual style of locomotion. Baltazor is to receive \$1 a day as his part of the wager.

BAPTIST CONVENTION

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 23.—The northern Baptist convention expects to complete its work and adjourn today to meet in Cleveland next week. The report of the committee on resolutions is the most important business on today's program. A number of resolutions pertaining to moral and other conditions are to be submitted to the convention.

Consolidation of the missionary work of the American Baptist Publication society and the American Baptist Mission society is regarded by leading Baptists as the most important accomplishment of the present session. The merger ended a controversy of 14 years.

TO ADDRESS PROHIBITIONISTS

PEORIA, Ill., May 23.—Ex-Govs. John F. St. John of Kansas, William Sulzer of New York and Eugene H. Foss of Massachusetts will address sessions of the Prohibition State convention here May 31 and June 1, according to a program of the convention issued yesterday.

Stop the Pain

Neuralgia Don't suffer another minute on sore, aching face and head. Pain goes quickly.

Rheumatism Carry—get Minard's Liniment. Apply as directed—and get quick relief from rheumatic misery.

Back-Ache relief if you will only apply a little Minard's Liniment. For 60 years this wonderful, creamy liniment has stopped backache quickly and given relief in thousands of cases.

Lumbago You can always be free from this misery if you will use Minard's Liniment. Try it at once and know its remarkable value.

Sore Feet Sore, tired, aching feet, as well as sores, bruised hands, can be healed by Minard's Liniment is used as directed.

Sprains Nothing will be more helpful in quickly easing sprains. Rub Minard's Liniment right in. It starts the blood to flow instantly and sprain misery goes.

Wounds Minard's Liniment is a pure, safe antiseptic. It kills germs—cleans and heals wounds and sores quickly and healthfully.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Auctioneer

OFFICE, ROOM 4, CENTRAL BLOCK, LOWELL, MASS.

Unsettled tonight; Wednesday fair; moderate easterly to southerly winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, MAY 23, 1916

PRICE ONE CENT

RIVER HEARING HELD TODAY AT WASHINGTON

Cong. Rogers Led Hearing on an Appeal From Craighill's Report —Mr. Marden's Address

Special to The Sun
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23.—A hearing was given this morning to men from Lowell, Lawrence, Haverhill, Newburyport and Amesbury on an appeal from the adverse report of Lieut. Col. W. E. Craighill concerning the project for the federal government to construct a ship channel in the Merrimack river from Lowell to the sea.

The hearing was held before the board of appeal of the engineer corps of the United States army. The representatives of each city presented separate appeals and arguments were made also by Hon. William S. McNary, chairman of the harbors and lands commission of Massachusetts and Engineer William Williams of that same commission as well as by Congressman Rogers, Phelan and Gardner.

While the Massachusetts men objected strenuously to Col. Craighill's adverse report as not justified, the request was made that the additional report of Col. W. E. Abbot, district engineer, through whom Col. Craighill reported, be considered. Col. Abbot suggested that the federal government might have a proportionate interest in the Merrimack river project without agreeing to undertake the entire cost.

If his suggestion is acted upon favorably Col. Craighill's report will be returned to him for further consideration as to the actual percentage of the entire cost which could properly be spent by the federal government.

Congressman Rogers
Congressman Rogers conducted the hearing and presented the additional report of Col. W. E. Abbot, district engineer, through whom Col. Craighill reported, be considered. Col. Abbot suggested that the federal government might have a proportionate interest in the Merrimack river project without agreeing to undertake the entire cost.

If his suggestion is acted upon favorably Col. Craighill's report will be returned to him for further consideration as to the actual percentage of the entire cost which could properly be spent by the federal government.

GAMES POSTPONED
Eastern at Bridgeport: New London-Bridgeport game postponed, rain.
American at Philadelphia: Cleveland-Philadelphia game postponed, wet grounds.
Eastern at Hartford: New Haven-Hartford game postponed, wet grounds.
American at New York: St. Louis-New York game postponed, rain.
Eastern at Worcester: Springfield-Worcester game postponed, rain.
American at Boston: Detroit-Boston game postponed, wet grounds.
Eastern at Lawrence: Portland-Lawrence game postponed, rain.
American at Washington: Chicago-Washington game postponed, wet grounds.
At New Haven: Yale-Brown game postponed, rain.

PREPAREDNESS AND PEACE
BOSTON, May 23.—The American Unitarian association at its 31st annual meeting today in connection with the exercises of anniversary week, was called upon to consider the subject of preparedness and promotion of peace. Resolutions which were introduced called for adequate national preparedness, co-operation with the League to Enforce Peace, the appointment of a

MIDDLESEX CO-OPERATIVE BANK
Rate of Interest Paid Past 4 3/4 Per Cent
Sale of shares in new series closes Friday, May 26. Money to loan at 5 per cent. on 20th mortgages Real Estate.
For further information apply at Office of the Bank 88-89 Central Bk.

Automatic Screw Machine Operators
Davis and Furber Machine Co., North Andover, Mass., has a permanent position for two experienced operators on National Acme four spindle screw machines. Apply by letter or in person.

CHALIFOUX'S ON THE SQUARE
Completeness of Stocks is a Cardinal Point in Our Store Policy.

We MUST have what you want when you want it. How often have you heard this—elsewhere?
"I'm very sorry, madame, but we are all out of it at present."
It is mighty seldom that we are out of anything, for we have long realized that a single disappointment offsets fifty occasions when a customer's needs are satisfied. Therefore we ask you as a favor to acquaint the floor superintendent with the fact, if we are ever "out of" anything you need.

predicted more appropriations when needed. He expressed the belief that the federal government should pay a fair proportion of the cost and believed lumber, cotton, wool, cement and other commodities would be brought cheaper by water to Lowell and that the channel should be such that Lowell's finished products could start down the Merrimack to the markets of the world. He quoted Col. Craighill, saying the proposed improvements were worth ten million to the valley cities and cited Craighill's statement to show the value of the proposed work as worthy of federal assistance.

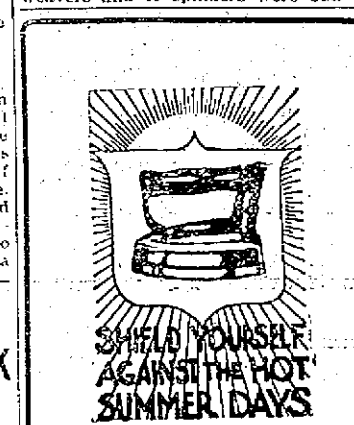
Other Speakers Heard
Strong arguments were made by Andrew B. Sutherland of the Merrimack Valley waterway board who gave convincing figures and claimed that Craighill's report was not warranted by the facts. He stated that all the manufacturers are in sympathy with the movement to give added facilities in receiving raw material and shipping goods. It would be a paying investment on the cost of the project. Rep. Phelan spoke briefly for Haverhill's interests as did Daniel N. Casey, Rep. Gardner and others. Lawrence was represented by F. E. Rixand and S. F. Sherman. D. N. Casey of the Haverhill board of trade made a strong argument. Mr. Rogers made the principal argument for the reversal of the Craighill report. Figures were submitted to show tremendous commerce of Merrimack valley cities. New project suggested by Haverhill men was that improvements might stop at Haverhill and so save much expense in possible damage and extra construction work.

At the close of the hearing Col. Abbot, who presided, complimented Congressman Rogers on the fine showing made and the able manner in which the hearing had been conducted.

Robert F. Marden
"Mr. Robert F. Marden, president of the board of trade, spoke in part as follows:
For a number of years the residents

committee of seven men to work with the Waterways Alliance for promoting international friendship and another discouraging any action which would involve the nation in the use of force. Action on these resolutions was postponed until later in the session.

Secretary, Supply of the state board of arbitration came to Lowell today and settled the strike at the Tremont & Suffolk mills. The arrangement is sold to favor the strikers and all will resume work tomorrow. About 100 weavers and 40 spinners were out.



Much protection lies in the electric flatiron. It needs no outside factor for its heat. It can be used in any cool room.

Lowell Electric Light Corp., 29-31 Market Street, Tel. 821.

Insure Good Health-Drink Poland Water
FOR SALE BY LOCAL DEALERS
FARRELL & CONATON
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS
243 Dutton Street Tel. 1513

INTERESTING CASE ON AT SUPERIOR COURT

Harry J. Howe Sues Burns Detective Agency for Pay for Services—Agent Mitchell and Burns Official Testified —Copies of Letters From Mr. Howe Refer to Man as "Menace to Lowell" —Divorce Court Session

The case of Harry J. Howe against the William J. Burns International Detective Agency, Inc., was begun in the jury session of the superior court, Judge Bell presiding, shortly before the noon hour today, and the following jury was empaneled: Edgar W. Metcalf, Winchester, clerk; foreman; Thomas S. Bateson, Billerica, clerk; Theodore H. Clark, Ayer, clerk; John R. Fair, Natick, shoe worker; Herbert B. Hosmer, Billerica, farmer; Benjamin B. Lawrence, Tyngsboro, farmer; Herbert E. Moore, Natick, motorman; Frank W. Moulton, Reading, laborer; Arnold C. Parham, Chelmsford, meat inspector; Holcombe E. Runkle, Reading, clerk; Joseph R. Smith, Townsend, painter; Appleton H. Torrey, Groton, merchant.

Patrick H. Brosnan, a liquor dealer of this city, was called and challenged by the defense.

James Stuart Murphy was counsel for the plaintiff and John P. Turner of Boston for the defense. The plaintiff claims that the Burns detective agency owes him the sum of \$5790 for 579 days' services at \$10 per day. He says that his work began on April 13, 1914, said work to be any kind or variety of detective work, in any place and at all times, and he claims to have continued his service from said date until the present time. The defendant in answer says that plaintiff was in its employ for nine days for which he was paid in full at the rate of \$10 per day.

Agent Mitchell Testifies
After the jury had been impaneled and Mr. Murphy had read the plaintiff's declaration and defendant's answer, court adjourned till 2 o'clock, and when court came in William A. Mitchell, agent of the Massachusetts mills, and Dennis A. Long were sworn.

Mr. Mitchell was the first witness. He told of a conversation he had had with one of the Burns men in Boston and that in reply to some questions relative to the employment of a wide-awake real estate man, witness named the plaintiff, Mr. Howe.

Mr. Mitchell then told of a conversation between Mr. Smith of the Burns detective agency and Mr. Howe. In Mr. Mitchell's office, in which he said Mr. Smith explained to Mr. Howe that he was looking for a man who had had some experience in real estate, that he would pay him \$10 a day for a starter and that if he proved a satisfactory one

he might continue him in the service. Mr. Smith told Mr. Howe that he did not know much about the case for which he employed Mr. Howe but that he would see him later and explain matters. In reply to Mr. Murphy, Mr. Mitchell stated he did not know what the work was for which Mr. Howe was being engaged.

Cross-examined by counsel for defense, Mr. Mitchell said Mr. Howe had called upon him several times in connection with the "case," but stated he had nothing to do with the "case" and had not given Mr. Howe any instructions.

He said, however, that upon going to Europe, he, Mitchell, advised Mr. Howe to see Redmond Welch, superintendent of police. He maintained, however, that he did not know what it was all about.

Counsel for defense then asked Mr. Mitchell if Mr. Howe had called at his office with a letter from Mr. Smith and he said he remembered about a letter, but could not recall the contents. It was supposed to be a letter from Mr. Smith to Mr. Mitchell.

Mr. Turner, counsel for defense, then read a letter from Mr. Howe to Mr. Mitchell in which Mr. Howe stated that unless the Burns detective agency "came across" with the money owed him, he would take action and the thing would be a "secret" no longer.

Mr. Mitchell said he had received such a letter dated Sept. 9, 1913, and had forwarded it to the Burns detective agency.

Mr. Murphy inquired when the letter was sent to the Burns agency and Mr. Mitchell said probably a day or two later, or after he received it and that he forwarded it to the Burns agency for the purpose of "forcing" them to pay Mr. Howe if they really owed him.

"Do you recall if there was anything in the letter Mr. Howe brought to you about the license commission?" asked Mr. Murphy.
"I think it was about land—but I'm not sure," replied Mr. Mitchell.
Mr. Mitchell said he did not say anything to Mr. Long about the letter.

tendent and superintendent for the Burns agency, leaving that concern, he said, in 1915.

Mr. Smith then proceeded to tell of the "Lowell case" and said Mr. Burns had told him about Mr. Howe. Witness at that time was general supervisor for the Burns agency in New England.

He said Mr. Burns told him that Mr. Mitchell had recommended Mr. Howe, and that he got in touch with Mr. Mitchell and arranged to meet Mr. Howe in Mr. Mitchell's office.

He said he sized Mr. Howe up as a good man for the work, but that he told him he would have to wait a while as he, Smith, was not acquainted with the work and didn't have the necessary data with which to proceed.

He then told of bringing Mr. Howe to Boston on a Sunday morning and explained the entire operation to him. He said he told Mr. Howe he would pay him \$10 a day flat, but did not mention anything about expenses.

On the following Tuesday, witness said, he told Mr. Howe to go ahead with the case as outlined by him on Sunday. Mr. Smith then identified a telegram sent by him to Mr. Howe advising him to come to Boston. Mr. Smith had said that he telephoned to "another party" on Sunday and Mr. Murphy asked who the second party was, but counsel for defense objected and the court sustained the objection.

"Did you receive any letter from a Lowell man about the license commission?" asked Mr. Murphy.
"Not that I remember."
"Do you remember calling Mr. Howe to Boston shortly before Mr. Mitchell went to Europe?"

"No."
Witness then told about telling Mr. Howe that all original plans had been upset; that certain parties were going away and that it would be necessary to abandon the matter for the time being. That was in April, 1914.

He said that very soon after he, witness, was transferred from the Boston to the New York office, and was succeeded in Boston by W. D. Dickson. He was shown a letter bearing his signature. He said it was not his writing, that it was the handwriting of Mrs. Edith Clark, a bookkeeper in the Boston office. He could not remember having dictated the letter.

GAS CO. WON'T SELL GAS TO OUTSIDE CONCERN

Letter Giving the Reasons Why—Will Sell Direct to City—Other Matters Acted Upon

In a letter written to the municipal council this morning the officials of the Lowell Gas Light Co. emphatically state that they will not under any consideration sell gas to the Public Service Lighting Co., but on the other hand they offer to sell direct to the city gas at 72 cents per thousand cubic feet. The letter was read at the meeting and after a little discussion was placed on file.

The council took action on the recommendations of the waterways commission in reference to the fencing of waterways in the city. Three jurors were drawn for the superior court to be held at Cambridge on the first Monday in June. It was voted to sell to Thomas Varnum the land seized by the city for a contagious hospital site

for this year, the rental fee being \$100. Other routine business was transacted.

Mayor O'Donnell opened the meeting at 10 o'clock. Commissioners Morse and Duncan being absent. A few minutes later, however, the two absentees made their appearance.

Hearings Given
Hearings were given on the petitions of George Gaudette for a garage at 34 South Loring street, and James B. Casey for a garage at 603 Chelmsford street, and inasmuch as there were no remonstrants the petitions were referred to the city engineer.

The following three names were drawn to act as jurors at the superior court on June 23.

Divorces Granted
In the jury waived session of superior court this morning before Judge Hamilton a number of divorces were granted local litigants. The session opened promptly at 10 o'clock. All the cases were non-contested.

The first case called was that of Hattie A. Hurd vs. Dolmare G. Hurd. Mrs. Hurd brought suit for divorce on the ground of desertion. The case resulted in favor of Mrs. Hurd who was allowed the custody of her two children.

Hattie O'Brien was granted a divorce and given the right to restrain her maiden name in her suit against her husband, William T. O'Brien. Mrs. O'Brien testified that her husband left her about 12 years ago and has since refused to contribute anything to her support. She was represented by J. Joseph Hennessy.

Sallina Monnits was granted a divorce on the grounds of cruel and abusive treatment and desertion. James F. Owens represented her.

Matilda Davis brought action against her husband, Fred A. Davis on the grounds of excessive use of drink and abusive treatment. Mrs. Davis testified that shortly after her marriage her husband came home frequently in an intoxicated condition and abused her. Walter Davis, a son of the plaintiff said that he remembered his father coming home on a number of occasions and abusing his mother, and of once inflicting black and blue marks on her throat. Judge Hamilton granted the divorce. James F. Owens represented Mrs. Davis.

The cases of Mary Mordor vs. Alderboro Mercier, Louisa Ducharme vs. Louis Ducharme, Elbina Sebula vs. Anthony V. Sebula and Catherine Hanlon vs. William F. Hanlon were all decided in favor of the petitioners.

Loiselle Girls tonight, Highland hall.

PREPAREDNESS MEASURE
NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL WILL PASS HOUSE NEXT WEEK—DIFFICULTY EXPECTED
WASHINGTON, May 23.—The second administration preparedness measure, the naval appropriation bill, will pass the house not later than a week from next Saturday night. Majority Leader Kitchin asserted today, outlining the program for the bill to the house.

Longer day sessions and three hours every night next week will be devoted to its consideration, he said.

Representative Mann, minority leader, attacked the plan as a political trick to force measures through hurriedly on the eve of the republican national convention. "This is not generous, fair or decent," he said.

Mr. Kitchin said a special rule would be brought to take up the bill Monday and pass it by Friday or take it up Tuesday at the latest and pass it by Saturday with a week of uninterrupted consideration.

Representative Butler of Pennsylvania, ranking republican on the naval committee said it was the understanding of many republicans that the bill was not to be considered until after the conventions and that they had made plans accordingly. He warned the democrats he would insist on the maintenance of a quorum all the time. "I'll see that everybody in the house is on hand," he said. "This is the twentieth naval bill that I have had to do with and this is the first time that it has been proposed to press it through in two or three days. That is not enough time for a \$300,000,000 bill."

"You may have great difficulty in passing the bill."

GREAT REJOICING IN PARIS OVER VICTORIES

Further Successes for French—Recapture Greater Part of Fort Douaumont —Teutons Driven From Positions Along Entire Front—Gas and Flame Attacks by Germans Fail—Berlin Denies Paris Reports

The drastic surprise sprung by the French yesterday in attacking the Germans northwest of Verdun and penetrating Fort Douaumont was followed up by Gen. Nivelle's forces. The Germans have now been driven from all but a small angle in the northeastern corner of the fort, this afternoon's bulletin from Paris claims.

Furious Counter Attacks
Furious counter attacks have been made by the Germans in efforts to regain the trenches along the mile and a quarter front extending from east to Fort Douaumont to the Thiaumont farm, captured in yesterday's assault. The only success of the Germans, according to Paris, however, was the

recapture of a position to the north of the Thiaumont farm.
Gas and Flame Attacks
On the other side of the Meuse the battle has lost nothing in the intensity which has characterized it for the past day or two but no ground has changed hands as a result, the French official statement asserts.

Gas and flame attacks were made by the Germans near Hill 304, one of the dominating heights in this region, but they were driven at once from the only French trench which they succeeded in penetrating.

Austrians Gain Ground
The latest official bulletins on the fighting along the Austro-Italian front indicate that the Austrians are continuing to gain ground in their drive in the southern Tyrol.

The current Austrian report claims important successes on the Lavarone plateau, to the east of the Asiatic valley. The official statement from Rome, while recording the repulse of Austrian attacks in other sectors, is silent as to the result of the fighting in the Lavarone region.

Berlin Denies French Claims
The French claim to the possession of the greater part of Fort Douaumont is disputed by Berlin, which declares that the fort is still firmly in German hands. The German war office, however, admits that Gen. Nivelle's

continued to page three

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM!

QUESTION AS TO WHETHER BILL DEPRIVES POLICEMEN AND FIREMEN OF PROTECTION

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, May 23.—Does the civil service reform bill, now pending in the legislature, take away the civil service protection from policemen and firemen, and if the bill passes, may appointments to the fire and police departments be made without regard to the civil service rules and regulations?

These two questions just now are vexing the legal minds of the legislature, and some of the best lawyers who have looked into the matter, including some of those who drafted the bill, declare that both questions must be answered in the affirmative.

In its original form the bill clearly had no such effects, but the whole trouble has arisen because a small array of policemen and firemen descended upon the legislature last Thursday when the house was considering the bill, and by sheer force of numbers compelled the insertion of an amendment, which reads as follows:

"Nothing in this act shall apply to policemen and firemen."

What they desired, of course, was to be exempted from the provision of the bill which authorizes the civil service commission to make "follow-up" tests, to determine whether an employee continues efficient after obtaining his position, and as a result of which the commission may recommend to the appointing power that an employee be discharged.

But in the opinion of the lawyers referred to, they have gone much further than they intended, and have cut away the very protection which they desire to retain unimpaired.

For example, the bill directs the civil service commission forthwith to prepare and submit to the governor and council a revision of the civil service rules. As the bill provides that nothing contained in it shall apply to policemen and firemen, manifestly they must be exempted from such revision. While some contend that the existing rules would continue in effect, so far as policemen and firemen are concerned, they apparently overlook a certain provision of the bill, in section four, that "the rules existing, shall supersede all the existing rules."

As much as the present rules are to become null and void as soon as the new ones are approved, and as there can be nothing in the new rules, concerning policemen and firemen, those who have studied the situation insist that the bill must be changed in order to prevent a complete removal of the civil service protection from the public servants referred to.

HOYT.

BICYCLIST HIT BY AUTO

Leonard Greenhalge of 105 Fulton street was seriously injured last evening while riding his bicycle in Bridge street. He was struck by an automobile owned and operated by Charles B. Seede, a teacher at the high Greenhalge school, at 28 Warwick street, who was coasting down Sixth street and turned left into Bridge street just as the automobile was passing in the direction of Dracut Centre. Greenhalge attempted to pass in front of the machine and was struck, being thrown forcibly to the pavement. The young man was removed to his home in Mr. Seede's automobile. The bicycle was demolished.

DEAD MAN AT AUTO WHEEL

PORTLAND, Me., May 23.—J. W. Hickey, aged 58, a real estate agent, died yesterday afternoon while on a business trip to Westbrook in his automobile. The machine was observed to be apparently running wild and went against a fence, but without doing much damage. When Mr. Hickey was reached he was dead.

Curtain Accessories

Brass rods, poles, sockets, vestibule brackets, rings, etc. Complete line at moderate prices.

Special Showing and Sale in Our

DRAPERY DEPT.

Second Floor

We are showing a most complete line of curtains of every description: Portieres, table covers, silkline, cretonnes in domestic and foreign makes, bed sets, curtain muslin, serims, marquisettes, voiles, window shades, etc. A visit to this department will interest you. See window display.

Dutch Curtains—We carry the largest line of Dutch curtains in Lowell, white, cream and ecru... 59c to \$5.00 Pr.

New Portieres—Entire new line of latest designs—bought at the old prices—red, green and brown. \$1.49 to \$18.00 Pr.

Rag Rugs—Made in Lowell, guaranteed fast colors, the ideal rug for bath-room, chamber or bungalow, in pink, blue, green, brown and gray, also mixed colors, with border and fringe. All sizes. 75c to \$1.98

Couch Covers—In beautiful Oriental stripes, full width and lengths, with or without fringe. Special \$1.75 rugs at Others up to \$5.25

Domestic Madras—In white and ecru—36 and 40 inches wide... 25c Yd.

Scotch Madras—New line of imported madras in white and ecru, the ideal curtain material, plain or scalloped edge, extra wide. 39c to 75c Yd.

Curtain Scrim—Complete line in white cream and ecru, plain and bordered, also ecru rice cloth. Price 12½c to 35c Yd.

Silkline—An endless variety to select from, in floral and Oriental designs—also plain colors. Best quality at 12½c Yd.

Folding Card Tables—Covered with felt or imitation leather, round, brass corners. Prices \$1.75 to \$2.35

New Cretonnes—Large assortment, including the very latest novelties, in light and dark colors, large and small figures—both domestic and foreign makes. 12½c to 75c Yd.

Folding Taborettes—Nicely finished in plain oak and weathered oak, 25 and 28 inches high... 59c and 98c

The Bon Marche

DRY GOODS CO.

Special Sale of New Spring

WALL PAPERS

A Few Words About Our New Wall Paper Department

Located on second floor, rear, with excellent daylight for display purposes—patterns are shown in a unique method—on a display fixture showing just as they would appear on the wall in your own home.

About Hanging Your Paper

We furnish you with expert paper hangers—and guarantee first-class work of all kinds. See our window display.

30 Inch Imitation Grass Cloth—Large assortment to select from, in light and dark colors at 49c, 69c, 98c, \$1.39

30 in. Foliage—And reproductions of silk damask, in all colors at 49c, 69c, 98c, \$1.39

Floral Stripes—And all-over effects, suitable for chambers, sold with cut-out borders 12½c

30 in. Oatmeal—Plain and printed values up to 60c. Special at 18c to 39c

Imitation Grass Cloth—Jasper stripes and fabric effects, suitable for living room and dining room. 24c, 39c, 59c

Varnished Gold Papers—with 18 inch border to match, large variety of colors, in large and small figures, sold only with border. 12½c to 19c

Chambays of All Kinds—Imitations of plain effects with beautiful cut-out borders to match. 12½c to 35c Roll

WE CARRY A COMPLETE Line of Room Mouldings.

REMEMBER WE FURNISH You With Paper Hangers

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS ON All New Houses.

HIS HAT IN RING

Roosevelt Formally Accepts Offer From G. O. P. Committee

OYSTER BAY, May 23.—Twenty-four republicans of prominence in various walks of life, some of them delegates to the republican national convention, and many who were vigorous supporters of Mr. Taft and against Roosevelt in the election of 1912, came to Oyster Bay yesterday afternoon in automobiles from New York and called upon Theodore Roosevelt to inform him, officially and formally, that a Roosevelt republican league had been organized to get him nominated and elected president of the United States.

Mr. Roosevelt listened to the formal statement of the purposes of the league and replied that he was deeply touched and pleased by the action of its members, and accepted it absolutely, because they regarded him as representing and embodying the aggressive movement for thoroughgoing Americanism and thoroughgoing preparedness.

Mr. Roosevelt in his speech of acceptance used words which were construed to be a direct attack upon Mr. Hughes and his reluctance regarding the great issues of the campaign. He said:

"Any man at this time of crisis, who is not aggressively, openly and specifically for these principles, is against them, and every patriotic man should treat our public servants on this basis."

He also referred to President Wilson undoubtedly when he spoke of half measures of Americanism and preparedness and of a man of words and not of deeds.

He left no doubt in the minds of the notification committee of his readiness to accept the republican nomination, enter the campaign and work with all his energy for electing his position then has ever been in a public utterance since the presidential campaign began. He unreservedly accepted the nomination of the Roosevelt republican league to be their standard bearer and go for the republican nomination in Chicago.

There was no question of supporting some other candidate if such candidate should be for the principles of Americanism and preparedness, as should get the nomination at Chicago. It was Roosevelt and Roosevelt only yesterday. The address of the committee and Mr. Roosevelt's reply follow:

George von L. Meyer's Address

Mr. Meyer said:

"A committee of republicans has been formed to crystallize the demands among republican voters for the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt by the republican party for the presidency. We believe the sentiment for your nomination is widespread among the people in every state of the Union. The purpose of our committee is to organize this sentiment and make it effective, and at the same time to aid

the republican party in going before the country reunited and in full strength, with a candidate who, better than any other man, is listened to and trusted by the great mass of the people, and who represents the spirit of Americanism awakened by you in the present crisis in the nation's history.

"Our committee will be enlarged and will extend its activities to every state in order to bring together all elements in the party for united action.

"We are here today in order to notify you of our organization and to inform you that we intend to do what we properly can to bring about your nomination in the republican convention to be held next month in Chicago.

"I also present to you the names of our committee, representing 20 states. Our organization will be extended to the other states and will be enlarged from time to time."

Roosevelt Deeply Touched

In reply Col. Roosevelt said:

"I am naturally very deeply touched and pleased by your action. I accept it absolutely in the spirit which you have taken it.

"You are for me because you regard me as representing and embodying the aggressive movement for thoroughgoing Americanism and thoroughgoing preparedness. Your devotion is to the cause, and the man only insofar as he for the time being embodies the cause.

"This is precisely the attitude I took in my Trinidad statement. I stand, and shall continue to stand, for a great time of crisis in our country's history, because it is a great crisis in

the history of the world. If we are unprepared, if we are split and sundered by rivalries of creed, of section and national origin, if our country's action is to be conditioned by helplessness without and the hypochondria within, the career of the United States as a great factor in the world's civilization is at an end.

No Time For Half Measures

"There is no use of being for half-measures of Americanism and preparedness. Still less is it of any use for any public man to announce himself in vague general terms as in favor of Americanism and preparedness, unless his whole course of action in public life has made it evident, and now makes it evident, that he means just exactly what he says, unless, if he is in office, or has been in office, his career has been such as in fullest measure to warrant the belief that he is a man of words and not of words in this matter, and unless in every crisis, whether he be in or out of office, he frankly and fully takes a position on the concrete facts which are up for decision, and applies the abstract statement directly to these concrete facts.

"General professions are utterly worthless in the first place, the man working them is ready to immediately apply them to every concrete case, as it actually arises, and unless, in the second place, when he has the opportunity, he at once turns his words into deeds.

"I am fighting for these principles. These are the principles you are organizing to support, and with all my heart I welcome such support, accepting it as given primarily to the principles and only secondarily for myself.

"Any man at this time of crisis who is not aggressively, openly and specifically for these principles is against them and every patriotic man should treat our public servants on this basis."

NEW KIND OF GRUB

DR. HOWARD OF WASHINGTON CALLS ATTENTION TO A NEW ARTICLE OF DIET

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 24.—If you get hungry and the larder is empty just go out into the garden and dig up some nice plump grubs and make a salad, soup or insect broth of some sort, and you will find it appetizing and nutritious, is what Dr. Howard of the agricultural department told the Cosmos club audience a few nights ago. Dr. Howard is chief of the department of entomology and was delivering a lecture before the Biological society when he advocated insects for a diet.

Dr. Howard suggested the use of these abundant but heretofore unappreciated article of diet as a new food supply in these times of high cost of living.

It is only fair to say, however, that most of the audience didn't find themselves possessed of an appetite that demanded instant attention when the doctor advised them to compete with the fishes in eating bait. He said that not only had he tried the new food but that a half dozen of his co-workers—whom he named—had eaten grubs and found them good. Dr. Howard said that while grub salad with French dressing was "good" that soup was even better—but the audience seemed quite content to let the matter rest entirely on the doctor's word when he said "the prejudice against insects as a food is entirely unreasonable. I have found the food not only unobjectionable but very appetizing."

RICHARDS.

GET EIGHT HOUR DAY

SHOVELERS OF SPRINGFIELD ALSO AWARDED WAGE RATE OF 30 CENTS AN HOUR

SPRINGFIELD, May 23.—An eight-hour working day has been awarded the shovelers of this city by the state board of conciliation and arbitration in settlement of the controversy with contractors. It was announced today. The employees also were granted a flat rate of 30 cents an hour. The award, according to union leaders was virtually in line with the demands of the shovelers which caused a four week strike recently. Provision for time payment was below the rate asked by the men.

SMITH COLLEGE APPOINTMENTS

NORTHAMPTON, May 23.—The appointments of Richard Austin Rice Jr., as professor of English and Dr. Joel E. Goldthwaite, as professor of hygiene and physical education, were announced by Smith college today. Dr. Rice takes the chair vacated by President McCracken of Yassar college.

Preparedness

To combat disease, to meet any emergency—that's the meaning of the word to the individual. Why wait? If you allow health to fail and the vitality to become low, it is a long tedious job to rebuild the constitution up to its normal standard after disease or overwork has sapped your strength and wasted the tissues. Be prepared! Be sure the family medicine chest contains

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

Then you'll have for sudden illness or indispositions, day or night an absolutely pure tonic-stimulant. A tablespoonful in water or milk, before meals and on retiring promotes health. For by the tonic and stimulating effects of Duffy's the little digestive glands along the mucous surfaces of the stomach it assists that organ to obtain from the food all its nourishing properties, and to properly digest and assimilate the same. Thus the system is furnished with necessary strength and vigor to resist and offset disease and to re-establish a sound condition. Since the foundation of all "Preparedness" rests on individual health, it behooves you to

"Get Duffy's and Keep Well."

Sold in Sealed Bottles Only. Beware of Imitations.

NOTE Get Duffy's from your local druggist, grocer or dealer, \$1.00 per bottle. If he cannot supply you, write us. Send for useful household booklet free.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

ANOTHER CHILD DROWNED

FELL INTO MERRIMACK RIVER WHILE PLAYING ALONG THE BANK—BODY RECOVERED

Another drowning fatality occurred yesterday afternoon shortly before 5 o'clock when little Boleslaw Pagak of 87 West Third street lost his life in the Merrimack river while playing near the river bank off Front street, Centerville.

Undertaker Joseph Albert and the police were notified immediately and a half hour later the body was recovered by Octavio Roy at a point near the scene of the accident. Sergt. Bart Ryan, Patrolmen Bagley, Cawley and Dan Lynch searched for the body in the police boat until it was recovered.

The little Pagak youngster, who was only six years old, was sailing miniature boats along the water's edge with other playmates. It is said, when he lost his balance and fell in. A man who was fishing in the immediate vicinity was attracted by the child's outcries and went to his assistance. The fishing pole was handed to the youngster, but he was too weak to grasp it and sank.

After recovery the body was removed to the rooms of Undertaker Joseph Albert and later to the home of the parents, Louis and Helen Pagak, in West Third street.

MURDERED MAN FOUND

BODY NEAR TRACKS A SHORT DISTANCE FROM BREWSTERS, NEW YORK

DANBURY, Conn., May 23.—The body of a man, believed to have been murdered, was found today beside the tracks of the Central New England railway a short distance from Brewsters, N. Y., about eight miles west of this city. A heavy strap, which the police say was apparently torn from the top of an automobile, was buckled around the dead man's throat, and evidences were found that the body had been dragged to the edge of a bridge spanning the railroad and thrown to the track. Marks of automobile wheels were found near the bridge.

men and mules are somewhat alike!

"The dinner bell is a great antidote for stubbornness and laziness. Hope of reward quickens the footsteps of all humanity," says the Old Philosopher.

It's a pleasure to mow the lawn if you have a good lawn mower.

—WE HAVE—

"MONEYBACK" MOWERS

\$2.75 to \$7.00

ERVIN E. SMITH CO., 43-49 Market St.

STARTED TEARING DOWN THE BUILDINGS ON MIDDLESEX AND KING STREETS TODAY

FOR SALE—THE LUMBER, WINDOWS, DOORS, FRAMES, BLINDS, PLUMBING, PLATE GLASS, STORE FRONTS, ETC.

Everything to Be Sold. Inquire for Foreman on Premises or E. Greenberg, 110 Hale St.

GREAT DOG SHOW

New England Event
at Vesper Club—Local
Entries

It is now certain that the great dog show to be held at the Vesper Country club on Thursday, June 8, under the auspices of the Ladies' Dog club, will be the greatest event of the kind ever held in New England, and not only dog fanciers and dog lovers but those who follow all social events will be present in unprecedented numbers. Entries have come from Boston, Lynn, Lawrence, New Bedford, Fall River and all over the state, and some of the more famous breeds from the kennels of New York, Newport, Chicago and cities throughout the country will be represented.

The following members of the board of governors of the Ladies' Dog club have written to Miss Rita Talbot secretary, expressing their intention of being present at the show: Mrs. Thordike Whittemore, Newton, Mass.; Mrs. Frank Falout, New York city; Mrs. D. H. Lincoln, Riverside, Conn.; Mrs. G. M. Thompson, Wakefield, Mass.; Miss Amy Lowell, Chestnut Hill; Mrs. E. L. Savage, Wakefield, Mass.; Mrs. Alice Preston, Auburndale, Mass.; Mrs. J. W. Ross Proctor, New York; Mrs. J. C. Mallery, "Old Acres," Newport, R. I.; Miss Fanny Brooks, Readville, Mass.; Mrs. M. D. Little, Newton Highlands, Mass.; Mrs. Mrs. Von Elmendorf, E. Hampton, L. I., and many others.

Only a few days remain in which to make entries. Charles E. O'Connor, 36 Broomfield street, Boston, Mass., is acting manager of the show, and he will not consider any entries made later than May 25, though entries mailed on that day will be honored.

Lowell will be well represented and among the dogs entered from this city are many prize winners. Local exhibitions are especially strong in their entries of Boston terriers, French bulls and Alfordale terriers, these being many fine specimens of these breeds here. Mr. John Davis has entered his Boston terrier, which is just over a year old, a handsome dark seal brindling in several classes. Mr. John Cooper enters a very promising puppy, eight months old. Mr. Will Bell has entered "Bell Splash," one of the old fashioned type, descended from the famous "Dazzler," Mr. St. Jacques and Mr. Shanley have entered Bostons that have already figured in local prize winners.

Prominent among French bulldog owners are: Miss Mary Russell, of Westford street; Miss Maude Adams of Middlesex street and Miss Louise Talbot, who is showing her well known prize winners Fanchon T. and Crique. These dogs have been shown all over the country and have never been out of the ribbons.

Mr. Leon Mullin, who has not been long in the dog game, has made quite a reputation with his Aredales. Though there is keen competition in this breed, he expects to hold his own with the many specimens of his kennels. Many beautiful white toy poodles will be entered, among them that of Mrs. Charles Little. Mr. Fred Humphries will enter his black Pomeranians, and Miss Bell Shedd will enter her handsome "Teddy" whose coloring is very unusual.

The Misses NeSmith are showing a German police dog from the Pallade kennels, New York. This breed is at present very fashionable and is used entirely as "entry dog" by the German army. Miss Rita Talbot has entered a very fine foxhound which has won both in the field and on the bench, her French poodles some imported from France and some bred by Mr. M. T. Senecal of this city, and also her fox terriers that won all their classes at the Fride's Crossing and Boston shows of 1915.

LaChapelle has entered a splendid English bull in "Morsey Chuck" and those who know say that this local dog will compare very favorably with the famous Dreamworld dogs of Thomas W. Lawson which are entered for the Vesper show. Mr. Robert Smith has entered "Monty" and there are many other entries of interest to this city. Entirely apart from the interest in the technical side of the show, all Lowell is talking about the great outdoor event which will attract the attention of the entire country to the Vesper club on June 8.

REJOICING IN PARIS

Continued

forces were successful in attacks along the central portions of the ground covered by their drive in this sector, but the results were repulsed on the flanks by counter attacks.

Sharp Fighting
There has been sharp fighting in other sectors of the front, notably on the heights of the Meuse southeast of the fortress, where French attacks are declared by Berlin to have broken down for the most part under the German fire.

Four Vessels Sunk
Vessels sunk on the continuance of submarine operations or by mines include the Greek steamer Adamantos Korais, the British steamer Rhensae, the Norwegian steamer Tjomo and the Italian sailing vessel Fabbricotti.

Second Vote of Credit of Year
Premier Asquith in the British house of commons moved the second vote of credit of the financial year, asking £200,000,000 for the prosecution of the war. This sum will bring the total for the war up to £2,352,000,000.

RECAPTURE OF FORT DOUAMONT CAUSES GREAT REJOICING IN PARIS

PARIS, May 23.—Recapture by the French after three months of the greater part of Fort Douaumont which was taken by the Germans at the outset of great elation by the press and the public, the more so on account of the effect it is expected to have on neutral opinion. General Nivelle, the French commander at Verdun, took advantage of the fact that the Germans recently have been concentrating all their attention on Dead Man hill, on the other side of the river and assembled a large amount of artillery for the attack on the Douaumont sector.

On Sunday Gen. Nivelle began a heavy artillery attack on Fort Douaumont and adjacent positions. The hour fixed for the infantry assault was 4.30 yesterday. When the moment came French infantry which had been carefully selected and trained began the advance, singing the "Marseillaise."

The German resistance at some points was stubborn. On the Froide Terre road and at Douaumont the



We are crowded for room for our Summer Garments, and WEDNESDAY MORNING our first mark down sale will start with great reductions throughout the entire store.

200 SUITS at
\$13.75

In all colors, in clever new models, styles to fit any figure, in many belted effects, smart box effect for the miss and junior and many on the plain tailored effects for the more conservative dresser. Many suits in this lot sold formerly up to \$24.50. Beginning Wednesday a. m., for three days, choice..... \$13.75

300 SUITS at \$18.00

Our reason for the sacrifice! We are unable to obtain more suits of these models. Sizes are broken, so we have decided to close the odd lots. They are unusually attractive in both model and material, each one designed for its particular use, in them you will find every new style feature, every new material, every new color and the workmanship is such as is seldom seen in garments so lowly priced. Many in this lot that sold formerly up to 30. Beginning Wednesday a. m., for three days, choice..... \$18.00

3000 WASH SKIRTS in stock for a selection, in all the wanted materials, Gabardine, P. K., Repp, Corded Poplin, Palm Beach, in plain and stripe, awning stripe, in all shades. 98c, \$1.50, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$5.00

GRADUATION DRESSES for the girl, junior and miss, the largest and most beautiful assortment we have ever been able to offer. In children's \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98 to \$10. In junior and misses', \$2.98, \$3.98, \$5.98 to \$20

OUR FASHION BASEMENT OFFERS MANY BARGAINS

SUITS, values up to \$15.00. Basement price..... \$10.98
COATS, values up to \$9.00. Basement price..... \$5.98
SERGE DRESSES, values up to \$8.50. Basement price \$5.00
SILK DRESSES, values up to \$9.00. Basement price \$5.98
LADIES' SWEATERS, values up to \$2. Basement price \$1.00
CHILD'S SWEATERS, values up to \$1.50. Basement price 50c
WASH SKIRTS, values up to \$1.50. Basement price..... 98c
RAINCOATS, values up to \$5.00. Basement price..... \$2.98

CHERRY & WEBB
NEW YORK
CLOAK STORE
12-18 JOHN
STREET

350 Coats at
\$15.00

This sale affords a most excellent opportunity to select a coat for the cool mornings and evenings. While there is only one style of a kind in most models, yet the styles are so desirable that one is sure to be pleased. There is a good range of materials to select from and most of these coats are lined throughout, some are half lined with good quality peau de cygnes and fancy silks. Many coats in this lot sold formerly up to \$30. For three days, choice..... \$15.00

200 Silk Dresses at \$18.75

Dresses in this lot for street, afternoon and evening wear, quality, styles, material the very best, only the most desirable models, taffetas mostly and crepe de chine, handsomely trimmed, for all occasions. It's unquestionably the greatest silk dress sale that Lowell has known for many a day. Those who know what beautiful silk dresses we have shown this season will best appreciate what this sale means to them.

SECOND FLOOR

WAIST DEPT. 2nd Floor

Many Great Specials in Our Waist Dept.

At \$1.98—Jap Silk Waists, fine quality, ruffles, frills, pleated collars, sailor collars.
At \$2.98—Crepe de chine, Georgettes, voiles, etc., in a wide assortment of tailored and ruffle effect, all colors, about 150 in the lot.
At \$3.98—200 in this lot, and every one a beauty, crepe de chine and Georgette crepe, also many styles in the new awning stripes.



French had to force back the German infantry inch by inch at the point of the bayonet. The leading French contingents reached Fort Douaumont at 5 o'clock. They killed the Germans who resisted and sent to the rear a large number of prisoners.

As soon as they recovered from their surprise the Germans launched a number of fierce counter attacks but all failed, and by 10 p. m. preparations had been completed to deal with the serious efforts the Germans are expected to make to recapture the lost positions.

The French success is considered by military critics here to have shaken the whole German line at Verdun. Douaumont fort was the most important point captured by the Germans and the French gain there is regarded as having nullified the most significant achievement of the Germans in the great battle of three months.

To the west of the Meuse Hill No. 235, the western summit of Dead Man hill, has become a no-man's land, like Hartmanns-Werkkopf. Once before the French abandoned it temporarily to avoid useless loss, re-occupying it when the opportunity came.

STEAMER MISSING SINCE MAY 1 BELIEVED TO BE VICTIM OF SUBMARINE

MADRID, via Paris, May 23.—The owners of the steamer Marquesa de Mudeia which left Newport, Wales, for Bilbao, on May 1, believe that the ship has fallen victim to a submarine, as nothing has been heard from her since she sailed from the Welsh port.

According to the liberal deputies from Bilbao, the frequent attacks against Spanish ships by German submarines are greatly agitating ship owners on the Cantabrian coast. It is reported that these deputies have asked the government to take action similar to that of the United States and demand that Germany respect neutral flags. It is said that the ship owners have decided, that unless suitable guarantees are obtained they will keep their vessels in port.

AUSTRIANS TRANSFER MILLIMETRE GUNS TO ITALIAN FRONT

ROME, May 22, via Paris, May 23.—The Austrians have transferred to the Italian front a number of 36 and 42 millimeter guns. The latter cannon have been taken from the battalions which have been bottled up in the harbor of Pola since the beginning of the war.

The detonations of these enormous cannon seem to actually split the Alpine peaks, causing frequent avalanches. But in spite of the terrific bombardment which is going on day and night and the reckless expenditure of ammunition by the Austrians their further advance seems impossible in view of the positions which the Italians hold tenaciously.

Confluent a peak 6000 feet high, which dominates Rovereto and the Lagarina and Arza valleys is strongly held by the Italians. On the high plateau of Arsiero the Austrians occupy only the peak of Spitz Tonzera 5000 feet high. All the other surrounding high mountains are in the hands of the Italians.

The greatest effort of the Austrians is apparently directed now against the Asiago plateau to the east of Arsiero where desperate fighting is going on.

FIGHTING CONTINUES ON BOTH BANKS OF THE MEUSE

PARIS, May 23, 12.15 p. m.—Fighting continued with extreme violence on both banks of the Meuse, along the Verdun front during the whole night. Two German counter attacks on French positions on Hill 304 failed

completely, the war office announced this afternoon.

The French made further gains within Fort Douaumont. The Germans now hold only a small angle in the northeastern corner of the fort.

The battle around Hill 304 was especially severe. In attacking French positions on the west side of the hill the Germans used liquid gas, the official statement says, and penetrated one of the French trenches, but were dislodged at once. On the east side of the hill the Germans attacked after intense artillery preparation but were not permitted to reach the French line.

The principal fighting east of the Meuse was in the sector between Thiaumont and Douaumont. The Germans attacked in mass formation and are said to have suffered enormous losses. They succeeded in re-occupying the trenches north of Thiaumont farm which had been captured by the French.

BERLIN CLAIMS GERMAN STILL HOLD FORT DOUAMONT

BERLIN, May 23. (By wireless to Sayville).—Announcement was made by the war office today that in the fighting north of Verdun the French have taken some of the first line positions of the Germans, but that Fort Douaumont remains firmly in German hands. The statement given out by army headquarters today follows:

"Western front: Preparations by the British to make a counter-attack southwest of Ghent were observed by the German command. The British in the Roclincourt district were repulsed."

"In the Meuse district (Verdun front) the fighting was especially violent on account of the enemy's counter-attacks. To the west of the river the Germans captured a French blockhouse south of the German front. The attacks east of Hill 304 and on the southern slope of Dead Man hill resulted in failure."

"East of the Meuse there were violent artillery engagements on the front south of Thiaumont farm, as far as the Callette wood. The French, after a strong artillery preparation, entered the foremost German position but were repulsed on the flanks of the sector by German counter-attacks. South of the village and south of the former fort of Douaumont the engagement is not yet finished. Fort Douaumont remained firmly in German hands."

"Northwest of Fort Vaux, we recaptured a sap which had been occupied temporarily by the enemy. The first and second lines of the French on Combes height were destroyed by our mines over a considerable distance."

"On the heights of the Meuse southeast of Verdun near Vaux-les-Palmeux, and Seucey, the enemy's attacks for the most part broke down before our curtain of fire. Small detachments of the enemy entered our trenches were annihilated."

"An enemy aeroplane was shot down southwest of Vailly."

"Eastern and Balkan fronts: The situation is unchanged."

GERMANS DRIVEN FROM THEIR POSITIONS ALONG ENTIRE VERDUN FRONT

LONDON, May 23.—The French turned on the Germans on the Verdun front yesterday and in a smashing series of attacks dealt them the most staggering blow in the whole Verdun campaign.

East of the Meuse, west of the Meuse and on the Meuse heights east of Verdun the French attacked with such fury that the Germans were crumbled, and gains were wiped away before the day ended.

The French successes came with startling suddenness, just as the friends of the allies were beginning to fear

that Dead Man's hill and Hill 304, the key defences on the northwest front of Verdun, were being snatched by the onslaughts of the Germans.

At Fort Douaumont

The most important advance was made in the region of Fort Douaumont, on the northeast front of Verdun, the very region in which the Germans made their entering wedge when the campaign opened just three months ago.

Some of the war experts believe that Fort Douaumont has been recaptured by the French, though the Paris statement does not definitely say so. It does say, however, that the French drove back the Germans both east and west of Fort Douaumont and carried their advance so far that they penetrated the village of Baumont. It is figured that if the fort has not been actually recaptured it has been surrounded and isolated in the advance of the French troops.

The sweeping character of the French success here is shown by the statement in the French report that an "enormous number of prisoners were taken."

Further south on the Verdun are the French advanced on the heights of the Meuse, and in a furious attack drove the Germans out of their positions in the Bauchot wood. The German trenches were cleared over a front of about 350 yards and a number of prisoners were captured.

While all this fighting was going on east of the Meuse, the French forces on the left bank carried out a sweeping offensive, directed chiefly against the German forces that had secured a footing on the slopes west of Dead Man's hill during their furious onslaughts on Saturday and Sunday last.

Here also the French attack was so powerful that the Germans, though fighting desperately to retain their positions, were obliged to abandon their positions. At Hill 287, farther west on the Verdun front, the French made progress and forced the Germans from a position they had occupied since May 18.

British Make Progress

The news of the French victory added to the great delight felt in London last night over the announcement that the famous Kut-el-Amara, in the River Tigris, was virtually in the hands of the British forces. It was in Kut-el-Amara that General Townsend and his army were obliged to surrender a few days ago, when nothing was left them but starvation or capitulation.

With heavy floods in the Tigris making any progress against the Turks impossible the relieving army was left helpless, but now with the improved conditions the British have been able to advance, and on one side of the river the way is clear of Turks as far as Kut-el-Amara.

Austrian Offensive Continues

The great offensive of the Austrians against the Italians in southern Tyrol continues unabated, and at several points the Austrians seem to be gradually throwing back the Italians toward their own territory. Southeast of Trent, on the Lavarone plateau, Vienna says the Italians have been dislodged from all their positions and adds that the Austrians have captured Fima, Mandriolo and the height immediately west of the frontier from the summit as far as the Astach (Astico) valley.

The Austrians, for their offensive, according to Rome advances have been heavily reinforced in men and guns. Since the beginning of the offensive, Vienna asserts, over 24,000 men have been made prisoner and 172 cannons have been captured by the Austrians.

WON'T SELL GAS

Continued

court in Cambridge on the first Monday in June:

John A. Simpson, 57 Methuen street, mason contractor.

Jeremie A. M. Choquette, 89 Butterfield street, clerk.

Michael J. Lynch, 29 Second avenue, janitor.

A claim for personal injuries for the laying of a sewer in Corbett street and the petition was referred.

The petitions of John Burke for a garage at 24 Lilley avenue and Jacques Boesvert for a garage in Carolyn street were referred.

A claim for personal injuries was filed by John P. Walsh and the matter was referred, as was also that of Annie Brown for damage to her stock.

Dickerman & McQuade were granted a license to keep and sell firearms at 31 Central street.

A petition of James H. Cronin for a garage in Montreal street was granted, as were also those of the Lowell Corporation hospital, Mary and Agnes Sprague, Archibald J. Keefe. A gasoline license was granted to Arthur Beaharrell, of the Merrimack Mfg. Co.

An ordinance was passed by the city council to regulate the construction, repairs and removing buildings was presented by Commissioner Donnelly and action was deferred until the ordinance is passed upon by Architect Rourke.

Gas Company's Letter

A communication was received from the Gas Light Co. in reference to a hearing given by the municipal council on street lighting. The communication is as follows:

To the Municipal Council of the City of Lowell:

Gentlemen: I have observed newspaper reports of a hearing before your honorable body on Tuesday last granted the representatives of the Lowell Gas Light Company of America.

It may be of value to you if I correct certain misstatements or misapprehensions in evidence at that hearing. It was stated that the Lowell Gas Light Company of America is now lighting Lowell streets with gas, whereas since 1905, under two successive contracts, the Lowell Gas Light Co. has rendered that service.

In compliance with your recent call for bids, the Lowell Gas Light Co. submitted April 25, 1916, its proposal for gas street lighting for another period of five years, and that proposal is now before you. We are advised that the only other bid received by the city was from the Public Lighting Service Co. of America.

At a public hearing held before your honorable body in December last, the Lowell Gas Light Co. stated that the Lowell Gas Light Co. had employed the Lowell Gas Light Co. of America to supply its equipment and render service in caring for street lamps, but responsibility for the city was at all times responsibility of this company, and the Lowell Gas Co. was merely employed by us as our servant.

This service we have found satisfactory, and it is the service performed in the principal cities of the United States, and we learn, for 97 per cent of the gas street lighting in this country. At that hearing we further stated that should the city at this time conclude to engage another to furnish gas street lighting in the city of Lowell and that other should happen to be said Public Lighting Service Co., we should, for what we deemed compelling reasons, decline to sell that company gas for the lamps, but that the city might be wholly free to employ such service as it chose, the Lowell Gas Light Co. agreed to sell gas directly to the city for its street lighting and at the same rate per thousand cubic feet which it had netted under its two latest contracts to the city of Lowell for street lighting.

This remains the position of the Lowell Gas Light Co. as the Public Lighting Service Co. of New York was again advised by us by letter May 1, 1916 in reply to the letter to us of April 28, 1916, which last named letter, you will observe, bears date subsequent to the written proposal to the city of the Public Service

Lighting Co. to furnish gas as well as posts, lamps and service for Lowell's gas street lighting.

At the very low price of 72 cents per thousand cubic feet for which we have so offered to sell gas directly to the city, it is obvious that we should be obliged to receive that sum for gas so consumed, as our knowledge of the burners and other equipment, of the Welsbach company has in the past, we believed, enabled us to do.

Should we be called upon to deal with the proposed different type of burner and equipment of the Public Service Lighting Co., we could not estimate in advance the quantity of gas each burner would consume, but should be compelled to adopt for our protection such reliable devices or methods as would reveal the amount of such consumption, and collect therefrom from the city.

The proffer by the Public Service Lighting Co. of a bond of indemnity to guarantee its performance of any contract it might have with us would prove no temptation, for we cannot overlook the fact that a contract of such elements and inevitable details, covering so wide an area and so extended a period, the Lowell Gas Light Co. would incur a considerable expense to secure our simplest rights under such bond.

The system of pressure street lighting, so-called, which the Public Service Lighting Co. proposes to operate in Lowell with a money saving to the city, is not, as we are advised, in operation elsewhere in the United States. On the other hand, its other impracticability has been repeatedly demonstrated. Any attempt to resort to it now in Lowell would do no less than imperil the lives and property of our citizens, and we attempt the Lowell Gas Light Company, respectfully announces it would not tolerate.

For years we have furnished gas street lighting in Lowell at minimum cost. We believe that comparative figures in New England disclose no rate lower. As a quasi-public corporation, we have no right to accept this business at a loss which in the end would necessarily be borne by our other consumers. We value the business; have been and are anxious to secure it if only at a living rate. Our proposal, now in your hands, represents, as you are aware, the figures at which we can now again undertake this service. We respectfully submit that no one can successfully contract for it at a lower figure, with general commodity prices alike to all, without either impairing the service, or second reducing the wages of the city's employees. Neither alternative shall we assume.

But if your honorable body should believe that we are in error we will gladly sell gas directly to the city, but not otherwise upon the conditions stated.

Yours respectfully,

George S. Motley, Pres.

Mr. Morse said the city is getting good light and cheap but until this outside company stepped into Lowell we were paying much more for gas. He referred to the low price reached for gas during Mayor Casey's administration. "The Welsbach company was the present contract and I want cheaper gas," continued Mr. Morse. "I have no grievance against the gas company but I can save from \$1,000 to \$2,000 to the city I will do it. All I want is to be fair."

"Do you understand, Mr. Morse," asked Mr. Duncan, "that the Lowell Gas Light Co. will not sell any gas to the other company?"

Mr. Morse: "The gas company will sell to the city."

Mr. Duncan: "The Public Service Lighting company has no any business outside of supplying posts in Newark, N. J. The N. G. L. Co. is the whole thing."

Mr. Duncan: "Do you think the Welsbach people will bid on this new proposition?"

Mr. Morse: "I don't know."

Mr. Duncan said he believes the Pub-

lic Service corporation will pay its help cheaper if it is awarded the contract.

Mr. Morse suggested the impulse system be installed, and Mr. Duncan said there is no city in the country using it. The communication was placed on file.

Hospital Land Rented.

Thomas Varnum appeared before the council to hire the land in East Meadow road, which was purchased for a contagious hospital site. Mr. Varnum offered \$100 for the use of the land and he would take his chances if the hospital is erected. It was voted to accept the offer.

Waterways Fences

Jackson Palmer, chairman of the waterways commission has filed with the mayor a list of places along the river and canals in the city which need fencing. The mayor said the city ought to notify the owners of the properties of the danger, and the solicitor would have to be instructed to prepare legal steps, and a motion to that effect was passed.

The list of places to be fenced and the owners of the land are as follows:

Along the northern bank of the Merrimack river between Aiken street and Centralville bridge. Fencing in rear of Parker estate. Adequate fencing along Front street by Locks & Canals Co. and wire fencing along the bank of the river past playground on Lakewood avenue.

B. & M. to fence along Merrimack canal near Dutton street between the Y.M.C.A. and rear of Armour Packing Co.; also unenclosed fence between Omaha Packing Co. and B. & M. street.

Canals Co. to fence along Hamilton canal along Jackson street to counting room of mill.

East bank of Concord river, Middlesex mill pond. Patrick Fay to fence short strip on Wall street to also outlet via river all near Middlesex Co. has agreed to carry out recommendations of commission. Following owners to fence rear of premises: David H. and William F. Sullivan, 281 to 217 Fayette street; Margaret Merrill, rear of 241 to 243 Fayette street; Margaret J. Merrill, 231 to 235 Fayette street; Dennis A. McHugh, 235-57 Fayette street; James J. Dolan, Concord river bridge on Andover street next to Lowell Electric Light Corp. Boston & Maine to put substantial gate across tracks opposite Warren street. B. & M. to put substantial gate and fence across tracks on both sides of Rogers street, also fence between tannery and Lowell cemetery. Gate and fence across tracks near Lawrence street bridge.

Merrimack Mfg. Co. along Merrimack canal from York club to also outlet via river all near Middlesex Co. has agreed to carry out recommendations of commission.

Massachusetts cotton mill to place adequate fencing along Eastern canal along railroad track crossing Merrimack street beside the Prescott store house.

Martina A. Gage along the Merrimack river from ice houses to railroad bridge. Fence along Pawtucket bridge.

Kilton Machine shop on Dutton street about 20 feet of fence over Suffolk canal.

Action by Inspector of buildings to condemn unsafe property along Suffolk canal. State inspectors have done their work at suggestion of commission.

Commissioner Morse was authorized to erect a fence at the end of the two courts in Lawrence street abutting the Concord river, and also one at the foot of Chestnut street. The meeting then adjourned to Wednesday morning, May 31, at 10 o'clock.

Nina L. Duryea, who is in this country after doing strenuous work for the refugees and soldiers in France and Belgium, came home for the purpose of revising the proof of the new book which she has just written.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

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ONE COUNTRY FOR ALL

One of the toasts made by prominent Americans for years, relative to the unity of this nation, has been that America is the melting pot from which comes a new people, drawn from the best impulses and qualities of all the races and blended together by a new and noble ideal of democracy. The great war of the races in the old world has aroused some discouragement and mutual distrust in this country, and it is not strange that we should now hear so much about the need for all here to remember that their first allegiance and duty is to the United States of America.

While the sympathies of our people are divided on the war question, some may doubt the loyalty of groups of Americans whose foreign extraction may be recent, but at heart all Americans are sound. Even those who have been loudest in their support of some foreign group or longest in protest against another foreign group have asserted over and over that should the supreme test come, there will be but one America in which all the races and nationalities will see a single duty and be swayed by a single purpose. This has been the ruling principle in so-called German meetings, English meetings, Irish meetings, and all other meetings held in this country relative to some phase of the world war. President Wilson has expressed his belief that should this country go to war, treason to America would be negligible, and without doubt patriotism would so well up that any troublemaker would find it impossible to thwart the work of the great majority.

Yet, while the discussion is on, it might be well for Americans to call attention to the danger of sectionalism, along racial lines. It is but natural that races coming here should group themselves together and retain their native language, habits and traditions, but when this interferes with their becoming Americans in the fullest sense it is a hindrance to them and to the country. One of the vital aims in the work of Americanizing immigrants is to show them the necessity of broadening out and getting in touch with the institutions and national aspirations of the United States. There is also a reciprocal duty, viz.: that all Americans should go half way in bringing immigrants from all races to see the value of becoming real Americans in all that the name implies. This lesson was outlined last Sunday by Rev. S. A. Jackson of this city, who pleaded for racial unity in America and declared that there must be no racial feuds here if America is to live as a great nation.

Jacob P. Schiff, the famous Jewish banker of New York, did a patriotic service last Sunday when, in speaking to the Jewish Institute of New York, he warned its members against becoming a race apart. He urged them to be loyal to their race and to their religion, but deprecated the suggestion that Yiddish be spoken by Jews in all public places. He declared that the sufferings of the race were in part due to their sectionalism in other countries and declared that there would be a greater opportunity for the future of the race in this country if all put loyalty to America first and adopted the language, customs and ideals of America—so far as is consistent with their racial and religious views.

What he said will apply to all races, and it may be applied in Lowell as well as in New York. Sometimes, for political advantage or business advantage, or some other advantage, a foreign-born group will hold itself apart from the general trend of affairs, but in such instances the members pay a great deal for a temporary advantage. No foreigner should forget the good things of his native country, but be false to his racial traditions, but in the new birth of America, the great essential is that all races should first of all be American in heart as well as name—so American, in fact, that nobody can doubt their loyalty.

Americans may differ on many points, but there is no room for a difference of opinion in all relating to America. It is each man's privilege to favor whichever side in the war he chooses, and it would be as strange for a man of German parentage to side with England as it would be for a man from England to side with Germany. Yet, when each lives in America, works in America, and intends to live and die in America, they cannot differ in their loyalty to the Stars and Stripes. In our army, in our navy, in our schools and throughout the nation are men from all races. Should war be declared tomorrow—which God avert—the German, the Englishman, the Frenchman, the Irishman, the Jew, and men of all the nations of the earth would have to turn their backs on Europe and see a common duty in supporting and fighting for the United States of America, and they would do it gladly, promptly, and generously.

SUMMER DANGERS

The stories of death and accident revealed in the Monday morning papers intimately concern every reader, for summer dangers loom more or less directly over every family. This week commenced with a heavy toll of serious accidents and there are hundreds of minor accidents that do not get in-

to the papers. Four were killed outright and 19 were injured by automobiles last Sunday—one of the saddest cases being the death of a charming and respected young woman in North Billerica throwing gloom over the entire community.

Two deaths were reported by drowning from canoes, and there were four accidents in the Charles river alone, any of which might have had fatal results were it not for prompt rescue. Other boat accidents there were also, and in a few weeks we will undoubtedly have reports of other drownings, when young persons commence to use the ponds and rivers to a greater extent.

It is sad to reflect that most of these deaths and accidents might have been prevented, but there is a lesson in the reflection that ought to be applied to the future. Of auto dangers there is no need to speak; they are all too obvious. There is danger to those who ride, and there is danger to those who walk over roads and streets where autos pass and re-pass. "Safety First" should be the slogan of all, and the fullest co-operation should be practiced in order that the number of accidents may be reduced.

Those who cannot swim have absolutely no right to risk their lives in canoes, and it is well to remember that it is not amateurs who are drowned. Neither have they any right to risk the lives of others. The fellow who rocks the boat, or who goes out in a boat while intoxicated, and the fellow who, unable to swim, goes into deep water will be heard from later, but it is for all sensible persons, when they read of summer accidents, to pause and consider if it is worth while throwing one's life away when a little caution might prevent serious consequences.

LOWELL'S GREAT BENEFACTOR

Through the noble generosity of Frederick Fanning Ayer, the Day Nursery will not suffer for lack of suitable quarters in which to carry on its great and good work. Its needs were called to the attention of Lowell's public-spirited son by Dr. Moses G. Parker, and as a result the property at 19 Paige street has been purchased by the Day Nursery association, with sufficient funds to undertake some, if not all, of the necessary changes.

This latest gift of Frederick Fanning Ayer adds another link to the chain of gratitude which will always bind his name to the city of his birth. In spirit and in fact his many benefactions have endeared him to our entire citizenship and have given him a claim on public remembrance that wealth or success could never of itself bestow. His early enterprise and genius for organization carried the name of Lowell throughout the world, but he will be remembered by his many gifts to public and private institutions when his fame as a man of wealth and temporal success shall have faded. The Day Nursery, the Lowell General Hospital, the Lowell Textile School, the Ayer Home and the O'Leary Home have shared in his generous benefactions whereby over a million dollars have been freely given to Christian and civic enterprises in this city where the Ayer name shall ever be spoken with praise and gratitude.

The example of Frederick Fanning Ayer and of Freeman Ballard Shedd—whose gift of a spacious public park to the future Lowell will appreciate—is an inspiration to all our citizens, and we hope others will be led to emulation by such noble generosity. The glory of wealth is transitory and the greatest personal success is soon lost in the gloom of the grave, but a good deed still shines and throws its beams afar in this world of heedlessness and selfish striving. It will be a worthy ambition for Lowell citizens of the future to place their name on the scroll where that of Frederick Fanning Ayer heads the list.

OPEN AIR PAGEANTS

The possibilities of the open air pageant must have appealed to those who, a few days ago, witnessed "Spring's Awakening" on the banks of the Merrimack river, in a setting of rare natural beauty. Such displays are now becoming quite common throughout New England. For days of patriotic observance or special anniversaries, in connection with educational campaigns, and for the love of beauty in itself, communities are planning open air feasts of every description. Quite frequently the observance takes the form of a historical pageant, and again there is a symbolic pageant like those held in connection with the preservation of bird life. The Shakespearean tercentenary has called forth many gorgeous spectacles, and it looks as though the open air pageant is to become a permanent institution of New England, just as it has been for many years an institution in old England.

Except for our high school field days

AVOID SPRING COLDS

Sudden changes, high winds, shifting seasons cause colds and grippe, and these spring colds are annoying and dangerous and are likely to turn into a chronic summer cough. In such cases take a treatment of Dr. King's New Discovery, a pleasant, laxative Tar Syrup. It soothes the cough, checks the cold and helps break up an attack of grippe. It is already prepared, no mixing or fussing. Just ask your druggist for a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery. Tested and tried for over 40 years.

or the summer playground annuals, Lowell has not done a great deal in this line, but once started, we have the brains, the natural scenery and the historic past necessary for the production of great pageants. At some future time—possibly in connection with the opening of our proposed park and "stadium" on the banks of the Merrimack, the history of Lowell might be made the subject of a great open air show that would attract visitors from all over New England. Think of the tableaux that might be incorporated in this "History of Lowell" pageant—the days of Wampanoag and Passaconaway with episodes of Tyng's Island and the Varnums; life in early Chelmsford; the response of early settlers to the call of Washington; the visit of Lowell, Booth and Jackson to the unharmed Merrimack; mill life at the time of Lucy Larcom and the visit of Dickens; the Civil war, and the fall of Ladd and Whitney at Baltimore, etc., etc. Surely Lowell need not go outside the pages of real history to present an open air pageant that would be noted and responded to not only throughout New England, but throughout the entire country.

BATTLE OF VERDUN

History has nothing like the so-called battle of Verdun, which is not really a battle and yet is not a siege. For over three months the Germans have been hammering at this strong French fortress, with its outstanding forts and batteries covering an area of fifteen square miles, roughly speaking. During this time the Germans have made gains, approaching approximately five miles nearer the city than they were at the start. The allies have declared repeatedly that the offensive has failed, but this the Germans deny. They claim that their gains have been consistent and deliberate, and they still are attacking in a semi-circle, north, south and east. It is claimed that they can win, if they keep up the tremendous rain of ammunition and can stand the drain in men. The defence has been as gallant as the offensive, and Verdun will not be given up until every inch of the ground has been contested. What the outcome will be cannot now be forecasted, or what the result of Verdun's fall might be. Undoubtedly the Germans have built great hopes on the success of their efforts, though the taking of Verdun does not necessarily mean that the Germans can pierce the lines of the French and English defenders. Owing to the length of the attack and the determination shown by both sides, students of the war feel that the fate of Verdun may be decisive in the last stage of the war just as the battle of the Marne shaped it in the early stages. But the capture of Verdun would be but a moral victory for Germany and another proof such as was furnished at Antwerp that no fortress can withstand the steady hammering of the heaviest siege guns. Should Verdun fall the Germans would

Eczema

and similar skin diseases rarely cure themselves, but grow worse from week to week until the sufferer is nearly driven mad with irritation. Don't waste time experimenting. Get a 25c box of Codman Ointment and apply it immediately. The itching will usually stop at once, and a great improvement will be noticed. People who have itched and scratched for years find sleep and rest soon after Codman Ointment is applied. It is also good for pimples, blotches, rash, eruptions, scaly skin, chafings, itch, tetter, sores, scabs, ringworm, cuts, burns, etc. At druggists, 25c.

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SALN FOOT TABLETS FOR TIRED, ACHING SWEATY FEET

How to keep your feet healthy. There is just one right way to do anything. Now if your feet ache you can't keep pleased, your mind is constantly reverting to the aching feet. No doubt you have tried everything in the market for foot ailments. We can give you foot comfort and still grant you the right to wear the shoe that your fancy dictates. We can even please you by enabling you to wear a smaller and a narrower shoe than you have been in the habit of wearing, and still have comfort—Remember we are not theorists, we are experienced in the fitting of feet and providing for the comfort of shoe wearers.

This foot preparation, SALN FOOT TABLETS is the result of that experience. DISSOLVE 4 tablets in 2 quarts of warm water, bathe the feet from ten to fifteen minutes—do this three times a day and you will have the ended tired, aching, sweaty or calloused feet.

You can get these tablets at any drug store.

15c a Box

O'Sullivan Specialties Co., Lowell

find behind it the underground trenches well filled with the bravest of fighting men and harder to capture than the strongest fortress.

ITALY IN WAR

The Austrians seem to have developed a sudden energy in their defensive against Italy and have done some very effective fighting. This serves to break the deadlock but does not elucidate the exact part being played by Italy in the war. She is fighting Austria, but has never declared war on Austria's greatest ally. Though she is in full accord with the aims of the allies and has taken action against any suggestion of a separate peace, she seems to be watching only her own individual interests throughout the war. By taking one side against her traditional foe, Italy has escaped the uncertainty of Greece, but she has not done any fighting of the kind that gets into the large type on the front pages. She is probably willing to keep Austria busy until the allies name their terms—hoping to get a generous slice in the apportionment of contested territory, but Austria seems to have tired of passive resistance and Italy may have to do more than she bargained for.

BUSINESS NOW NORMAL

Although there is as yet no diminution in the volume of American business, it is getting down to a more secure basis. War orders are falling off, and the manufacturing and trading is akin to that of the days before the war. This will bring a decided sense of relief in business and financial circles, because it was feared that the falling off in war orders would mean a reduction in prosperity. We are now seeing the silver lining of the clouds of our days of depression because America was conservative in the early days of the war and avoided overstocking in all lines. Apparently the close of the war will find American mills still working full time—and there will be new orders from foreign markets to offset any incidental loss.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

D. F. KEITH THEATRE

Five parts of compressed interest make up "The Sable Larch," the Triangle Fine Arts picture play which was shown at the D. F. Keith theatre, twice yesterday, and which will be given, afternoon and evening, during

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Set in gold, silver or rubber. We pay \$2.00 and up for full sets broken or mutilated. We also buy old gold, silver and platinum mail them to us. We hold all goods for one week subject to your approval. Meadow Bros. & Co., 25 School st., room 41, Boston. The or branch office, 10 Central ave., room 2, Lynn, Mass.

Devine's Trunk Store

Removed to

156 Merr'k St., Opp. Bon Marche

BEST LINE OF LEATHER GOODS IN LOWELL

the first half of the present week. With Tully Marshall and Thomas Jefferson playing leading roles real acting is guaranteed. The suspense in the story and in its manner of telling are of a high order. Not until the fifth part is well under way does the real significance of the chase after a millionaire become apparent. Up to that time matters have plugged along at a rapid pace, but the real speed comes with the appearance of the twin brother from China, the mad, bad rascal who scuttled a junk with 100 Chinese on board. He resembles in appearance a good brother so remarkably that John Soy, the half-breed Chinese, has dogged the footsteps of the good chap and has him done up in a wooden box in a cellar in Chinatown.

Tully Marshall has a nation-wide reputation as an impersonator of eccentric types. Once upon a time he was a prize fighter in "The Other Girl," and then he became the dope-dealer in Fitch's "The City," and more recently he was the corrupt contractor in "Fine Feathers." Now he's following his natural bent of portraying various streaks of perversion in the movies. Revenge is the dominant note in his personation of "John Soy," who, with Murphy, a soldier of fortune, had been mixed up in a smuggling game out of some Chinese port. Donald Cameron was in on it, too, and he felt that the surest way to make a rich get away with all of the passage money was to scuttle the Chinese junk, or Iorcha, and escape. He scuttled the boat all right, but his partner in smuggling escaped from it and trailed him from China to America. They lost touch with the trail at one point, and got to hot-footing it after Robert Cameron, a millionaire stock broker, and brother of the bad Cameron. The two men looked much alike, and so Soy and Murphy may be pardoned for making a mistake.

We are shown dens in Chinatown with real Chinese in them, and there are observed the meetings of a tong or secret society lending its influence to the revenge game of Soy and Murphy. Of course these two men got one of the Camerons on his yacht, kidnapped him and took him to a dark, damp cellar. They were enabled to work their game through the use of a powder which rendered the one who inhaled it unconscious, although when he recovered from it they were no evil effects other than an utter loss of memory.

Nothing could persuade Soy and Murphy that they had the wrong man, nothing until the mad, bad Cameron slouched along, broken in health and ready to die. Then it was that one of the long boys was caught by a detective and, after a severe grilling, passed on his brother. The police went to the cellar and found Robert Cameron with his feet clamped to the floor, and his head just out of the water, for the revenge planned by Soy and Murphy for him was drowning. Donald Cameron died, and Robert was freed, while Soy and Murphy and their tongs were locked up.

It's a dandy thrilling story, a regular shocker, exquisitely photographed, and with some great acting in it. The work of Tully Marshall is wonderfully vivid, while the acting of Thomas Jefferson in the dual roles of the Cameron brothers, is of the first quality. One of the greatest scenes in the whole picture is the application of the third degree to the Chinese boy, in which he holds off the detectives for a long time, but is gradually weakened and forced to tell the truth.

This isn't the whole show, however, for the "Triangle-Keystone," "Fickle Fatty's Fall," with Roscoe Arbuckle in the leading character, is shown. It's a howling comedy from start to finish, and it will be very well liked. A Bud Fleisher cartoon, showing Mutt and Jeff in a hospital, and a George Ade fable, about a benevolent woman, a longnet and a split, are also featured. The concluding act of the picture will be shown twice today and tomorrow, and beginning Thursday afternoon, Douglas Fairbanks in "The Lamb," and Ford Sterling and Company in "The Hunt," will be the features for the remainder of the week.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

"The Gay Lord Waring" with J. Warren Harrington in the title role, will again be presented at the continuous performances at the Merrimack Square theatre for the delight of those who are yet to attend this theatre during the time remaining before the change of the program Thursday. "The Peud Girl" starring the captivating Hazel Dawn proved to be another picture in which the audiences yesterday afternoon and evening took immense enjoyment. There is such a diversity in the themes of these two headlines that there is no chance for monotony or listlessness to creep in; the attention and interest of the audience is maintained throughout every picture. The Sis Hopkins comedy proved to be highly amusing and the Pathe News entertaining. These and the other pictures on the program will also be shown today and tomorrow at the Merrimack Square theatre.

OWL THEATRE

Francis Bushman and Beverly Payne, the famous co-stars will again be seen at the Owl theatre this afternoon and evening in the wonderful five part Metro feature photoplay, "A Million a Minute." Telling a story of a queer will, this film is one which is bound to please all. Other photoplays will also be presented at the Owl today.

LITTLE GIRL MISSING

PLACED ON BOARD A TRAIN AT NEW YORK FOR LOWELL BUT HAS NOT ARRIVED

Mrs. Elizabeth Gallis of 121 South street, this city, is very anxious to know the whereabouts of her daughter, Leona, aged 11 years, who is supposed to have left New York for Lowell last Tuesday. The young woman was stopping in New York with relatives and a week ago yesterday the mother in this city received a letter informing her that her daughter would be placed aboard a train for Lowell the following day. The daughter has not as yet arrived.

REDUCING DRINK EVIL

ANTICIPATING SUCCESS OF CONTROL BOARD IN ENGLAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES

(Correspondence Associated Press) LONDON, May 22.—The astonishing success of the central control board in reducing the drink evil in England, Scotland and Wales since the board's inauguration in June, 1915, is strikingly shown in the second report made by its chairman, Lord D'Abernon. The report shows that the effects of the board have resulted in a reduction



Young Men's Suits \$10.00

Sold for \$13.50, \$15.00 and \$18.00

Spring Suits cut on young men's models, sizes 33 to 40. One or two suits only of a pattern, and in the lot only 34 suits from last season. All from our best manufacturers of young men's clothing. Capitably tailored, and strictly all wool, this small collection of young men's suits that sold up to \$18.00.

Now \$10.00

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET.

GENERAL FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS

of the average weekly number of convictions for drunkenness in England and Wales from 2034 in 1914, to an average of 940 for last March, the latest month for which figures are available. In Scotland the average has been reduced from 1424 in 1914 to 794 for March.

The figures for London where a "no treating" order went into effect on Oct. 11, 1915, are of particular interest. The weekly average of convictions for the Metropolitan district in 1914 was 1301. This was reduced to 1008 for the four weeks prior to Oct. 11, and in the succeeding month, November, to 718. Reductions on a similar scale were shown in the great industrial centers of Liverpool, Birmingham and Manchester.

The board has been especially active in looking after the great army of workers who are employed in the munitions industry. To offset the evil influence of the drinking places usually patronized by the workers, "industrial canteens" where substantial and well cooked meals with light refreshments can be obtained at reasonable prices were established. In addition the law was enforced with regard to public houses to supply food as well as liquor. Lord D'Abernon reports that the canteens have proved a great success and have contributed materially to the checking of excessive drinking and the improvement in the health of the workers.

Miss Mary Kingsley was the first British woman to enter the terrible gorilla country in the Cameroons and to explore the land of the Fangs, the most blood-thirsty cannibals on earth.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The busiest of several thousands women here to attend the 13th biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs are the rival candidates for the presidency, Mrs. Samuel B. Sneath of Ohio, O., and Mrs. Josiah Evans Cowles of Los Angeles, and their campaign workers. The election will take place on May 31.

Both candidates are suffragists, and Mrs. Sneath is vice-president of the Suffrage association of Ohio. Peace and preparedness issues may figure in the campaign for the presidency and come before the convention in resolutions. Mrs. Cowles is chairman of the peace committee of the federation and Mrs. Sneath is said to be inclined toward preparedness.

The credentials committee was surprised today by the discovery that one man is entitled to a seat in the convention. He is Herschel T. Smith of Fulton, Ky. His wife is a delegate and Mr. Smith comes as an accredited alternate.

A number of social functions were on the program today. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Edison gave a reception for the delegates this afternoon at their home in West Orange.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Parents Should Know This Splendid Remedy

Simple Laxative Compound Helps to Correct Constipation in Children.

With all children there are times when the bowels fail to act naturally and it becomes necessary for the parents to administer a remedy. Cathartics and purgatives should never be used as these agents afford only temporary relief while their violent action shocks the system unduly. Mrs. Eva F. Gaff, 517 10th St., Washington, D. C., says that her little girl, Marie, had been subject to constipation, and that she found Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin the best remedy because of its mildness, and now always keeps a bottle of it in the house.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a compound of simple laxative herbs, free from opiates or narcotic drugs for children, and is an ideal remedy for any kind because of its mild action and positive effect. Its use tends to strengthen the impaired bowel action and restore normal regularity.

It is important that parents should know of a dependable remedy with no unpleasant after effects, gripping or strain.



MARIE GAFF

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin costs only fifty cents a bottle and can be procured at any drug store. To obtain a trial bottle, free of charge, write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 451 Washington St., Monticello, Ill.



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16 Runels Bldg. Merrimack Square Lowell, Mass.

A QUARTER CENTURY AGO

I hang my harp by Babylon's wave
And sit me down beside;
The thoughts and tears I cannot stay
Flow onward with the tide.

I cannot pray thee bear him back,
(Do streams flow from the sea?)
But guide my bark to sunny isles
Where he must surely be.

A man, a priest, the world has lost;
Few such doth heaven lend;
Weep, world! but what's your grief to
mine,
For I have lost a friend?

O sainted spirit, genial soul,
Rest now, thy work is o'er,
In many a heart thou wilt live long—
In one, forevermore.

As the lamented Bishop Delany when a college student thus mourned the death of a friend in religion, so do his many friends today lament, as fond memory brings him to mind on this the 25th anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood. The old Sun mentioned that grand event of long ago, as follows:

"The Rev. John B. L. Delany, son of Thomas Delany, the well known tailor, of Market street, was ordained a priest at St. Sulpice seminary, at Paris, May 23, 1891. The ordination ceremony was performed in the presence of 50 bishops and over 200 priests. There were 17 young men ordained at the same time. Fr. Delany being the first Lowell young man ever ordained at this seminary. Fr. Delany is travelling through Europe. He was in London Thursday (June 5) and will be in Ireland tomorrow. By request of his father, he will celebrate his first mass after landing in Ireland at the parish chapel of Killybeg, Co. Galway, for the repose of the souls of his ancestors. This is the parish in which his father was born and baptized. The young priest is expected home in the latter part of the present month and will probably be stationed at the cathedral in Manchester. Fr. Delany is 26 years of age and has been studying for the past 14 years, having spent four years at the Lowell high school, six years at the Jesuit college, in Boston, and four years in Paris."

Bishop Delany went to Manchester in 1891 where 15 years afterwards, on September 8, 1906, he was elevated to the bishopric. Less than two years later, June 11, 1906, he was called to his reward. Before becoming bishop of Manchester, Father Delany became widely known as a writer and the publication, "The Guidon," under his editorial management, became one of the leading Catholic publications of the country. Through a decade has been told in the history of the diocese, since he passed away, his memory is still green in the hearts of the

many in Lowell, who knew, loved and venerated him.

"The golden rays of evening tide
Their brightest radiance lend
To hill and dale and brook beside
When day its course had spent.
Great Phoebus drew in purple folds
The clouds about his bed;
The rays redeemed the rubies lent
The last bright beams had fled.

And longingly I watched the bark
Close to a friend away,
Nor missed the light that from me
sped
Till darkness followed day.
A gloom had settled on my soul,
With aching eyes in loneliness,
I watched my friend depart."
—Bishop Delany.

Supt. Lawton Relieved

It was just quarter of a century ago that Supt. of Schools George F. Lawton announced in the May meeting of the school board that with the closing of the year he would retire from his position at the head of the school department, and that he would not accept a re-election, though there wasn't any doubt at the time about his ability to be re-elected. It is now a fact that Supt. Lawton, upon retiring, took up the practice of law with his brother Frederick W. Lawton, and subsequently was elevated to the bench as justice of the probate court, which position he continues to grace today.

The announcement of his retirement called forth some pointed remarks from "Monte Cristo," the old Sun's political writer, who said among other things the following:

"The position of superintendent of schools, under the wise legislation of our school board has become a kind of political sinecure. There is much for the superintendent to do but the committee never allows him to do it. They divide the work among subordinates who do pretty much as they please and reap all the glory while the superintendent takes all the blame. Mr. Lawton is a very good man for the position nowadays. It is impossible for a good man to do good work if he hopes to retain his position and draw his salary."

Of course that was quarter of a century ago.

Simon B. Was Busy
Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago:

"Simon B. Harris is determined to close up that house on the Lawrence road."

"That house" referred to was one of the notorious "road-houses," so-called, that had periods of temporary prosperity in days gone by, and which were located in the country districts a few miles out of the city. Raided time and

again, they would always resume operations after the furor raised concerning them had blown over. As none of them was within the city limits, the city authorities could not interfere with them. But Simon B. was a free lance, and he did effective work in clearing the neighborhood of such places.

Water Conditions in the Past

While we are discussing the recent discovery of the leak in the city's new filtration plant, a contrast of water conditions of today with those of a century ago, before the city established its present driven well system, is interesting. In the old days the city drew its water from the Merrimack river and filtered it before delivering it to the consumers. The prevalence of typhoid fever, due undoubtedly to the water, led to the construction of the driven well plant, from which we get water today. The following editorial on the subject of the water conditions appeared in The Sun of quarter of a century ago:

"The board of trade has undertaken to study the city water supply with a view to helping the water board to arrive at a correct solution of the present difficulty. To provide pure water from a contaminated source is the problem to be solved. The board is confident that some of the systems of filtration now on the market will accomplish the desired object, but as the microbes are capable of passing through fine cloth, it is not likely that any filter will extract them from the water supply. It is difficult to say whether the filtering process will have the desired effect, although it will be quite expensive."

"There is one way, however, in which the water board can do something toward purifying the water, and that is by keeping out of the river the bodies of dead animals. When a human being is drowned in the river, the filter plant, which is supposed to use all its efforts to have the body recovered as soon as possible. Down at Flagstaff's pond, the Andover authorities will arrest anybody they find bathing in the lake, yet the authorities here, not only allow bathing in the river but they do not show much concern even when it is known that dead bodies are decomposing in the river for over a week. In such cases, of course, the water board is directly responsible for the consequent contamination. Now that the purification of the water occupies the attention of two boards instead of one it is to be hoped that something will be accomplished."

But, as it has since been shown, even with a vigilant waterways commission eternally on the job, it is impossible to prevent drowning where there is deep water, and while the old water board might have taken out any bodies that it might have seen floating around in the river, it could not fish for those that were under the surface, and finally the problem was solved by the installation of the driven well plant, that did away with the use of river water. The most immediate health department noted a substantial decrease in the number of typhoid cases, and they are comparatively few today to what they were when Lowell drank and washed in river water. But now we are spending a large amount of money on a plant to filter the river water, long ago, and what was said in The Sun of quarter of a century ago you'll hear repeated today, to wit: "It is difficult to say whether the filtering process will have the desired effect although it will be quite expensive."

Ringing for Quarter of a Century

Says the old Sun:

"Mr. John Cosgrove, who has been playing the chimes of St. Patrick's church, has resigned his position, and Joseph Johnson, brother of Michael Johnson, the organist, has been appointed to fill the position. Mr. Johnson has been practicing for the past few days and the people in that vicinity have been treated to a series of airs."

Mr. Johnson is now in the quarter century class for he still plays them, though within the past few years their impressive tones have been heard only occasionally, as for the past several months they have been played only at funerals.

THE OLD TIMER.

THE STOCKHOLM MARKET

AMERICAN DOLLAR DECLINING IN VALUES ON SCANDINAVIAN BOARDS

(Correspondence of Associated Press)
STOCKHOLM, May 11.—The American dollar has been steadily declining in values on the Scandinavian bourses until on May 10 the drop represented a loss of 12 per cent. more than that of which has occurred in the last two months. The normal value of the dollar in Stockholm and other Scandinavian capitals is three kroner and 73 ore. It was quoted today on "change at 3.23 whereas only 3.20 was paid at banks on American dollar drafts.

This condition is partly accounted for by the fact that the Germans have recently dumped a great quantity of American money and bills receivable on the Stockholm market. It is believed, however, that it is principally due to the falling off in American trade during the past six months on account of the difficulty and delay in transferring money caused by the tightening of the British blockade. The seizure and holding up of mails also is a factor.

Letters reaching Stockholm today were mailed in New York seven weeks ago. As mails to America are stopped also by the British patrol boats and the letters censored in England, merchants must figure on three and a half months for an exchange of letters. This makes it practically impossible to transact business in this way. The English pound sterling has been leading the dollar downward. The normal is 15 kroner and 20 ore it

Use Coconut Oil For Washing Hair

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, be careful what you wash it with.

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle and is very harmful. Just plain mulified coconut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless) is much better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily, and removes every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excess oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves it fine, soft, silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulified coconut oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.

DARKEN YOUR GRAY HAIR

Look Young—Apply Q-Ban—Harmless—No Dye.

Not a trace of gray shows in your hair after a few applications of Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer to hair and scalp. Q-Ban is no dye but a harmless ready-to-use liquid. If your hair is gray, streaked with gray, prematurely gray, faded, thin or falling, simply shampoo hair and scalp with Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer. All your gray hair and entire head of hair then quickly turns to an even, beautiful dark shade, leaving all your hair healthy, fluffy, soft, radiant, full of life, fascinating; so evenly dark and handsome no one will suspect you used Q-Ban. Also stops dandruff and falling hair. Sold on a money-back guarantee. Only 50c for a big bottle at Riker-Jaynes Drug Store, 121 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass. Out-of-town people supplied by parcel post.—Advertisement.

was quoted today at 15.42, while still less was paid on exchange, a loss of more than 15 per cent. German marks showed a loss of more than 30 per cent. The Russian ruble and the Austrian crown are worth about half their normal value and the French franc is 25 per cent. under par.

HE REFUSES TO RESIGN

M. J. WEST, SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT, SAYS HE WILL FIGHT OUT CHARGES—TWO SUITS FILED

MILLIS, May 23.—M. J. West, superintendent of schools in Millis, Westwood, Norfolk and Medfield, yesterday refused to resign his position.

His resignation was requested in a letter received by him Saturday from John C. Mulvihill of Westwood, chairman of the joint school committee of the four towns over which West has supervision.

Mulvihill's letter sought the resignation of Superintendent West "for the good of the schools." The request followed various meetings and conferences of the joint committee after certain teachers in this town and Medfield had preferred charges of attempted hugging and other alleged improper conduct against West before the local school committee.

West's refusal to resign gave the first public intimation that the joint committee had demanded his resignation. It was announced following the last meeting of the joint committee, April 25, that there would be another meeting this week, at which both the teachers who made the charges and West himself would be given a chance to air their views of the matter.

West was emphatic yesterday in his declaration that under no circumstances would he voluntarily resign. He intimated that his discharge by the committee would be pleasing to him, in that it would enable him to appeal for a public hearing before the state board of education, at which the teachers who made the charges would have to appear.

None of the charges had been put in writing at the time of the last joint committee meeting.

Mulvihill said last night that the next procedure would be another meeting of the joint committee at which the matter of West's refusal to resign would be taken up. "We have practically decided upon our plan of action," he said. "I have not as yet received, formally, West's refusal. Understand that the joint committee has made no charges, it has simply heard those preferred by the Millis school committee and the school teachers in that town."

Two suits charging slander and libel, amounting to \$10,000 each have been filed at Dedham court by West, against J. Clarence Thorne, chairman of the local school committee, and Committeeman J. Allen Cole. The suits are returnable on June 5.

WATERWAYS COMMISSION

IT APPEALS TO THE STATE POLICE TO ASSIST IN CONDEMNING FRAGILE STRUCTURES OVER CANAL

That the committee on waterways is a real live wire is being evidenced every day, not because of the numerous epistles addressed to the mayor and members of the municipal council, but because of the recognition that has been taken of its recommendations and the committee's evident desire to correct existing evils here and to make its appeals for the betterment of conditions to the proper authorities.

The committee has recently taken a very important matter up with the state police, with the result that certain and very necessary improvements are to be made in buildings along the Suffolk canal. The committee addressed a letter to State Inspector Neal, advising him of certain tenements along the Suffolk canal, the rear piazzas of which overhang the deep water. The committee reported that these buildings are in a dangerous condition, and that any person venturing on them is in imminent danger of being precipitated into the canal. The committee also informed the state inspector that they had taken the matter up with the local inspector, but that he had taken no action.

The committee's letter was answered by John H. Plunkett, chief of the district police, to the effect that he had taken the matter up with State Inspector Daniel J. Fitzgerald, who has charge of this district and who has an office in this city. Chief Plunkett said that Inspector Fitzgerald had made an inspection and had found that two of such buildings as were mentioned in the committee's letter are within the jurisdiction of the state department, and that Mr. Fitzgerald had issued the necessary orders to place such buildings in safe condition.

Chief Plunkett said Mr. Fitzgerald reported that the remaining buildings came under the jurisdiction of the building inspector of the city of Lowell, and that the state has no power in the matter. The committee gave out today that it would get after the local inspector and have him investigate and report as to the condition of the buildings in question.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THRILLING TRIP

Bark Blown Five Months in Hurricane—Crew Faced Starvation

BOSTON, May 23.—For the greater part of five months the big Italian bark Luigia, which was towed into port yesterday, was the plaything of the elements, and although she was within 180 miles of this port on Feb. 28, since that time she has been blown north to Newfoundland and then south to the West Indies.

The bark was badly damaged, and for a time those on board feared that if the fierce gales did not cause the

vessel to sink, they would meet a

more tragic death from starvation.

It was on Dec. 6 that the bark sailed from Frey Bentos, a port on the River Plate in Uruguay, with a cargo of fertilizer for Boston. The early part of the passage was marked by fair weather, which soon changed to head winds and high seas. Despite the unfavorable conditions the old square-rigger fought her way through the Atlantic toward Boston. On Feb. 28 the bark was 180 miles outside of Boston Light. Then a fierce hurricane swept the vessel off its course and blew it in a northerly direction until almost off the coast of Newfoundland.

Once more Captain Marchese headed for Boston, only to meet with a second fierce storm. This time his vessel was blown south and held firm in the grasp of the tempest until off the West Indies. Then the ship lay a week in a fearful tropical calm. The food supply was nearly exhausted and the commander and crew

of 16 feared for several days that

they would die for the want of food and fresh water.

A third terrific storm drove the helpless vessel before it. This time luck favored the Luigia's crew, for they were left near the Barbadoes, and Captain Marchese put into port there on April 31, for much needed food.

"We could not have held out much longer," the captain told a reporter yesterday. In describing the terrors of his trip.

The pounding of the seas against the vessel stove in her main and foreward hatches, and swept away part of her deck fittings. Much of her rigging was damaged, too. The captain fears that some of the cargo may have been damaged by water. Her cargo consisted of 18,320 bags of guano and 4700 kilos of bones for a local fertilizer manufacturing concern. The Luigia is 35 years old, and hails from Naples.

Lowell, Tuesday, May 23, 1916.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

\$1.25 Crepe de Chine

Only 59c a Yard

Some 1500 yards now on sale in our silk department in remnants, matched into dress patterns, skirt and waist lengths. Also convenient lengths for lingerie, camisoles and boudoir caps, for linings, etc. 24 inches wide in white, black and a large range of colors. Regular price \$1.25, only 59c Yard

PALMER STREET

RIGHT AISLE

The Following Prices for Turkish and Huck Towels ARE FULLY ONE-THIRD CHEAPER THAN REGULAR

900 dozen on sale today; odd lots, discontinued numbers and a few seconds closed out from the manufacturers. Prudent shoppers who have followed the rise of all cotton goods will appreciate the following bargains:

HUCK TOWELS		TURKISH TOWELS	
HUCK TOWELS—	AT	TURKISH TOWELS—	AT
White huck towels with fast color borders, size 33x17, 100 value	7 1/2c EACH	Bleached Turkish towels, good quality, 34x16 inches, first quality	9c EACH 3 for 25c
HUCK TOWELS—	AT	TURKISH TOWELS—	AT
Heavy huck towels, plain white and colored borders, size 34x17, 12 1/2c value....	9c EACH 3 for 25c	Good and heavy bleached Turkish towels, size 36x19 inches, 15c value	11c EACH
HEMSTITCHED HUCK TOWELS—	AT	TURKISH TOWELS—	AT
Fine hemstitched huck towels, size 36x17 inches, seconds of the 12 1/2c quality.....	10c EACH	Large and heavy Turkish towels, bleached, size 48x22 inches, 25c value.....	19c EACH 3 for 50c
HUCK TOWELS—	AT	FANCY TURKISH TOWELS—	AT
Extra heavy huck towels, plain white, size 36x17 inches, seconds of the 12 1/2c value....	10c EACH	Heavy fancy Turkish towels, blue, pink and yellow borders, size 40x18, 30c value.....	25c EACH
		FANCY TURKISH TOWELS—	AT
		Large and heavy Turkish towels, fancy blue, pink and yellow borders, 50c value, slightly stained	39c EACH 2 for 75c

PALMER STREET

BASEMENT

Fly Netting, Etc.

FLY NETTING AT 59c A PIECE OF 8 YARDS, OR 8c A YARD—We have on sale 2000 pieces of Andrew McLean best fly netting, full widths, black, white and colors, at 59c a Piece of 8 Yards, or 8c Yard

EXTRA HEAVY FLY NETTING, black and white, at 12 1/2c Yard, or 85c a Piece of 8 Yards
SCREENING—Extra heavy cotton screening, black and green, 36 in. wide, at....15c Yard

Short Lengths of Fine Summer-Weight Worsteds at Half Price and Less

ON SALE WEDNESDAY MORNING

1200 Yards in Plain and Novelty Fabrics, Serges, Gabardines, Poplins, etc., in blues and other good colors, 54 inches wide. Regular \$1.25 and \$1.50 grades, only.....69c Yard

500 Yards of Cream White Suitings, remnants, matched into skirt and suit lengths. The most desirable lot of worsteds we've been able to offer at the price. Regular \$1.50 to \$2.50, only

PALMER STREET

RIGHT AISLE

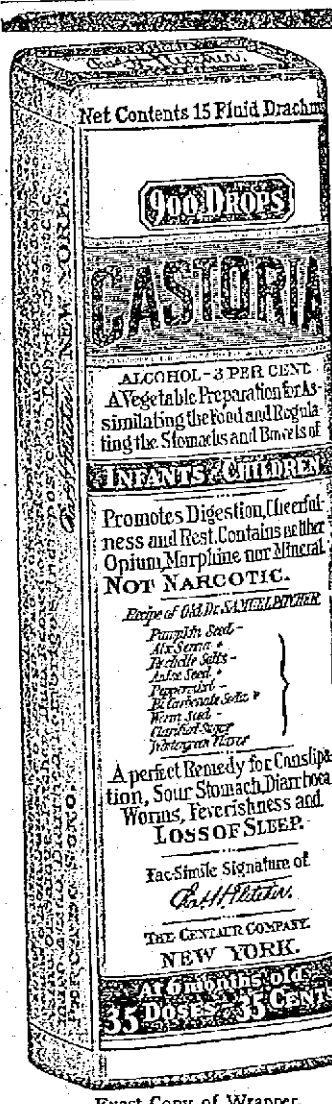
One Week Only

Only one more week in which to get a Vulcan Gas Water Heater at \$17. This great sale ends May 31 and then the price must be raised. Don't wait until the last couple of days. Telephone or bring in your order at once—TODAY.

Nothing to pay for 30 days—Then only \$1 per month.

Gas Appliance Store
198 Merrimack St.

Telephone 349.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

J. C. Ayer & Co. Boston, Mass.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WAITE MURDER TRIAL

Slayer Sat With Bowed Head as Doctors Tell of Finding Arsenic in Peck's Body

NEW YORK, May 23.—The chain of evidence by which the prosecution hopes to send Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, the young New York dentist, to the electric chair for the murder of his wealthy father-in-law, John E. Peck, of Grand Rapids, Mich., was strengthened today by an array of witnesses whose testimony was remarkable for its directness.

From the druggist who sold Waite the arsenic with which he already confessed that he poisoned his father-in-law, to the physicians who afterwards examined the body as well as the undertaker who buried it, there was an unbroken line of corroborative evidence as viewed by the prosecution. The organs of the aged victim's body, preserved in glass jars, were shown to the jury.

Waite, pale and visibly unnerved, hung his head and gazed almost continuously at the floor. His hitherto apparently disinterested demeanor had completely left him, and when recess was sounded at 1 o'clock he was led from the court room across the "bridge of signs" to his cell with faltering steps.

To add to the prisoner's discomfort, Mrs. Margaret Horton, his "studio" companion, who according to the district attorney, played a conspicuous part in the trial, appeared and occupied a seat in the rear of the court room.

Assistant District Attorney George N. Swann, who is assisting District Attorney Swann, said Mrs. Horton probably would be called to the stand late today.

Mrs. Horton was accompanied by her husband, Harry Horton, and her sister, Miss Helen Weaver.

One witness, Joseph Stratler, a Grand Rapids undertaker, testified today that when Dr. Waite left that city after taking the body of Mrs. John E. Peck there for cremation, Waite said: "There will be another funeral in about three months."

When Waite took Peck's body to Grand Rapids Stratler told him he had "guessed about right."

MEDICAL TESTIMONY

NEW YORK, May 23.—The state continued to offer medical testimony today as the foundation of its case against Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, charged with murdering his father-in-law, John E. Peck, of Grand Rapids, Mich. Dr. Peck was reputed to be a millionaire and the theory of the prosecution is that the defendant committed murder so that he might fall heir to the Peck fortune.

Dr. Albertus A. Moore, the physician who attended Mr. Peck before his death at the Waite apartments in New York had not finished his testimony under cross examination when the first session of the trial adjourned yesterday.

Upon direct examination he had declared that Dr. Waite admitted that he had purchased arsenic for his aged father-in-law for the reason that "the old gentleman did not want to live."

Other medical witnesses summoned by the prosecution today were Dr. Perry Schurtz of Grand Rapids, Ind., a family physician; Dr. Otto H. Schutte, county medical examiner who was sent to Grand Rapids to investigate the case and Dr. Victor Vaughn,

NOTE TO ENGLAND

Will Be Cabled Immediately—Demands Allies Let Mail Pass

WASHINGTON, May 23.—President Wilson sent to the state department today the complete text of the new note to Great Britain protesting against interference with American mails. It was not laid before the cabinet, but its general terms were explained. The note will be cabled to London immediately and it is understood that a duplicate will go to the French government.

GERMAN CASUALTIES

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, May 23.—London, May 23.—Information of reports that the German casualty lists are so far in arrears that their total as issued from time to time is in no wise representative, is declared now to have been supplied. It is now known that the names of German taken prisoner and left dead in the trenches at the battle of Loos in September last have not been published as among the German missing.

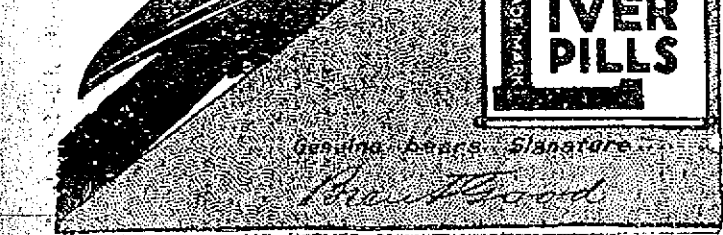
"COMMUNITY CONFERENCE"

DURHAM, N. H., May 23.—A three days' "community conference" arranged for the purpose of discussing the welfare of rural communities was opened at New Hampshire college today. Among the topics to be treated by addresses by prominent men and women are the state of the school and the church in community betterment, farming efficiency, means of assuring pure milk and pure water supplies, moral problems and the need of

Healthy Ways

bring Happy Days

The way is



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Genuine Bears Signature

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Alis Chambers	27 1/2	27	27 1/2
Am Beet Sugar	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Am Can	50 1/2	50	50 1/2
Am Can pf	111 1/2	111	111 1/2
Am Car & Fm	61	61	61
Am Col Oil	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2
Am Sugar 1 Com	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Am Sugar 2 Com	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Am Sugar 3 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 4 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 5 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 6 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 7 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 8 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 9 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 10 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 11 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 12 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 13 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 14 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 15 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 16 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 17 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 18 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 19 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 20 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 21 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 22 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 23 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 24 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 25 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 26 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 27 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 28 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 29 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 30 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 31 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 32 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 33 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 34 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 35 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 36 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 37 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 38 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 39 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 40 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 41 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 42 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 43 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 44 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 45 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 46 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 47 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 48 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 49 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 50 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 51 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 52 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 53 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 54 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 55 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 56 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 57 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 58 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 59 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 60 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 61 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 62 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 63 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 64 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 65 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 66 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 67 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 68 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 69 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 70 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 71 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 72 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 73 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 74 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 75 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 76 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 77 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 78 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 79 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 80 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 81 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 82 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 83 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 84 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 85 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 86 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 87 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 88 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 89 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 90 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 91 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 92 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 93 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 94 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 95 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 96 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 97 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 98 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 99 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Sugar 100 Com	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2

READING THE FEATURE

CONTINUED SPECTACULAR MOVEMENT—GENERAL MOTORS COMPANY

NEW YORK, May 23.—Reading continued its spectacular movement to higher levels on the resumption of trading today, opening with a block of 6000 shares at 110-1/2 to 110-1/4 against the previous record price of 109, made on the preceding day, then making a further gain at 110 1/2. From this price it fell back over a point, but soon rallied. There were heavy dealings also in Union Pacific, St. Paul, Wabash, Illinois, U. S. Steel and some of the shares at all variable gains. Mercantile Marine preferred, Baldwin Locomotive, Mexican Petroleum and Industrial Alcohol reflected the heaviness of special stocks.

The broad and general advance of the first hour which embraced all rails of prominence invited heavy profit-taking with reactions of one to two points. Reading fell back to 108 1/2 and became inactive. Mexicans strengthened materially later with a rise of two points for American Smelting. Among specialties, however, the movement continued somewhat mixed. New high records were made by Chandler Motors and Underwood typewriter at par and 106 respectively. U. S. Steel continued backward and the munitions group was exceedingly irregular. Bonds were firm.

Reading suffered a further reversal to 107-1/2 in the afternoon, but the rest of the railway list was only moderately affected while specialties moved higher. General Motors was conspicuous for its 30-point rise to 150.

Profit-taking and bearish pressure against rails increased in the last hour, but this was offset by further gains in specialties. General Motors extending its advance to 55 points. The closing was irregular.

NEW YORK MARKET

NEW YORK, May 23.—Mercantile paper 3-1-4. Sterling: Sixty day bills 472 3/4; demand 475 3/4; cables 475 1/2. France: Demand 532; cables 531 1/2. Marks: Demand 77; cables 77 1/2. Kronen: Demand 13 3/8; cables 13 1/2. Guilders: Demand 41 1/2; cables 41 1/2. Lires: Demand 63 1/2; cables 63 1/2. Rubles: Demand 41 1/2; cables 41 1/2. Silver 71 3/8. Mexican dollars 54 7/8. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds firm.

Time loans firm; sixty days 2 3/4; three months 3; six months 3 1/4. Call money: high 2 1/2; low 2 1/4; ruling rate 2 1/4; last loan 2 1/4; closing bid 2; offered at 2 1/4.

EXCHANGES

NEW YORK, May 23.—Exchanges, \$546,353,712; balances, \$34,346,647.

COST OF THE WAR

\$11,910,000,000 is the Grand Total Raised by Great Britain

LONDON, May 23.—In moving the vote of credit for £300,000,000 as had been forecast in the house of commons today Premier Asquith commented that this was the 11th vote since the beginning of the war and the second for the current financial year. The total granted this year, he added, was therefore £2,600,000,000, making a grand total of £2,330,000,000.

In proposing the vote of credit Premier Asquith laid before the house of commons an account in some detail of the government's recent financial operations. He took up the period between April 1 and May 20, stating that the actual outlay during those fifty days was £241,000,000.

Expenditures for the army and navy and for munitions at that time accounted for £149,000,000; loans to allies and dominions for £71,500,000 and outlay for food supplies, railways and miscellaneous items £17,500,000.

Eliminating the payments to the Bank of England in respect of advances abroad, for which allowances had been made in the previous votes, the daily average expenditure had been reduced to £4,600,000. There had been a slight decrease in expenditures for the fighting forces.

The average expenditure for the army and navy and for munitions, Mr. Asquith continued, was under £3,000,000 daily.

Speaking of loans to allies, Mr. Asquith said:

"Without that financial assistance, it is literally true that the combined operations of the allies could not be prosecuted with success and evidently the house would not grudge an addition to expenditures in order that the whole financial, naval and military fabric upon whose co-operative work the success of our joint efforts depends, should be kept in the state of efficiency."

The premier added he could hold out no hope of any appreciable reduction in expenditures. He estimated that the £300,000,000 asked would last until the middle of the first week of August.

The premier said that the expenditure of £241,000,000 between April 1 and May 20—a daily average of £4,820,000—was the highest rate reached by Great Britain in any such period during the war.

Winston Spencer Churchill, former first lord of the admiralty, who has been opposing the government in the house of commons since his return from the front, was the first speaker in the general debate initiated by the premier's motion for the vote of credit. Mr. Churchill expressed regret that the general strategic situation and said it was unreasonable for people to expect the war to turn suddenly and decisively in favor of the allies. The contending armies were far too evenly matched at the present time to permit of such a change.

The allies felt they were the stronger and had a preponderance of men. Mr. Churchill continued, but against this was the central position of their opponents, the superior quality of their direction and the advantage of being able to retain the initiative. The allies had larger reserves, actual and potential, than their enemies and it was in the use which was made of them that the hope of final victory was placed last year.

The frequency of the German and Austrian attacks on all parts of the front might be a sign of the measure

THE HOUSEHOLD REMEDY

for the ailments from which almost everyone sometimes suffers—sick headache, constipation, disturbed sleep, muddy complexion, lassitude, backache, depression and other results of a disordered digestive system—is

BEECHAM'S PILLS

They have achieved the distinction of being the most widely used medicine in the world, because millions of people have found them dependable, speedy and sure in their action on stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

Compounded from vegetable products, Beecham's Pills are free from harmful minerals and dangerous drugs. They do not promote the physic habit, do not irritate the bowels. Should be taken by every member of the family at the first sign of illness—so mild and effective that they are good for the aged, and for the ill of childhood, are

Safe for Children

Directions of Special Value to Women with Every Box. Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10s, 25s.

BOSTON MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Boston Elevated	74 1/2	74	74 1/2
Boston & Maine	59 1/2	59	59 1/2
Fitchburg	78	78	78
N. Y. & N. H.	63 1/2	63	63 1/2

RAILROADS

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Alameda	101	100	100
Alaska Gold	22 1/2	22	22 1/2
American Zinc	36 1/2	36	36 1/2
Ariz. Com	9 1/2	9	9 1/2
Butte & Superior	95	94 1/2	95
Cal & Ariz	75 1/2	75	75 1/2
Cal & Hecla	57 1/2	57	57 1/2
Centennial	18	18	18
Chino	54 1/2	54	54 1/2
Copper Range	68 1/2	67 1/2	68 1/2
Daly-West	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4
De Butte	13 1/2	13	13 1/2
Franklin	8 1/2	8	8 1/2
Granby	89 1/2	89	89 1/2
Greene-Canaan	48 1/2	48	48 1/2
Inspiration	46 1/2	46	46 1/2
Isa Royce	29 1/2	29	29 1/2
Lake	16 1/2	16	16 1/2
La Salle	4 1/4	4 1/4	4 1/4
Mass	13 1/2	13	13 1/2
Montezuma	3 1/2	3	3 1/2
Mission	36 1/2	36	36 1/2
Michigan	3 1/2	3	3 1/2
Mohawk	98	96 1/2	97 1/2
Nevada	17 1/2	17	17 1/2
New Hya	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Nipissing	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
North Butte	26	25 1/2	26
Osceola	96 1/2	96	96 1/2
Quincy	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
Ray Com	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Santa Fe	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Shannon	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
Shattuck Ariz	32 1/2	32	32 1/2
Superior	17 1/2	17	17 1/2
Tenneco	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Trinity	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Tulame	15	14 1/2	15
U. S. Smelting	77 1/2	75 1/2	77 1/2
U. S. Smelting pf	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
Utah Ariz	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Utah Cons	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Swift & Co	135 1/2	135	135 1/2
United Fruit	157 1/2	157	157 1/2
United Sh	61	60 1/2	61
Ventura	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2

TELEPHONE

Am Tel & Tel	129 1/2	129	129 1/2
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MISCELLANEOUS

Am Woolen pf	98 1/2	98	98 1/2
Island Creek Coal	50 1/2	50	50 1/2
Mass Gas	83 1/2	83	83 1/2
Pond Creek	15 1/2	15	15 1/2
Swift & Co	135 1/2	135	135 1/2
United Fruit	157 1/2	157	157 1/2
United Sh	61	60 1/2	61
Ventura	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2

BOSTON MARKET

BOSTON, May 23.—Only in specialties was there any trading on the local copper board during the early hours today. Prices held firmly. Trading was moderately large.

COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK, May 23.—Cotton futures opened steady, May, 12.92; July, 13.00; October, 13.16; December, 13.18; January, 13.21; March, 13.26.

Futures closed barely steady, May, 12.91; July, 13.07; October, 12.88; December, 12.98; January, 13.04; March, 13.17.

Spot, quiet; middling, 13.00.

SHOT TO DEATH

Man Charged With Planning Uprising and Train Wrecker Killed

BROWNVILLE, Tex., May 23.—Col. Louis Morin, charged with planning a Mexican uprising in southern Texas, and Victoriano Ponce, charged with participating in the wrecking of a train near here last October, were shot to death when they attempted to escape from Texas rangers last night, according to a report reaching here.

MAKES A NEW RECORD

READING AGAIN THE SENSATIONAL FEATURE OF STOCK EXCHANGE

LATE GOVERNOR PRAISED

LEGISLATURE PAYS TRIBUTE TO LATE JOHN D. LONG—HEARING ON MILK BILL

BOSTON, May 23.—The Massachusetts house of representatives devoted part of its session yesterday afternoon to a tribute to the memory of ex-Gov. John D. Long.

The ex-governor's death occurred last summer, after the general court of 1915 had been prorogued, and it remained for the present legislature to make fitting acknowledgment of the services of the former chief executive of the commonwealth.

Resolutions were adopted and Gov. McCall was invited to address the house while it was in regular session on something that has not taken place on Beacon Hill in years.

At 3:25 the house adjourned and the orders of the day and a committee made up of Kennard of Somerville, Bliss of Malden, Warner of Taunton, Sullivan of Boston, Souther of Cohasset, Waterman of Williamstown, Bradley of Boston, Mildred of Boston, Abbott of Haverhill, Cross of Royalston, Allen of Andover, and the speaker, were called to order.

Floor and Galleries Filled

The public galleries and the speaker's gallery were filled and practically all the seats in the chamber when the governor entered. There was prolonged applause as he walked down the aisle and took his seat next to the speaker on the dais. On the other side of the speaker sat Alfred Hemenway, Gov. Long's former partner.

The resolutions were read and then Mr. Allen of Andover, who originally introduced them, addressed the house. He spoke of the affection shown for ex-Gov. Long by the people of Hingham and told how he had endeared himself to all with whom he had come in contact.

Mr. Burr of Boston, who entered the office of Long & Hemenway 22 years ago, gave reminiscences of Gov. Long, saying he "tried to drive right and justice in a team together."

The governor was then accorded the privilege of the floor.

Income Tax Bill

The state senate, after a protracted debate yesterday afternoon, passed to the house the income tax bill in the form in which it was reported by the committee. The discussion was given over to the proposed amendments, three of which were offered by Senator Clifford of the Cape and one by Senator Gordon of Springfield. All were rejected.

The senate ordered to a third reading the bill to abolish the board of port directors and to transfer their powers to the harbor and land commission.

This action was not taken until Senator Hays had sought to have substituted for the report of the ways and means committee the bill of the special committee on commissions, which provided for the abolition of the port directors and the harbor and land commission and the establishment of the Massachusetts waterways commission. This measure has been passed by the house. A rollcall on the question of substitution resulted in 17 yeas to 15 nays.

Senator Gordon was refused unanimous consent to move reconsideration of the previous rejection of a bill to permit the sale of gasoline and auto repair parts on Sunday.

By a rollcall vote, 15 to 21, rejection, as recommended by the ways and means committee, of the bill to increase to \$4,000 the salary of the secretary of the industrial accident board, was negative.

The bill to require notaries and justices of the peace to affix to instruments bearing their seals a statement of the date of expiration of their commissions was referred to the next general court.

The resolve appropriating \$15,000 for improvements and buildings at the Belchertown site for a school for feeble-minded was passed to be engrossed under a suspension of the rules.

The ways and means committee reported the bill to reorganize the state board of insanity. The committee offered an amendment to provide that the present employees of the state board of insanity shall be retained by the new commission unless removed under civil service rules.

Heating on Milk Bill

A hearing was held yesterday by the ways and means committee of the Massachusetts house of representatives on the McLaughlin milk bill, so-called. The bill provides for the creation of a board of milk regulation to consist of three members of the health department, four selected by the governor from agricultural boards and societies and two from local boards of health.

Dr. Allan J. McLaughlin, commissioner of health; Dr. Charles F. Willington, president of the Massachusetts Medical association; Senator George H. Ellis; Dr. Herman C. Lyth; Senator Ezra Clark; Mr. Norton E. Pierce; George Albree, representative of John P. Nickerson, Edward H. Williams and others appeared in favor of the bill. Wheeler, for the state board of agriculture; Dr. M. Harwood, general agent of the dairy bureau; representative George E. Osgood; and W. H. Tuck spoke briefly in opposition.

Spanish War Veterans

GEN. AMES CAMP ISSUES GENERAL ORDER FOR MEMORIAL DAY OBSERVANCE

The members of Gen. Adelbert Ames camp, No. 19, United Spanish War Veterans met last night in the council chamber at city hall and considerable business of importance was transacted. It was voted to attend the preparedness parade in Boston Saturday.

General Order No. 1 for the Memorial day exercises was read, the order being as follows:

Memorial Sunday—May 28, No. 1.—The comrades will assemble at city hall on Sunday, May 28, at 10 a. m. to participate in a body to the First Universalist church to attend memorial services. The ladies' auxiliary will be met at the church at 11 a. m.

No. 2.—All comrades who wish to volunteer their assistance will report to Commander Bert W. Chandler, adjutant at the Essex street hall at 1:30 p. m. on Saturday, May 27.

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Worthen, Jr., to report to Color Sergeant at 12:15, all at the high school annex.

Comrades F. J. Donovan, L. W. LaPan and J. Noonan in regulation police uniform, to report at 12:15 p. m. sharp, to act as band escort, to report to chief marshal of Sixth Regt. band.

Services at 12:15 p. m. at the high school annex of Police street, where the column will be taken to the cemetery to take part in the march to the cemeteries will assemble at high school annex of Police street at 12:15 p. m. and the column will immediately take up the march. The command will be reviewed by His Honor the mayor and the municipal committee of the city. Proceeding to St. Patrick's cemetery, services will be held at the soldiers' lot. On the completion of the ceremonies at that place, the procession will be visited and services held at soldiers' lot.

No. 2.—The escort made up of members of Companies C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z, will be commanded by Comrade Thomas W. Doyle, and also act as a firing squad which will salute the Grand Army parade.

1.—Ceremonies complete at the cemeteries, the command will proceed direct to the South cemetery at 12:30 p. m. in the parade of the posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, acting as escort at the request of the chief marshal.

2.—The whatever the crowd, and the main body disbanded, the command will be at once march to the Elks hall, Middle street, for refreshments.

3.—The Sixth regiment band will report at the state armory at 12:15 to accompany the military escort to the place of assembly.

4.—The committee should make a special effort to turn out, and ask a S. V. V. to also turn out, as this is his duty to our departed comrades.

5.—All of the comrades, whether members of the camp or not, are invited to turn out in the parade and to attend the refreshments. No veteran who does not turn out in the parade will be admitted to the refreshments, except under special orders of the camp commander.

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Official: Bert W. Chandler, Adjutant.

Commander: Alex. D. Mitchell.

Adjutant: Bert W. Chandler.

Secretary: Miss Sara M. Dean.

Treasurer: Leander F. Conley.

Chairman of the look-out committee: Edward J. Moffatt.

Chairman of the social committee: Miss Ella M. Penn.

Chairman of the temperance committee: Walter A. Chase.

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The danger point

The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY MAY 23 1916

PRICE ONE CENT

ETTOR MUST KEEP OUT

I. W. W. Leader Not Wanted in Lawrence—Ettor Charges False Imprisonment and Kidnapping

LAWRENCE, May 23.—Joseph J. Ettor, accompanied by Attorney Thomas B. Connelly of Boston, arrived at the local police station at 9 o'clock this morning, but was informed that the district court judge would not arrive until 9:30.

After a conference here this noon Judge Mahoney of the district court promised Attorney John P. Peeney and Thomas B. Connelly of Boston that a process would be issued against those whom the complainant would name, as a result of Ettor's claim that he was forcibly driven out of town early yesterday morning by four local police officials. Attorney Peeney said that he would file a formal complaint tomorrow morning charging false imprisonment and kidnapping.

Immediately after the conference Ettor left in an automobile for Boston with his counsel. Their automobile was trailed out of the city by a closed machine loaded with police inspectors.

After Ettor had left the city Attorney James W. Cadogan, who is commissioner of public safety, said: "I was elected by the people of Lawrence to maintain law and order and I intend to use the resources at my command to do so. Ettor is an undesirable person and I do not propose to allow him to remain here."

Judge Mahoney gave out the following statement: "Counsel for Ettor made certain representations and if there has been any lawlessness in the city the court will see that both sides have a hearing."

A Fine Treatment for Weak Nerves

How would you like to have a set of nerves like steel, able to stand up under any kind of a strain? Wouldn't it be great to be so cheerful of glimmer all the time that trouble fell off your mind like water off a duck's back so you could go to sleep at night as soon as your head hit the feathers, and bound out again in the morning at the sound of the bell feeling you were able to get somewhere in your business that day.

Lots of people fuss around all day like a hen on a hot cake but never light any place. They are nervous, tight, afraid and can't get right down to brass tacks. There is something wrong at one time or another with almost every organ in their bodies and it's all nerves—nerves—nerves! They're keyed up like a fiddle string and like a ship without a compass can't make port.

If you are out of sorts, run down, losing confidence, have nervous dyspepsia, blues, curl, there is something wrong with your mind or have that "don't care a hang" feeling so common to nervous people, your nerve cells are starving, and there's a fast way to try to get them back.

Take a little Margo Nerve Tablet, wait ten minutes and see yourself pick up. Margo Nerve Tablets go right to the spot, start the digestive organs to working, send the blood coursing through your veins and feed the famished nerve cells. Then you brighten up, put on a smile and feel happy as a clam at high tide. Margo Nerve Tablets are harmless, easy to take, inexpensive and the Lowell Pharmacy or any other good drug store will supply you. Every package carries a printed guarantee of money back if not satisfied.

Established March 1, 1877

PETER DAVEY

UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Office 10 East Merrimack St.
Telephone 79-W

Residence 83 Bartlett St.
Telephone 79-R

Just 25 Women Can Be Made Happy Today

At the Merrimack Clothing Company

We have left from the season's selling, 25 LADIES' "WOOLTEX" SUITS that were priced \$30.00 and \$35.00. We offer you your choice of any of these beautiful suits today and Wednesday, if the lot lasts that long, at—

\$25

Merrimack Clothing Company

ACROSS FROM CITY HALL

"The Store that Sells Wooltex."

C. F. Keyes Will Hold His Next Furniture Sale Wednesday, May 24th, at 2 O'Clock. See Papers Later for List of Goods.

SPECIAL AT 3 O'CLOCK CONTENTS OF TWO 8-ROOM HOUSES

SPECIAL AT 3.30 O'CLOCK Maxwell Mascot, 4 cylinder, 5 passenger, in excellent condition, will be sold at Keyes' Commission Rooms, Wednesday, at 3.30 o'clock.

CREDIT UNION CROP

\$20,000 Pledged Last Night—Campaign in State Opens Today

BOSTON, May 23.—The campaign for \$20,000 for the Massachusetts Credit Union was launched last evening at the Boston City club amid great enthusiasm and before the close of the meeting \$20,000 of the desired sum was subscribed by a number of guests at the banquet. There were 500 present, among them being many active in the campaign which begins at noon today.

The meeting was marked by a number of effective speeches by a number of leading figures in the credit union movement, including Charles Stanton, Felix Vorenberg, president of the union, Vorenberg.

Gov. McCall spoke of the Massachusetts credit union as a very worthy movement and said that the principle point in his annual message was against the objectionable loaning of money. He said that the credit union movement would put an end to the loan sharks and that the union as a practical movement would accomplish more than the common law to this end.

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Leary, Thomas Brick, Michael Connolly and Eugene Desbrières.

There will be a meeting of the C.M.I. Cadets on Thursday evening May 18, in preparation for the parade on Memorial day. All members of Companies A, B, C, D, E and F are to be present. They are to report at 7:30 sharp. A meeting of the Officers' Association will take place immediately after the parade. The officers will meet this evening at 7:30.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. has had many demands for certain pamphlets such as were exhibited during the recent health exhibit. The company's supply was exhausted but the manager has informed The Sun that a new supply has been received and is now ready for call at the office in the Sun building and may be had free of charge, either personally at the office or by mail on application in writing. Those most in demand are "War on Consumption," "First Aid in the Home," "The Child," "The Teeth," "Tonsils and Adenoids," and "How to Live Long." These are but a few of the many valuable pamphlets issued by the company for the promotion of health and the saving of life.

Miss Harriet L. Boutelle, former secretary of the local Y.W.C.A., who is now engaged in association work in Canton, China, has written a very interesting letter to a local friend concerning political troubles in China in the course of which several army officers were killed. Miss Boutelle says the country appears to be on the verge of another war, but despite the fact that the Chinese plotters keep under cover most of the time she and other foreigners are at liberty to do as they please.

POLICE COURT SESSION

SEVERAL CASES OF LARCENY IN COURT TODAY—MANY DRUNKEN OFFENDERS

George D. Blythe was arraigned before Judge Enright in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with the larceny of a watch, chain and charm, pair of cuff links, necktie and five handkerchiefs, all of the value of about \$40,00, owned by Marian Allen. Blythe entered a plea of not guilty but after the testimony had been offered the court found him guilty but postponed sentence until Saturday.

According to McCarthy, he and Blythe were good friends and the latter visited him in his room at the Phillips house in Middlesex street almost every Sunday. On the 14th of April after Blythe had departed McCarthy missed the articles and although he made a search for Blythe was unable to locate him. He then reported the matter to the police.

It was later learned that Blythe had gone to Fitchburg and was arrested there for attempting to break and enter a building in that city, and yesterday when brought before the superior court in Worcester he was placed on probation. Blythe then made his way to this city, but had been in Lowell but a short time when Inspector Walsh got a glimpse of him and brought him to the police station where several articles belonging to McCarthy were found in his possession. He admitted he had pawned the watch in Fitchburg. Disposition of the case was postponed until Saturday.

Cannot Find Complaint

Walter Wilson was arrested last night on a warrant charging him with assault and battery on a woman on Aug. 28, 1915. The government, this morning, asked for a continuance, claiming that they had been unable to locate witnesses. Shortly after the alleged assault Wilson left the city and recently returned from Woodland, Me., where he had been working.

Too Much Beer

Cornick Kiernan and Charles F. Mullen were charged with drunkenness and the larceny of 13 bottles of beer. Kiernan pleaded guilty to both complaints, but Mullen denied both charges.

According to the story told the court, Kiernan entered a local hotel last night and making his way into the basement where cases of beer are stored he helped himself to 13 bottles. He and Mullen were arrested in an alley close to the hotel.

Each was ordered to pay a fine of \$20 on the larceny count. The case of drunkenness against Kiernan was placed on file, while Mullen was given a suspended sentence to the Massachusetts reformatory.

Two other men appeared on charges of drunkenness, one getting a suspended sentence and the other a fine of \$10.

A woman in a bad condition as a result of drink was taken from the vicinity of Hale's brook yesterday when railroad men telephoned that they thought she was going to commit suicide. The case was continued.

HE'S COURAGEOUS

PAY CARMEN BY HOUR

SPRINGFIELD, May 23.—The Springfield Street Railway company has made a proposition to pay its employees by the hour instead of by the day, as at present. The contract between the company and the men expires June 1.

DISASTER FOOD

Russia Hit Hard by Severe Frost—Lack of Coffee Also

BERLIN, May 23.—(By wireless from Sayville.)—A crop disaster in Russia is reported by the Overseas News agency. It is said all the winter crops of the northern middle governments of Russia have been destroyed by a severe frost. In the Volga district and in the governments of Kazan and Samara, in southern Russia where the crops were well advanced owing to the early spring they are said to have been frozen. The Russian government, according to this report, is deliberating whether to have the ground immediately plowed up and replanted.

These advices also state that there is a lack of coffee in Russia, as supplies to the value of six million rubles are being detained in Sweden. It is reported the Finland senate has prohibited the exportation of milk into Russia.

Some of the most important districts of European Russia for the production of bread cereals and oats are in the Volga basin.

CROPS IN HUNGARY DAMAGED

ROME, May 23.—The International Institute of Agriculture reports that the winter crops of Hungary are short in acreage and have been damaged so in the severe weather. Earlier reports of the institute indicated that shortages in Austria were offset by the favorable outlook for the Hungarian crops.

The present report indicates that Italy's wheat acreage is 5.3 per cent under that of last year and British India 17.5 below last year.

G.O.P. SEEKING HARMONY

PLAN TO BRING 1800 BANDS AND 50 GLEE AND MARCHING CLUBS TO CHICAGO FOR CONVENTION

CHICAGO, May 23.—Indications are that the republican national convention of 1916 will be one of the noisiest and most exciting in the history of the party.

With 16 candidates for president in the field, and with the result in doubt until the last ballot has been taken, there is likely to be an unusual amount of enthusiasm.

Fred W. Upham, chairman of the local committee on arrangements, was informed yesterday that plans have been made to bring more than 1300 bands and 50 glee and marching clubs to Chicago during convention week. Harry Dougherty of Columbus, O., telegraphed that he would bring a glee club of 65 voices to Chicago to boom the candidacy of Theodore E. Burton of Ohio.

Word comes from Indiana that every large city in the state is planning to send either a band or a marching club to the convention for Charles W. Fairbanks. Similar reports were received from other states which have candidates.

The demand for convention tickets continues to increase. Yesterday, season tickets were quoted at \$250 each.

Sergeant-at-arms William F. Stone yesterday began the appointment of his 1900 assistants, which include 1500 assistant sergeant-at-arms, 100 doorkeepers, 100 ushers, 100 messengers and 100 pages. He has received 5000 applications for the positions, which will be filled from the recommendations made by members of the republican national committee.

FOR TAPPING OF WIRES

TWO MEN INDICTED BY THE KING'S COUNTY GRAND JURY TODAY

NEW YORK, May 23.—The first indictments resulting from the tapping of telephone wires in this city were returned by the king's county grand jury today. John A. Kingsbury, city commissioner of charities and the submission of a committee report recommending the continuance of all the periodicals now published under church auspices.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 23.—A compromise agreement recommending that the New York Presbytery be reprimanded in connection with the charges of heterodoxy was expected to be reported to the Presbyterian general assembly by the committee on bills and overtures at today's session of the assembly. The committee, of which Dr. Ross Stevenson of Princeton is chairman, reached a definite understanding in the matter last night.

As a result of the New York controversy, it was said the committee would offer a resolution designed to enjoin all Presbyteries from licensing ministers whose views do not accord with the strict doctrines of the church.

METHODIST CONFERENCE

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., May 23.—A protracted debate over the management of the Methodist book concern was expected at the session today of the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church following the submission of a committee report recommending the continuance of all the periodicals now published under church auspices.

The minority requested the conference to adopt a plan for combining seven of these papers into four, to be published at New York, Chicago, San Francisco and Portland, Ore. A loss of nearly \$350,000 was incurred during the last year, according to figures offered to the conference. Opponents to a change assert this was due largely to the system of bookkeeping.

PAY CARMEN BY HOUR

SPRINGFIELD, May 23.—The Springfield Street Railway company has made a proposition to pay its employees by the hour instead of by the day, as at present. The contract between the company and the men expires June 1.

DICTATOR

to Handle Entire Food Problem

LONDON, May 23.—Advices from Berlin say that it is officially announced there that the federal council has authorized the imperial chancellor to establish a new board which will handle the entire food problem and be directly responsible to him.

The president of this board will be empowered to dispose of all foodstuffs, raw materials and other articles necessary to the supplying of food, all fodder and material necessary for the feeding of animals which are stocked within the German empire.

The authority of the president will include regulation of the sale and consumption of all foodstuffs, the regulation of imports and exports empowered to send direct instructions to the authorities of the federal states. Adolph Tordilovitz von Batocki, president of the province of East Prussia has been appointed president of the new board.

DELBRUECK DECORATED

LONDON, May 23.—Clemens Delbrueck, who resigned as minister of the interior on the plea of ill health has been decorated by the emperor with the Order of the Black Eagle, according to advices from Berlin. The following letter was sent Delbrueck by the emperor from his headquarters in the field:

"My Dear Minister of State Delbrueck: After having graciously agreed to the discharge which you have asked for I feel the necessity to express to you my warmest thanks for your devoted and self-sacrificing loyalty. You have always placed at the disposal of the Fatherland your splendid energy both in times of war and peace."

"As a token of my appreciation and my favor I have conferred on you my high Order of the Black Eagle. I send you with this insignia of the order my best wishes for your recovery and your welfare. I am your affectionate emperor and king."

"William."

ROOSEVELT TESTIFIES

APPEARED AS CHARACTER WITNESS AT TRIAL OF RIGGS BANK OFFICERS

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Former President Roosevelt appeared on the witness stand today in the perjury trial of three officers of the Riggs National bank. He testified as a character witness for President C. C. Glover of the bank, one of the indicted men.

Col. Roosevelt said he had known Mr. Glover since 1888, that he had been a close social relations with the banker while civil service commissioner, assistant secretary of the navy, vice president and president. Mr. Glover's general character and standing in the district of Columbia, he said, were of the highest. Col. Roosevelt said he had come to Washington voluntarily to testify in the case.

Col. Roosevelt reached the court room ten minutes before the court convened. A crowd was waiting to see him and cheered loudly as he entered. Several times during his testimony the former president's answers aroused amusement, particularly when he said that he never had any political dealings with Mr. Glover and that he knew the banker had supported either Mr. Taft or Mr. Wilson in 1912.

"I knew Mr. Glover very well, socially," says the colonel, "especially in connection with philanthropic work he did in the district. I didn't have much political talk with him. I know in 1912 he did not support me. I knew he was for Mr. Wilson or Mr. Taft, and I knew he was against me. Our acquaintance was not political but of a social and business character."

The colonel started to tell how he kept his account in the bank because of his faith in Glover, but District Attorney George W. Lusk objected that his answer was beyond that allowed a character witness.

Col. Roosevelt solved the difficulty himself by getting in about the same answer in another way.

"My general knowledge of Mr. Glover by universal report," he said, "was that his business integrity was such that naturally I and my children kept our accounts in his bank."

Mr. Roosevelt concluded by saying that while he was not well acquainted with the other two defendants, William J. Flaherty and Henry H. Flaherty, vice president and former cashier of the bank, their reputation when he was in Washington was good.

INDUSTRIAL AND STORE NEWS

Carpenters' union, local 43, will meet tonight.

Loamifiers' union held a routine meeting last night in Carpenters' hall. It is said that girls are now taking the places of boys as messengers in Canada.

San Francisco and vicinity have more than 25,000 unemployed carpenters.

San Francisco may adopt the two-plateau system for its fire department. From July 3 to 17 at Tiffin, Ohio, American Flint Glass Workers' union will meet in convention.

Sunday labor in the Armstrong-Whitworth munition works at Alexandria, Scotland, is to be stopped.

Pattern makers of Newark, N. J., have signed an agreement with their employers by which they will receive \$5 per day.

The minister of munitions now controls 3493 munition plants throughout the United Kingdom. 156 additional factories having just been placed under government control.

Toronto (Canada) Granite Cutters' union, has been in existence just 19 years. When the organization was first formed its members received 25 cents an hour. The scale paid at the present time is 50 cents an hour.

Chester Hartigan, the well known policeman athlete at the U. S. Cartilage Co., will probably become a member of the track team now being formed by employees of the Lawrence street plant.

INTERCOLLEGIATE GAMES

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—Eighteen members of the University of Pennsylvania track team have been selected by Coach Orton to compete in the first annual intercollegiate games on Friday and Saturday at Cambridge.

THE MEXICAN SITUATION

Col. Sibley's Cavalry Troops Back at Border Without Casualties—Report on Economic Conditions

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Outstanding facts in the Mexican situation were these:

Col. Sibley's four cavalry troops which entered Mexico nearly two weeks ago in pursuit of the Glenn Springs and Boguillas bandit raiders were back at the border without casualties having penetrated 186 miles. They rescued two Americans held prisoners by the bandits and brought back five prisoners.

Marion Letcher, American consul at Chihuahua City, was due to arrive in Washington today with a full report on economic conditions in northern Mexico to be made to the state department. State department officials understand that these conditions are bad.

At Mexico City the Carranza government was replying another note to be despatched to the United States within a few days. Officials here suggested it might contain a renewal of the demand for withdrawal of American troops and deal with the riding in the Big Bend district.

Officers of the judge advocate general's office were pursuing military law to determine whether 116 members of the Texas National Guard are subject to court martial for refusing to take the mustering oath to enter federal service. Secretary Baker was to be advised concerning his possible action in the case.

STRIKE IN BOSTON WALKS BACKWARDS FROM FRISCO TO N.Y.

5000 Garment Workers Quit Work in 200 Shops Today

BOSTON, May 23.—Garment workers numbering between 4000 and 500 quit work in 200 shops in this city today in an effort to obtain an 8-hour work day and a wage advance. The walk-out, which was ordered by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, was accomplished without disorder. The strikers later attended an organization meeting at which speakers asserted that some of the operations were employed 70 hours a week and that many of the employees had repudiated the wage scale which was the basis of settlement in the strike of 1913.

THE TAG DAY RECEIPTS

LITHUANIAN TAG DAY NETTED \$568.10 FOR RELIEF OF WAR SUFFERERS

The sum of \$568.10 will be sent to the Lithuanian war sufferers as a result of the tag day observed in this city Saturday. The 62 collectors who spent the day in the downtown streets tagging everyone who would contribute a little turned in \$568.10 to the Lithuanian relief committee. Special donations received from Peter H. Donohue, Rev. John J. Shaw and Rev. James Bailecroft, brought the total up to \$603.50. With the expenses, which amounted to \$35.40, subtracted \$568.10 remained to contribute to the Lithuanian war sufferers. Those who brought in the most were: Francis Ditzkanski, \$28.16; Ursula Truncite, \$20.00; Bujute Zule, \$13.94; Juozas Balvyckius, aged five years, \$13.72.

The following assisted in opening the boxes and counting the money: Anthony Yuvalis, Rev. J. Olechnowicz, Mayor James E. O'Donnell, John H. Kivian and William H. Cavley.

HEAD OF EVERETT MILLS

George Wigglesworth of Boston Elected President to Succeed Late James Longley

BOSTON, May 23.—George Wigglesworth of this city was elected president of the Everett mills of Lawrence, and of the York Manufacturing Co. of Sanford, Me., at meeting of the directors of these companies here today. In each instance, he succeeded the late James Longley. Herbert M. Sears was chosen a member of the board of the Everett mills and Wilmet R. Evans of the York company, to succeed Mr. Longley as director.

CUTS OFF FREE SEEDS

Senate Committee Reduces Agricultural Appropriation Bill by \$750,000 From House Figures

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The agricultural appropriation bill was reported by the senate committee yesterday carrying \$23,000,000, a reduction of \$750,000 from the total as passed by the house.

The committee cut in half \$2,500,000 provided by the house for foot and mouth disease eradication, and eliminated entirely \$200,000 allowed for free distribution of seeds. Items for general expenses of the animal industry and soils bureau were increased \$356,600.

If the bill passes as reported there will be a fight in conference, as the house always insists upon its free seeds.

SIMON B. HARRIS

OFFICE, ROOM 4, CENTRAL BLOCK, LOWELL, MASS.

Saturday, May 27, at 2.30 O'Clock

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON THE PREMISES, THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED REAL ESTATE CONSISTING OF A COTTAGE OF FIVE FINISHED ROOMS, HALLWAY, PANTRY, CLOSETS AND SHED—SPLENDID CELLAR UNDER THE WHOLE, WATER AT THE SINK, A PIAZZA EXTENDS ACROSS THE FRONT. THE LOT CONTAINS 5000 SQUARE FEET OF LAND.

The above described real estate is located in Tyngsboro on the line of the Nashua and Lowell electric railroad, and being the second house west of Johnson's corner and only a short distance from the Merrimack river and being about one mile from Nashua and Lowell, only a short ride from Lakeview and Mountain Rock, and close to the Genoa club house. Being a desirable place to own for anybody doing business in Nashua or Lowell.

Immediately after the sale of the above described Real Estate, we shall proceed to sell the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE which consists of a general line of household furniture and fixtures in the best of condition.

Any person looking for a snug home in thorough repair will do well to attend this sale, or anyone looking for the sale of the above personal property at auction should be on hand.

TERMS: One hundred and fifty dollars (\$150) must be paid to the auctioneer when the real estate is struck off. Other terms at time and place of sale. The personal property, cash.

Per order of MRS. N. D. WHITTLE.